CH21: Military Affairs WLC: 0012/P1

RNS:tlu 10/25/2006

1	AN ACT to repeal 21.15 (title), 21.155 (title), 21.56 (title), 21.57 (title), 21.61 (title),
2	21.612 (title) and 21.616 (title); to renumber and amend 21.03, 21.04, 21.15,
3	21.155, 21.50, 21.56, 21.57, 21.61, 21.612 and 21.616; and to create 21.23 (title) of
4	the statutes; relating to: powers and duties of the department of military affairs,
5	military officers, military property and assets, the national guard and state defense
6	force, rights of service personnel, and the Wisconsin code of military justice.

The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

Joint Legislative Council prefatory note: This draft was prepared for the drafting subcommittee of the joint legislative council's special committee on recodification of ch. 21, military affairs. The special committee was directed to conduct a recodification of ch. 21, relating to military affairs, to include reorganizing the chapter in a logical manner, renumbering and retitling sections, consolidating related provisions, modernizing language, resolving ambiguities in language, making other necessary organizational changes, and making minor substantive changes.

Under the draft, ch. 21 will be reorganized as follows:

## Subchapter I

## **General Provisions**

21.01	Definitions.
21.02	Powers and duties of the governor.
21.03	Powers and duties of the department
21.04	Powers and duties of the adjutant general.
21.05	Civil service status.

## Subchapter II

## **Military Officers**

21.10	Military staff of the governor.
21.11	United States property and fiscal officer.

21.12 21.13 21.14 21.15	Chief surgeons. Discharge of officers. Authority to administer oaths. Resignation of officer.		
	Subchapter III		
	Property and Assets		
21.20 21.21 21.22 21.23 21.24	Distribution of arms.  Military property accountability.  Camp Williams.  Facilities and lands.  Encroachment on military areas and interference with military personnel.		
	Subchapter IV		
	National Guard and State Defense Force		
	Subchapter V Rights of Service Personnel		
Subchapter VI Wisconsin Code of Military Justice			
<b>Section 1.</b> 21.0	3 of the statutes is renumbered 21.20 and amended to read:		
21.20 Distribut	ion of arms. The governor may receive and distribute, according to		
law, the quota of arms	and military equipment which the state may receive from the U.S.		

government of the United States under the provisions of any acts of congress federal laws

providing for arming and equipping the national guard and the Wisconsin state defense force.

**SECTION 2.** 21.04 of the statutes is renumbered 21.22 and amended to read:

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**21.22 Camp Williams.** (1) The state <u>camp grounds facilities</u> near Camp Douglas, Juneau County, shall be known as "Camp Williams". The officer in charge of Camp Williams shall have <u>at said camp</u> the police powers <u>of arrest</u> possessed by officials at state hospitals, as provided in s. 46.058 (2).

- (2) The adjutant general may grant to the federal government the right to use any area of Camp Williams upon such conditions as that the adjutant general deems advisable.
- (3) In memory of 1st lieutenant Jerome A. Volk, the first Wisconsin air national guard pilot killed in combat during the Korean conflict, so much of Camp Williams as is under lease to the federal government for use of the air national guard shall be known as "Volk Field" during the time the property remains under lease to the <u>U.S.</u> government of the United States.

COMMENT: Is "so much of Camp Williams as is under lease" archaic?

SECTION 3. 21.15 (title) of the statutes is repealed.

**SECTION 4.** 21.15 of the statutes is renumbered 21.21 (4) (a) and amended to read:

21.21 (4) (a) No person may retain at any time any military arms, equipment or military stores of any kind belonging to, clothing, or supplies owned by the state or any federally owned property issued to the state, unless the property has been issued to the person pursuant to law and the proper authority permits the person to retain the property in the discharge of a public duty. No person may use any public military arms, equipment, clothing or military stores supplies belonging to the state, either as owner or bailee, for the person's private use. Any person violating this section paragraph shall forfeit not less than \$50 nor more than \$200.

