



Legislative Fiscal Bureau

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May 9, 2017

Joint Committee on Finance

Paper #410

Internet Crimes Against Children (Justice)

[LFB 2017-19 Budget Summary: Page 270, #10]

CURRENT LAW

Local units of government are primarily responsible for law enforcement protection and investigating potential crimes. In addition, state statute requires the Department of Justice (DOJ) to investigate crimes that are statewide in nature, importance, or influence. Section 165.70 of the statutes specifically requires DOJ to enforce, among other crimes, the use of a computer to facilitate a child sex crime.

The Department's Division of Criminal Investigation (DCI) is generally charged with fulfilling DOJ's criminal investigatory responsibilities. Within DCI, DOJ's Internet Crimes Against Children (ICAC) unit is responsible for investigating Internet crimes against children in conjunction with other law enforcement partners in the Internet Crimes Against Children Task Force. Base funding in DOJ (including standard budget adjustments) for its ICAC operations is \$3,491,300 and 35.0 positions in 2017-18 (\$2,570,200 GPR and 26.0 GPR positions, \$760,600 PR and 8.0 PR positions, and \$160,500 FED and 1.0 FED position) and \$3,493,700 and 35.0 positions in 2018-19 (\$2,571,800 GPR and 26.0 GPR positions, \$761,300 PR and 8.0 PR positions, and \$160,600 FED and 1.0 FED position).

The Legislature created a new continuing PR appropriation within DOJ for Internet crimes against children activities under 2015 Act 369. The ICAC appropriation is authorized to support criminal investigative operations and law enforcement relating to ICAC, the prosecution of ICAC, and activities of state and local ICAC task forces. Funding for the ICAC appropriation is supported by a one-time transfer of \$1,000,000 PR in 2015-16 from DOJ's drug law enforcement, crime laboratories, and genetic evidence activities PR appropriation to the ICAC appropriation. Since the ICAC appropriation is continuing, unspent amounts transferred to the ICAC appropriation in 2015-16 may be utilized in future fiscal years. [Note that amounts transferred to the ICAC appropriation in 2015-16 are not included in DOJ's base funding for

ICAC operations, as identified above.]

The Department's drug law enforcement, crime laboratories, and genetic evidence activities appropriation is supported by revenue from the crime laboratory and drug law enforcement (CLDLE) surcharge and the deoxyribonucleic acid (DNA) surcharge. More specifically, money is transferred from the CLDLE and DNA surcharge fund appropriation to the drug law enforcement appropriation. The drug law enforcement appropriation supports activities relating to drug law enforcement, drug law violation prosecution assistance, criminal investigative operations, and activities of the state and regional crime laboratories. Base funding for the drug law enforcement appropriation is \$8,731,500 PR annually.

GOVERNOR

Provide \$750,000 PR annually of one-time funding to DOJ's ICAC appropriation. Funding under the bill is provided on a one-time basis and, therefore, would not be included in DOJ's base budget for the 2019-21 biennium. The bill inadvertently does not provide a revenue source for the amounts appropriated to support ICAC investigations during the 2017-19 biennium. However, the administration indicates that its intent was to provide that funding for the ICAC appropriation would be supported by a transfer of funds from DOJ's drug law enforcement, crime laboratories, and genetic evidence activities annual PR appropriation.

DISCUSSION POINTS

1. Under current law, the ICAC appropriation is authorized to receive funds from a one-time transfer of \$1,000,000 PR from DOJ's drug law enforcement appropriation to the ICAC appropriation in 2015-16, as specifically provided for under 2015 Act 369. The budget bill appropriates \$750,000 PR annually to the ICAC appropriation during the 2017-19 biennium, but does not amend the statutory language associated with the ICAC appropriation in order to allow the appropriation to receive a future transfer of monies from the drug law enforcement appropriation. As a result, as introduced, the budget bill inadvertently does not provide a revenue source for the \$750,000 PR annually appropriated to the ICAC appropriation. The administration indicates that its intent was to provide that funding for the ICAC appropriation would be supported by a transfer of funds from DOJ's drug law enforcement appropriation. On March 31, 2017, the administration submitted an errata report for the 2017-19 biennial budget bill seeking to address this issue. In order to address this issue and effectuate the Governor's intent, the bill could be amended to: (a) provide nonstatutory language that would authorize a transfer of funds from the drug law enforcement appropriation to the ICAC appropriation in 2017-18 and 2018-19; and (b) provide that the ICAC appropriation may receive revenue from a transfer of funds as provided for under the 2017-19 biennial budget act.

