# National Violent Death Reporting System (NVDRS)



Lindsay Emer, PhD NVDRS Coordinator October 17<sup>th</sup>, 2022

### **Agenda**

- Definitions/Acronyms
- NVDRS Overview
- NVDRS Data Collection Process
- SUDORS Overview
- SUDORS Data Collection Process
- Q&A

## Definitions/Acronyms

| COD/MOD | Cause of Death/Manner of Death                     |
|---------|--|
| CME     | Coroner/Medical Examiner                           |
| NCHS    | National Center of Health Statistics               |
| NIST    | National Institute of Standards and Technology     |
| NVDRS   | National Violent Death Reporting System            |
| PII     | Personally Identifiable Information                |
| SAMS    | Secure Access Management Service                   |
| SUDORS  | State Unintentional Drug Overdose Reporting System |
| SVRIS   | Statewide Vital Records Information System         |
| VRAD    | Vital Records Reporting and Analytic Database      |
| WISH    | Wisconsin Interactive Statistics on Health         |

- Violent Death
  - Suicide
  - Homicide
  - Legal intervention
  - Unintentional firearm
  - Undetermined intent
  - Terrorism-related

#### What KIND of Data Does NVDRS Collect?

NVDRS covers all types of violent deaths, in all settings, for all age groups. Over 600 data elements are captured, including:

Characteristics of victim
☐ Intimate partner violence

Relationship of victim to suspect
♡ Physical health problems

Weapons used
♡ Relationship problems

Toxicology reports
⑤ Problems with job or finances

Alcohol or substance abuse

Figure 1: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention

- Circumstances of Violent Death
  - Suicide/Undetermined Intent
    - History of self-harm, suicidal thoughts or plans, or attempts?
    - Recent legal, physical health, job, financial, school, housing problem?
  - Homicide/Legal Intervention
    - Intimate partner violence-related?
    - Drug Involvement? Gang-related?
  - Unintentional Firearm Death
    - Context of injury: hunting, playing with gun, cleaning, etc.
    - Mechanism of injury: Unintentionally pulled trigger, thought gun safety was engaged, thought gun was unloaded, etc.