COMMENT: The drafting subcommittee wanted to highlight for the special committee's attention the level of penalties both in this provision and in current s. 21.155. Those penalty levels were established in 1980. Chapter 221, laws of 1979 (the 1980 budget review act), changed the penalty for violating s. 21.15 from a fine of not more than \$200 to a forfeiture of not less than \$50 nor more than \$200. In addition, ch. 221, laws of 1979 changed the penalty for violating s. 21.155 from

imprisonment for not more than 6 months or a fine of not more than \$100 to a forfeiture of not less than \$50 nor more than \$200 (no imprisonment).

In addition, the drafting subcommittee wanted to highlight the fact that there is a minimum forfeiture required for private use of military equipment, which could include, for example, using the office telephone to call home.

**SECTION 5.** 21.155 (title) of the statutes is repealed.

**SECTION 6.** 21.155 of the statutes is renumbered 21.21 (4) (b) and amended to read:

21.21 (4) (b) No A person who possesses under the laws of this state any military arms, equipment or other military property may willfully neglect or refuse, after lawful demand is made for the return of the property by order of the governor adjutant general, to shall return the property promptly. No person may knowingly resist any officer who is lawfully taking possession of such the military arms, equipment or other military property. Any person violating this section paragraph shall forfeit not less than \$50 nor more than \$200.

- **SECTION 7.** 21.23 (title) of the statutes is created to read:
- **21.23** (title) **Facilities and lands.**

- 11 Section 8. 21.50 of the statutes is renumbered 21.21 and amended to read:
  - 21.21 Military property accountability. (1) (a) Each commanding officer to whom state or federal military property is issued may be required to execute to the state a bond, with such sureties and in such form and amount as the adjutant general shall approve, conditioned for the faithful preservation and care of all such the arms, accourtements, moneys, or stores supplies, that the officer received, to indemnify the state against loss by misuse or misapplication by the officer or any other person; to account for all of the same them according to law, and to deliver the same them to any officer lawfully entitled thereto to them, on demand, and to pay all sums lawfully appraised for losses or damages.

**COMMENT:** Are "such sureties and in such form" and "faithful presentation" archaic?

- (b) The unit commander is the legal custodian of the money, property and effects of any company sized unit or detachment of the national guard, whether said the property is owned by said the unit or detachment or its members collectively, or has been issued to it or any of its officers, for its use by state or United States authority, and may sue for and recover possession of the same money, property, or effects, whenever wrongfully withheld from the unit commander's custody or the custody of the unit or detachment.
- (c) The adjutant general, with the approval of the governor may obtain and pay for out of the annual military appropriation an adequate indemnity bond covering all of the officers of the national guard responsible to the state for moneys and military property.

**COMMENT:** Is there a citation for the appropriation?

(d) Each company commander, with the approval of the adjutant general, may employ an armorer to assist in the proper care of military property for which the company commander is accountable.

**COMMENT:** Is the word "effects" needed? Is it different than "property"? Paragraph (b) uses "effects", but par. (c) does not.

**COMMENT:** Is "armorer" the proper term?

**SECTION 9.** 21.56 (title) of the statutes is repealed.

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**SECTION 10.** 21.56 of the statutes is renumbered 21.21 (2) and amended to read:

21.21 (2) (a) All state—owned military property issued to any officer or armory facility manager shall be audited annually as a part of the annual inspection of federal property accounts. When damages other than fair reasonable wear and tear or loss of state—owned property is discovered, the adjutant general shall appoint a surveying officer to determine the cause and fix blame. Upon review, the adjutant general may hold responsible individuals

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pecuniarily financially liable, and may require a depreciated payment, as determined by the adjutant general, into the state treasury. If it is determined that the property was damaged, destroyed or lost without fault or neglect on the part of those responsible, all concerned may be relieved of liability. (b) Whenever any state—owned military property becomes unsuitable, unserviceable or no longer required for military purposes, it shall be disposed of as surplus property subject to s. 16.72 (4) and (5). **SECTION 11.** 21.57 (title) of the statutes is repealed. **SECTION 12.** 21.57 of the statutes is renumbered 21.21 (3) and amended to read: 21.21 (3) (a) Whenever any officer who is responsible for state property is separated or reassigned, all property in the officer's possession or for which the officer is responsible shall be delivered to become the responsibility of the person designated to receive the property by the adjutant general. No separation shall be effective until all property accounts have been settled. (b) In case of the death of any officer having custody of state or federal property, the next in command shall immediately take charge of such the property and deliver the same it to the person appointed to receive the property by the adjutant general. **SECTION 13.** 21.61 (title) of the statutes is repealed. **SECTION 14.** 21.61 of the statutes is renumbered 21.23 (1) and amended to read: 21.23 (1) (a) The governing body of any city, village, town or county in which one or more companies of the national guard may be located may erect or purchase a suitable armory for the purpose of drill and for the safekeeping of the military arms, equipment, uniforms and other military property furnished by the state, and for public meetings and conventions, when