2. The bill provides \$750,000 PR annually during the 2017-19 biennium only to support law enforcement activities relating to ICAC. The administration intends for program revenue for these costs to be supported from a transfer of monies from DOJ's drug law enforcement PR appropriation. The drug law enforcement appropriation is, in turn, supported by funding from the CLDLE and DNA surcharge fund. Since funding for the ICAC appropriation is supported by a

transfer of funds from the drug law enforcement appropriation, rather than from a direct transfer of monies from the CLDLE and DNA surcharge fund, funding appropriated for ICAC would not affect the condition of the CLDLE and DNA surcharge fund. As identified in a separate paper on this fund, under the bill, the fund is projected to conclude the 2017-19 biennium with a balance of \$2,322,100. It should also be noted that, under the bill, the fund is estimated to operate in a structural deficit during the 2017-19 biennium. In 2017-18, total obligations (\$16,235,700) are estimated to exceed annual revenue (\$15,000,000) by \$1,235,700, and in 2018-19, total obligations (\$16,603,000) are estimated to exceed annual revenue (\$15,000,000) by \$1,603,000.

Review of Internet Crimes Against Children Investigations

3. The Wisconsin ICAC task force was created in 1998 with federal funding to counter the threat of offenders using online technology to sexually exploit children. The task force conducts investigations, provides investigative, forensic and prosecutorial assistance to police agencies and prosecutors, encourages statewide and regional collaboration, and provides training for law enforcement, prosecutors, parents, teachers, and other community members. The task force also coordinates with the Wisconsin Clearinghouse for Missing and Exploited Children to support services to children and families that have experienced victimization. As of April, 2017, there were 241 law enforcement agencies, including DOJ, participating in the Wisconsin ICAC task force, as well as 12 boys and girls clubs. The appendix to this paper identifies the 253 Wisconsin ICAC task force agencies, as of April, 2017.

4. Internet crimes against children cases generally fall into four broad categories: (a) investigations of cyber-tips received from individuals and Internet service providers through the National Center for Missing and Exploited Children; (b) online child enticement investigations; (c) "peer-to-peer" investigations; and (d) cases involving other law enforcement agencies. In 2014-15, the ICAC task force opened 1,339 ICAC investigations, while in 2015-16, the ICAC task force opened 1,548 ICAC investigations. The Department's DCI took the lead on 683 investigations in 2014-15, and 584 investigations in 2015-16.

5. All law enforcement agencies participating in the Wisconsin ICAC task force have a capacity to conduct "reactive" ICAC investigations, responding to tips or information that an Internet crime against a child may have occurred. In 2000, Congress mandated that all Internet service providers register and report any child pornography on their servers to the cyber-tipline program at the National Center for Missing and Exploited Children (NCMEC -- a non-profit corporation primarily supported by the federal government that serves as a national resource center and clearinghouse on issues related to missing and sexually exploited children). In 2014-15, the Wisconsin ICAC task force received 1,351 cyber tips from NCMEC, of which 458 were investigated by DOJ and the remaining 893 were referred to affiliate law enforcement agencies. In 2015-16, the task force received 1,131 cyber tips from NCMEC, of which 337 were investigated by DOJ and the remaining 794 were referred to affiliate law enforcement agencies. [Note that when the ICAC task force receives multiple cyber tips involving the same subject, these cyber tips are consolidated into a single case for subsequent follow-up by DOJ or affiliated law enforcement agencies.]

6. In addition, many agencies can also conduct "proactive" investigations, such as peer-

to-peer investigations and online child enticement investigations. Online child enticement investigations involve investigations of chat rooms and other web-based communication sites to identify adults who want to meet children for the purpose of engaging in sexual activity, or adults who are willing to make their children available for adult sexual contact. These investigations also include cases in which an adult directs obscenity towards a minor. "Peer-to-peer" investigations identify the illegal sharing of child pornography images and videos over the Internet. Finally, cases involving other law enforcement agencies include: (a) child exploitation initiatives with other law enforcement agencies, such as following up on customer information from web-based companies identified as illegally trafficking images of child pornography; (b) assisting local law enforcement agencies with investigations of Internet-based or other child exploitation cases; and (c) assisting other ICAC task forces around the county.