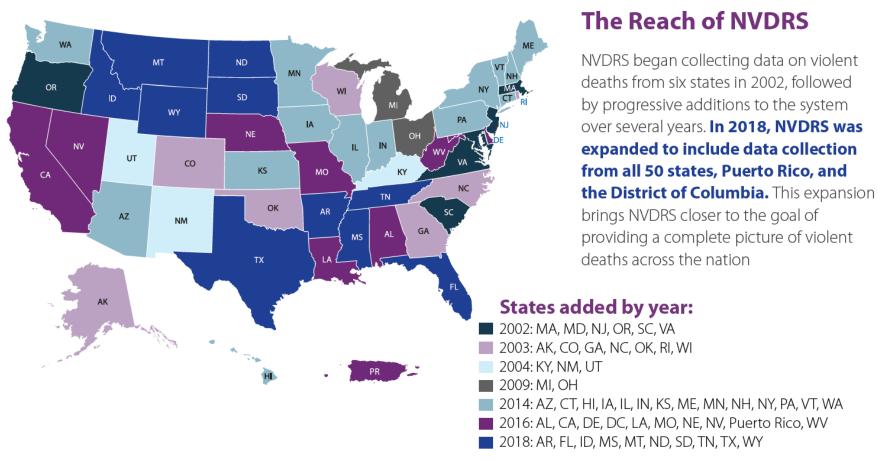


Figure 2: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention

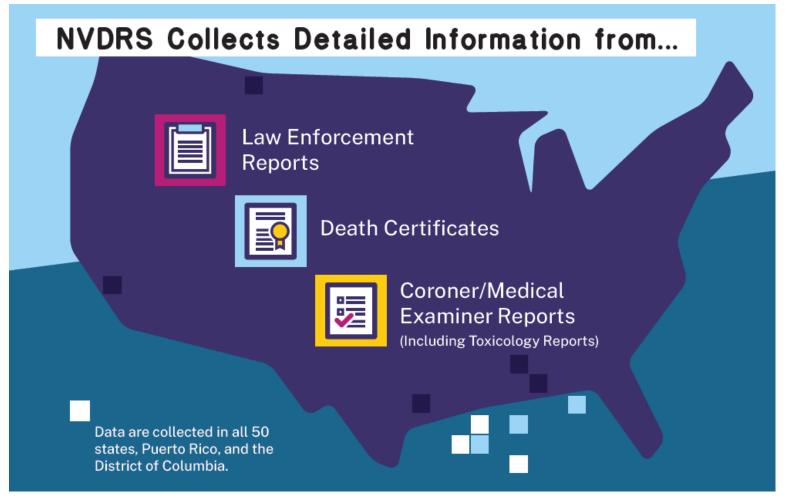


Figure 3: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention

- What Makes NVDRS Unique?
  - Multiple sources of data
    - Death Certificates
    - Coroners/Medical Examiners
    - Toxicology
    - Law Enforcement
  - Identifies emerging issues
  - Combines data about deaths in same event
  - Collects information about suspect



## How Can NVDRS Data be Used to Prevent Violent Deaths?



#### INFORM DECISION MAKERS

about the magnitude, trends, and characteristics of violent deaths



#### **EDUCATE COMMUNITIES**

about circumstances that contribute to violence



#### HELP DECISION MAKERS AND PROGRAM PLANNERS

develop and enhance comprehensive violence prevention efforts to maximize benefits.



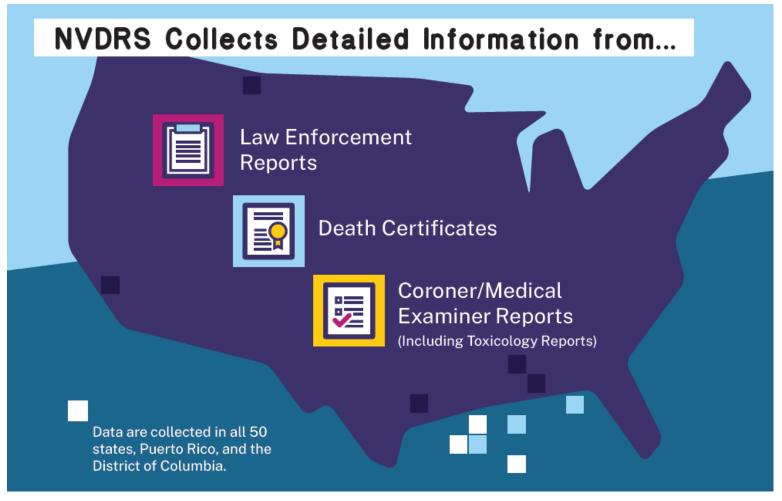
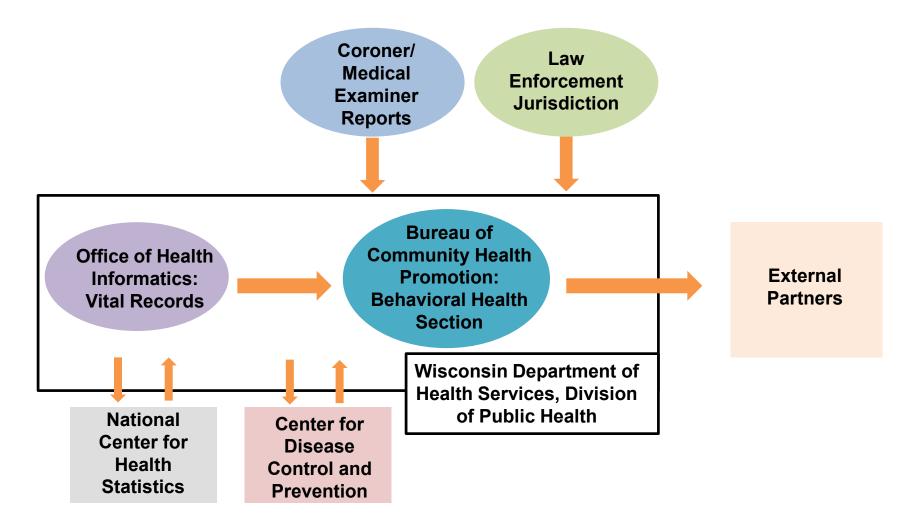
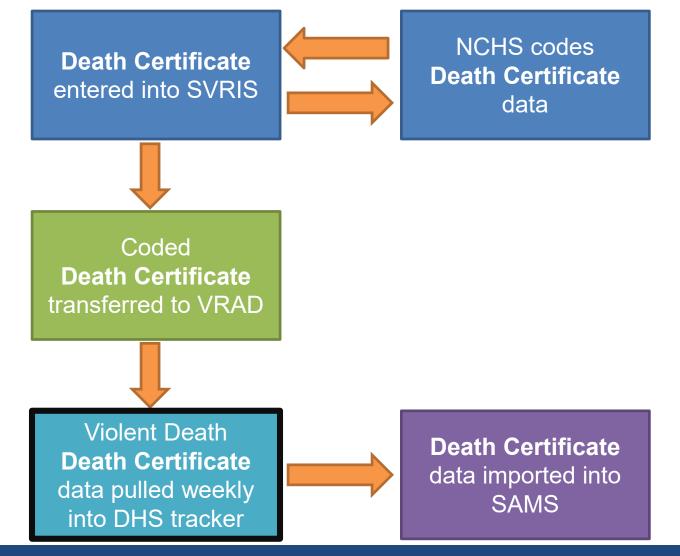