such the use will not interfere with the use of such the building by the national guard. Plans

and specifications for such armories shall be inspected and approved by the governor state building commission and the adjutant general who. The adjutant general shall file with the governing body of the city, village, town or county a certificate of such inspection and approval prior to the erection thereof of the armory.

- (b) The governing body of any city, village, town or county in which any such company of the national guard may be located may purchase land and build armories in the same manner as the governing body is now authorized by law to build other city, village, town or county buildings, and when. When the governing body is unable to agree upon the price of land with its owner, the governing body may, if in its opinion necessary, appropriate land for the purpose of building armories in the same manner as the governing body is now authorized by law to appropriate real estate for other city, village, town or county buildings. In case however If a city, village, town or county shall have has aided in the erection of an armory and the company or companies of the national guard for which the armory was erected shall at any time be is disbanded, then the armory shall become the property of the city, village, town or county in which the armory is erected.
- (c) Such The armory, when erected or purchased, shall be under the control and charge of the governor, the adjutant general and commanding officer of the company or companies of the national guard for which it has been provided. The commanding officer company shall cause to be deposited therein, deposit in the armory all military arms, uniforms and equipment received from the governor and the adjutant general who. The governor and the adjutant general may make such rules as they deem proper for the observance of all officers and persons having charge of such the armories or occupying any part thereof of the armories.
- (d) Whenever any county, city, town or village erects a building as a memorial to the soldiers, sailors and marines members of the U.S. armed forces or national guard who served

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in any war or armed conflict of the United States and makes provision therein in the memorial for the accommodation of one or more companies of the national guard having no regularly established armory, the governor, adjutant general or other state officers having control of armory accommodations and regulations shall, whenever practicable, rent the armory provided in such the memorial building for the use of companies of the national guard. COMMENT: In par. (d), should "regulations" be replaced by "rules." See par. (c). **SECTION 15.** 21.612 (title) of the statutes is repealed. **SECTION 16.** 21.612 of the statutes is renumbered 21.23 (2) and amended to read: 21.23 (2) Any county, city, town or village may transfer land or may acquire land for the purpose of transferring the same land, by gift or otherwise, to the state for state military purposes, and any such transfers or acquisitions heretofore made for such purposes are validated. COMMENT: Should this provision refer to "the governing body" of a county, city, town, or village? In the alternative, should "the governing body" be deleted from current s. 21.61 (1), as renumbered and amended by Section 14? **SECTION 17.** 21.616 (title) of the statutes is repealed. **SECTION 18.** 21.616 of the statutes is renumbered 21.23 (3) and amended to read: 21.23 (3) The department of military affairs is authorized and directed may, when contributions therefor are made available by the federal government under the national defense facilities act of 1950 or any act or acts amendatory thereof or supplementary thereto federal law, to expand, rehabilitate, equip or convert facilities owned by the state and to acquire, construct, expand, rehabilitate, equip or convert additional facilities. The department of military affairs may on the part of the state accept such federal contributions in the manner

prescribed by federal law or regulation, and may accept on behalf of the state the lawful terms

and conditions thereof of a federal contribution. The department of military affairs shall take such steps and have all the functions and powers necessary, consistent with the appropriation therefor, to acquire contributions under any such federal act law and to undertake and complete any such a project in conformity with the applicable federal act and this section subsection.

**COMMENT:** Are "on the part of the state" and "on behalf of the state" needed? If so, one phrase should be used consistently.

In the last sentence, is there a simpler way of saying "the department shall take such steps and have all the functions and powers necessary, consistent with the appropriation therefor..."? Could it be replaced by "the department has the powers and duties necessary..."?

6 (END)

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