7. Table 1 identifies the number of arrests made by the Wisconsin ICAC task force from 2011-12 through 2015-16, as well as the subset of these arrests that were made by DOJ special agents. Table 2 provides data from the consolidated court automation programs (CCAP) on the number of convictions reached for certain Internet crimes against children from calendar year 2012 through 2016. In reviewing Table 2, note that the crimes identified in the table represent the specific crimes identified as an "Internet crime against a child" under 2015 Act 369. Act 369 also provides that an Internet crime against a child could include any violation of Chapter 948 of the statutes (Crimes Against Children) that involves the use of a device that permits the transmission of wire or electronic communications or images through an electronic communications service or remote computing service. As a result, there are crimes that may be considered an Internet crime against a child that are not identified in Table 2.

TABLE 1

**Arrests Made by the Wisconsin ICAC Task Force
2011-12 Thru 2015-16**

<u>Fiscal Year</u>	<u>Total Arrests</u>	<u>Arrests Made by DOJ</u>
2011-12	120	25
2012-13	131	51
2013-14	234	40
2014-15	270	77
2015-16	361	82

TABLE 2**Convictions Reached for Certain Internet Crimes Against Children**

<u>Crime</u>	<u>Statutory Citation</u>	<u>Convictions</u>				
		<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>
Possession of child pornography	948.12	301	672	340	572	451
Exposing a child to harmful material or harmful descriptions or narrations	948.11	42	57	51	50	50
Sexual exploitation of a child	948.05	12	11	13	24	46
Use of a computer to facilitate a child sex crime	948.075	<u>13</u>	<u>8</u>	<u>18</u>	<u>18</u>	<u>16</u>
Total		368	748	422	664	563

Governor's Recommendation

8. The Governor recommends providing DOJ with \$750,000 PR annually during the 2017-19 biennium only to provide additional support to the ICAC appropriation created under 2015 Act 369. Act 369 funded the ICAC appropriation through a one-time transfer of \$1,000,000 PR from DOJ's existing budget authority to the ICAC appropriation in 2015-16. The Department did not utilize the funding in 2015-16. However, since the ICAC appropriation is continuing, DOJ is authorized to carry any unspent funds into future fiscal years for expenditure. The Department began expending funds from the ICAC appropriation in 2016-17.

9. A summary of how DOJ intends to utilize the \$1,000,000 provided under Act 369 is provided in Table 3. As identified in Table 3, DOJ intends to utilize half the funds provided under Act 369 to support operations of DCI, and the remaining half to support costs incurred by local law enforcement and other agencies that participate in the Wisconsin ICAC task force. Training costs identified in the table are generally intended to support the costs of attending ICAC conferences, as well as the costs of receiving technical training on ICAC investigative techniques. In addition, funding provides support for a one-week training program, as well as other multi-day undercover training programs, administered by DCI that provide local law enforcement agencies training in investigative techniques, forensic technologies, employee wellness, the law, and legal issues. Equipment and supplies costs budgeted for DCI include funding for software and other equipment utilized by the Digital Forensics Unit in DCI, which provides forensic services in ICAC cases, as well as other equipment for training law enforcement officers, conducting undercover ICAC investigations, and preparing and tracking subpoenas.

TABLE 3

DOJ's Budget for ICAC Appropriation Funding Provided Under 2015 Act 369

<u>Category</u>	<u>Amount</u>
<i>Funding For DOJ's Division of Criminal Investigation</i>	
Overtime	\$200,000
Training	115,000
Equipment and supplies	<u>185,000</u>
Subtotal	\$500,000
<i>Funding For Wisconsin ICAC Task Force Affiliates</i>	
Overtime	\$400,000
Training	<u>100,000</u>
Subtotal	\$500,000
Total Budget	\$1,000,000

10. As of April 14, 2017, DOJ has expended \$303,700 of its \$1,000,000 ICAC appropriation budget. Expenditures have been comprised of \$86,500 for salaries and fringe benefit costs (overtime), \$141,600 for supplies and services (training, equipment, and supplies costs), and \$75,600 in grants to local law enforcement agencies. The Department indicates that expenditures will increase during the last two and one-half months of 2016-17, primarily due to additional overtime costs for DCI and local law enforcement agencies being properly accounted for in the ICAC appropriation. Notwithstanding, DOJ does not anticipate fully expending its \$1,000,000 budget in 2016-17. Since the ICAC appropriation is continuing, any unspent funds may be utilized by DOJ during the 2017-19 biennium.

11. In total, the bill provides \$750,000 PR annually for the ICAC appropriation during the 2017-19 biennium. Annual funding under the bill would be utilized as follows: (a) \$250,000 for overtime costs incurred by DCI; and (b) \$500,000 for grants to law enforcement agencies participating in the Wisconsin ICAC task force, with \$400,000 allocated for overtime grants and \$100,000 allocated for training grants. [The Department indicates that it does not require additional funding for DCI training or equipment and supplies.] Funding under the bill would be provided on a one-time basis and, therefore, would not be included in DOJ's base budget for the 2019-21.

