

# How AI may impact Clinicians' Delivery of Healthcare

Seon Yoon Chung, PhD, RN, CNE, CHSE

Dean and Professor

University of Wisconsin Oshkosh College of Nursing

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# Outline

- General Work of Clinicians (in a Clinical Setting)
  - Technology commonly used by Clinicians
- How AI may impact Clinicians
- Guardrail Considerations

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# General Work of Clinicians

- **Screen:** What brings you in (symptoms)? Gather health and personal information – medical history, family history, health behaviors that may influence current health situation.
- **Measurements and Tests:** Vital Signs, Blood/Sputum/Urine tests, Radiologic Imaging -X-ray, MRI, CT scans, Sonography, EKGs
- **Diagnose and Plan for Care**
- **Deliver Treatment:** Medication, Procedures, Surgery
- **Evaluate:** Progress, discharge plans, follow-ups



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# Technology commonly used by Clinicians

- **Screening:** What brings you in (symptoms)?  
Gather health and personal information – health history, family history, health behaviors that may influence current health situation
- **Measurements and Tests:** Vital Signs, Blood test, Radiologic Imaging - X-ray, MRI, CT scans, Sonography, Cardiac monitors
- **Diagnosis & Care Planning**
- **Deliver Treatment:** Medication, Procedures, Surgery
- **Evaluation:** Progress, discharge plans, follow-ups

**Electronic Health Record** used to collect, store and retrieve information

**Microscopes, X-ray, MRI, CT scans, Sonograms, cardiac monitors** used to capture images, sounds, rhythms, physiologic activities that are analyzed.

**Procedural equipment, Surgical robots** used to guide procedure and deliver treatment – electric shocks, insertion (e.g., stent), removal (e.g., tumor), replace (e.g., transplants) etc.