Figure 3: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention

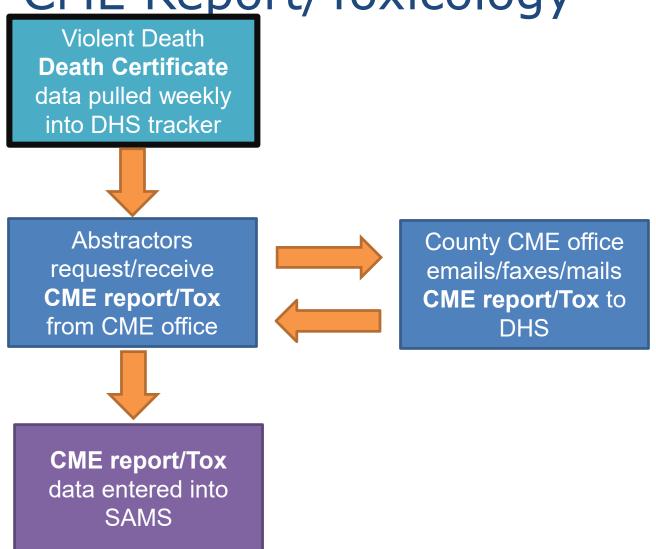
#### **NVDRS** Data Collection Process



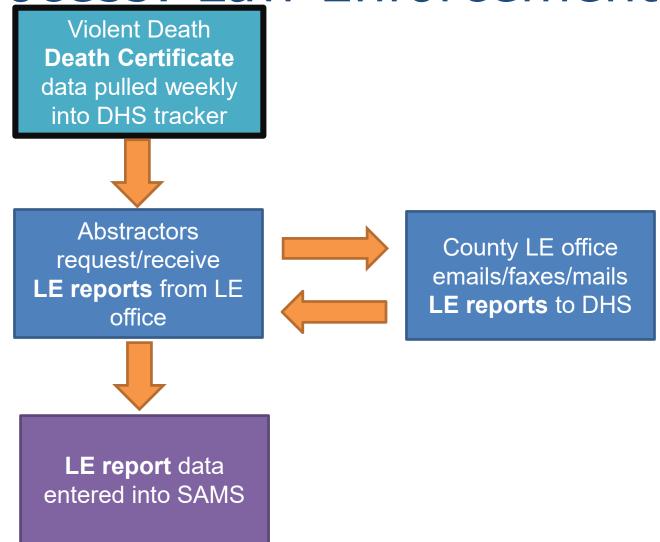
## NVDRS Data Collection Process: Death Certificate



## NVDRS Data Collection Process: <u>CME Repo</u>rt/Toxicology



# NVDRS Data Collection Process: Law Enforcement



#### **NVDRS Other Considerations**

- How does NVDRS Keep Death Records Confidential?
  - No PII
  - Secure, web-based system
  - Compliance with NIST Security and Privacy Controls
- Accessing NVDRS
  - CDC's Injury Center
  - Web-Based Injury Statistics Query And Reporting System (WISQARS)
  - DHS WISH Query: Violent Deaths