12. In order to provide the Department additional funds for law enforcement activities related to ICAC, the Committee could approve the Governor's recommendation and provide \$750,000 PR annually during the 2017-19 biennium only to DOJ's ICAC appropriation [Alternative 1]. As intended by the administration, under this alternative, funding for the ICAC appropriation would be supported by a transfer of funds from DOJ's drug law enforcement PR appropriation. Further, in order to effectuate the Governor's intent, this alternative would amend the bill to: (a) provide nonstatutory language that would authorize a transfer of funds from the drug law enforcement appropriation to the ICAC appropriation in 2017-18 and 2018-19; and (b) provide that

the ICAC appropriation may receive revenue from a transfer of funds as provided for under the 2017-19 biennial budget act. Under this alternative, funding would be provided on a one-time basis and, therefore, would not be included in DOJ's base budget for the 2019-21 biennium.

13. The Committee could also approve a reduced level of funding for the ICAC appropriation, as compared to the amount recommended by the Governor. As noted above, it is anticipated that DOJ will not spend its full \$1,000,000 budget in 2016-17. Any unspent funds will be available to DOJ for use in future fiscal years. Given that DOJ may carry forward funding from 2016-17 into the 2017-19 biennium, the Committee could reduce the amount of funding provided to DOJ for ICAC. Specifically, the Committee could provide DOJ with \$500,000 PR annually (two thirds of the funding recommended by the Governor) or \$250,000 PR annually (one third of the funding recommended by the Governor) [Alternatives 2a and 2b]. Under Alternatives 2a and 2b, as recommended by the Governor, funding for ICAC would be supported by a transfer of funds from DOJ's drug law enforcement appropriation. Further, funding would be provided on a one-time basis, and, therefore, would not be included in DOJ's base budget for the 2019-21 biennium.

14. The Committee could also modify the Governor's recommendation and provide that funding is provided on an ongoing basis, as opposed to a one-time basis [Alternative 3]. While the Governor recommends providing funding during the 2017-19 biennium only, DOJ initially requested that funding be provided on an ongoing basis in its biennial budget request. The administration indicates that it recommends providing funding on a one-time basis due to the uncertainty of future revenue from the CLDLE surcharge and the DNA surcharge after the 2017-19 biennium. However, funding provided under the bill is intended to support overtime costs at DCI for ICAC related activities, as well as grants to local law enforcement agencies that participate in the Wisconsin ICAC task force for overtime and training costs. It is anticipated that these costs will continue after the 2017-19 biennium. Therefore, an argument can be made that an ongoing funding source should be provided to support these costs.

15. The Governor recommends that the ICAC appropriation be supported during the 2017-19 biennium through a similar funding mechanism that was provided under 2015 Act 369. That is, funding for the ICAC appropriation would be supported by a transfer of funds from DOJ's drug law enforcement, crime laboratories, and genetic evidence activities PR appropriation. The drug law enforcement appropriation is an annual appropriation (meaning DOJ may not spend more from the appropriation than what is appropriated by the Legislature in a given fiscal year) and is supported by a transfer of funds from the CLDLE and DNA surcharge fund. Base funding and position authority for the drug law enforcement appropriation is \$8,731,500 PR and 74.5 PR positions annually. The drug law enforcement appropriation is utilized by DOJ to support costs related to drug law enforcement, drug law violation prosecution assistance, criminal investigative operations, and activities of the state and regional crime laboratories.

16. Funding the ICAC appropriation through a transfer of funds from the drug law enforcement appropriation, in effect, reduces DOJ's expenditure authority from the drug law enforcement appropriation. Such a reduction in expenditure authority could inhibit DOJ's ability to support personnel costs, as well as other supplies and services costs for the crime laboratories and DCI, that DOJ utilizes the drug law enforcement appropriation to support. To this point, it should be

noted that after 2015 Act 369 was enacted, DOJ requested a \$1,000,000 PR expenditure authority increase in 2015-16 in its drug law enforcement appropriation to backfill the funding that Act 369 required DOJ to transfer from the drug law enforcement appropriation to the ICAC appropriation. On July 18, 2016, the Finance Committee approved DOJ's s. 16.515 request.