**Mobile device/ applications** – remote monitoring, educate, communicate

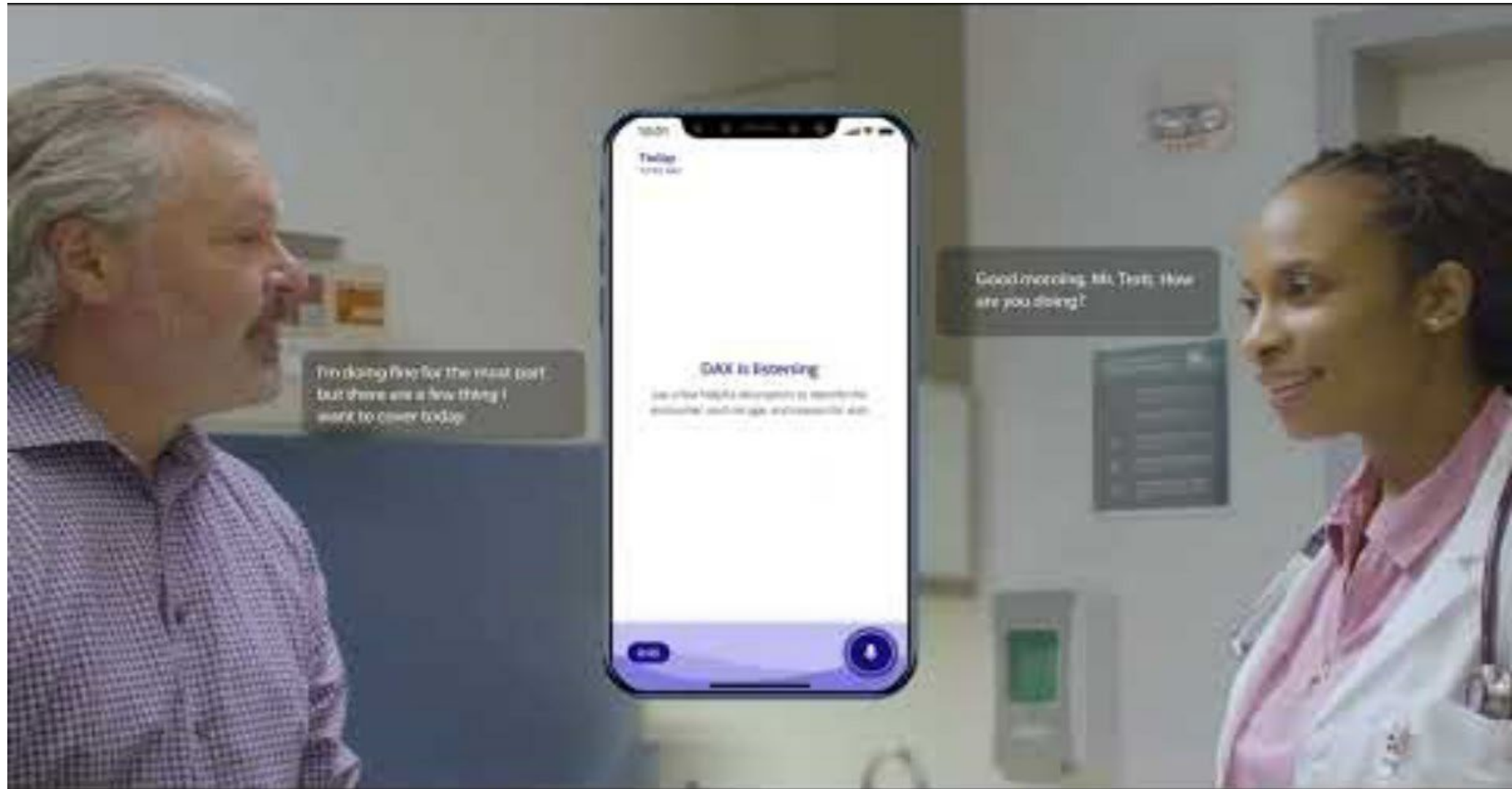


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# How AI may Impact Clinicians / Technology Used

- **Electronic Health Record**  
: to promote **efficiency** and clinician-patient **interaction**
- **Testing and Diagnostic Technologies**  
: for **data analysis** and subsequent **clinical decision** support
- **Procedural Equipment**  
: to enhance **precision** and **control** for optimal **outcomes**

## Example Use of AI in Screening: DAX Copilot [1:53]



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# How AI may Impact Clinicians/ Technology used

## Electronic Health Record

- Transcribe & Summarize conversation
- Save relevant information to the right fields (e.g., DOB)
- Auto calculate (e.g., DOB to Age, Height and Weight to BMI)
- Prompt or remind clinician to ask questions that may be helpful
- Translate





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# How AI may Impact Clinicians' / Technology Used

## Testing and Diagnostic Technologies

- Flagging abnormalities (e.g., low Hb, high HbA1C, cancerous cells, broken bones, hemorrhage)
- Initial review of images, sounds, rhythms, physiologic activities
- Auto calculate dimensions (e.g., volume)
- Save relevant info to the right fields (e.g., size of tumor)
- List of potential matches/diagnosis (Anemia, DM)
- Draft preliminary report

## Example Use of AI in Treatment: da Vinci 5 [3:10]



[https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=\\_WvDnvwoXU0](https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=_WvDnvwoXU0)

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# How AI may Impact Clinicians/ Technology Used

## **Procedural equipment/ Surgical robotic systems**

- Micro-manipulation
- Real-time feedback with intra-procedural information (e.g., identify anatomical points, determine tissue vs tumor)
  - Continuous monitoring devices/sensors and advanced image analysis can detect and communicate concerns to clinicians
  - Camera may autonomously change camera view/zoom to optimize visualization

# Guardrail Considerations

Potential Benefits	Potential Concerns
<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>- Increased Speed and Efficiency</li><li>- Increased Precision/Accuracy</li><li>- Increased Patient and Clinician satisfaction related to personalized care</li></ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>- Malfunction/Accuracy/Validity</li><li>- Equity/Access to technology</li><li>- Privacy and security concerns</li><li>- Learning curve for clinicians and patients</li></ul>

## Guardrail Considerations:

- Patients' Informed Consent
  - Increase patients' awareness about the use of AI and their rights (e.g., access, delete, correct data or opt out)
- Verification of AI work by trained clinician
  - Enhance clinician training related to the concerns and ways to address them
- Validation/Continuous improvement of Technology (data/models) & Process (workflow)
  - Establish policies and procedures to address pitfalls and include trained professionals in the loop

# THANK YOU