# State Unintentional Drug Overdose Reporting System (SUDORS)



#### **SUDORS Overview**

- Started in 2016: Collected comprehensive data on <u>opioid</u> overdose deaths
- In 2019: Expanded to <u>all drug</u> overdose deaths
  - CDC's Overdose Data to Action (OD2A) program
- Drug Overdose Death
  - Unintentional drug overdose
  - Undetermined intent drug overdose

#### **SUDORS Overview**

#### Multiple sources of Data



#### **Death Certificates**

- Demographics
- · County and state where overdose occurred
- · Cause and manner of death
- Other significant conditions contributing to death
- · How overdose occurred
- Place of death (e.g., hospital, home)
- · Date of death



#### Medical Examiner/Coroner Reports

- · History of prior overdoses
- · Treatment for substance use disorder
- Prescription drug misuse or illicit drug use history
- Routes of drug administration (e.g., injection, smoking)
- · Presence of bystanders
- · Naloxone administration



#### **Postmortem Toxicology**

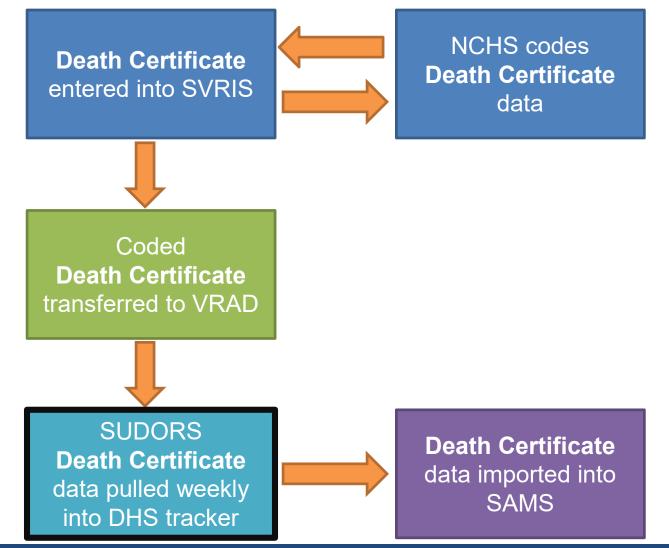
- All drugs detected
- · Drugs contributing to death
- · Date specimens were collected

Figure 5: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention

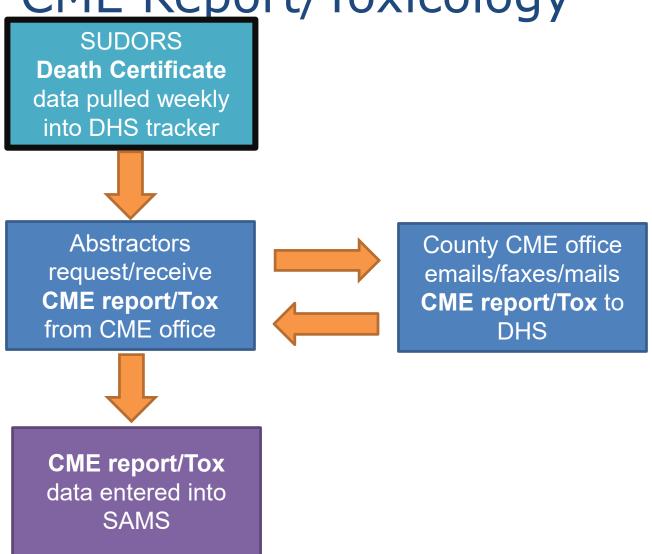
#### SUDORS Overview

- Circumstances of Drug Overdose Death
  - o History of prior overdoses?
  - Prior treatment for substance use disorder?
  - Naloxone administration?
  - All drugs detected in toxicology
- What Makes SUDORS Unique?
- How can SUDORS be used for action?

## SUDORS Data Collection Process: Death Certificate



## SUDORS Data Collection Process: <u>CME Report/Toxicology</u>



## Questions?



Thank you!