17. Further, one could question whether the ICAC appropriation should be supported by a transfer of funds from the drug law enforcement appropriation, since the drug law enforcement appropriation is supported by a transfer of funds from the CLDLE and DNA surcharge fund. An argument could be made that it would be more straightforward to support the ICAC appropriation through a direct transfer of funds from the CLDLE and DNA surcharge fund.

18. In order to address these issues, rather than fund the ICAC appropriation through a transfer of monies from the drug law enforcement appropriation, the Committee could decide to support the ICAC appropriation through a direct transfer of monies from the CLDLE and DNA surcharge fund appropriation [Alternative 4]. Under this alternative, funding appropriated to the ICAC appropriation under the bill would not be modified. However, since Alternative 4 would support the ICAC appropriation through a direct transfer from the CLDLE and DNA surcharge fund, this alternative would reduce the balance of the CLDLE and DNA surcharge fund during the 2017-19 biennium. As noted above, under the bill as recommended by the Governor, the fund is estimated to conclude the 2017-19 biennium with a balance of \$2,322,100. If the bill were amended to support the ICAC appropriation through a direct transfer of funds from the CLDLE and DNA surcharge fund (as proposed under Alternative 4), the fund would be estimated to conclude the 2017-19 biennium with a balance of \$822,100. In addition, it would be estimated that the fund's obligations in 2017-18 (\$16,985,700) would exceed revenues (\$15,000,000) by \$1,985,700, and obligations in 2018-19 (\$17,353,000) would exceed revenues (\$15,000,000) by \$2,353,000.

19. On the other hand, the Committee could decide not to provide DOJ additional resources at this time. As discussed above, it does not appear as though the Department will fully deplete its \$1,000,000 ICAC appropriation budget in 2016-17. Any unspent funds will be available for use during the 2017-19 biennium. It could be argued that additional funds should not be provided for the ICAC appropriation until its current budget is fully spent in order to better understand the extent of the need for additional ICAC investigatory resources.

20. Once the Department fully expends its current ICAC budget, it could request an expenditure authority increase to the Joint Committee on Finance under s. 16.515 of the statutes. However, in order for DOJ to request additional funds for the ICAC appropriation at a future date under s. 16.515, the statutory language of the ICAC appropriation as well as the appropriation that would be utilized to transfer funding to the ICAC appropriation would need to be modified to allow for a future transfer of funding. As noted above, the Governor recommends that funding for the ICAC appropriation be supported by a transfer of funds from DOJ's drug law enforcement appropriation. However, as identified in discussion points #15 through #18, funding for the ICAC appropriation could also be supported through a transfer of funds from the CLDLE and DNA surcharge fund appropriation. Therefore, if the Committee decides not to provide DOJ additional resources at this time for the ICAC appropriation, the Committee could also modify the statutory language associated with DOJ's appropriations to allow the ICAC appropriation to receive a future

transfer of funds from either the: (a) drug law enforcement appropriation; or (b) the CLDLE and DNA surcharge fund appropriation [Alternatives 5a and 5b]. Alternatives 5a and 5b would reduce funding under the bill by \$750,000 PR annually.

21. The Committee could also maintain current law and not provide DOJ additional resources at this time for the ICAC appropriation [Alternative 6]. Providing funding for the ICAC appropriation by transferring funds from DOJ's drug law enforcement, crime laboratories, and genetic evidence activities appropriation, as recommended by the Governor, would reduce DOJ's funding for these purposes. Further, providing funding for the ICAC appropriation by transferring funds directly from the CLDLE and DNA surcharge fund appropriation would reduce the balance in the fund and increase the fund's estimated structural imbalance during the 2017-19 biennium. This alternative would reduce funding under the bill by \$750,000 PR annually.

ALTERNATIVES

1. Approve the Governor's recommendation and provide DOJ's ICAC appropriation \$750,000 PR annually during the 2017-19 biennium only. Funding for the ICAC appropriation would be supported by a transfer of funds from DOJ's drug law enforcement, crime laboratories, and genetic evidence activities appropriation. In order to effectuate the Governor's intent, this alternative would amend the bill to provide nonstatutory language that would authorize a transfer of funds from the drug law enforcement appropriation to the ICAC appropriation in 2017-18 and 2018-19, and provide that the ICAC appropriation may receive revenue from such a transfer of funds. Since funding would be provided during the 2017-19 biennium only, funding would not be included in DOJ's base budget for the 2019-21 biennium.

ALT 1	Change to	
	Base	Bill
PR	\$1,500,000	\$0

2. Provide the Department a reduced level of funding for the ICAC appropriation, in either of the following manners. Funding for ICAC activities provided under Alternatives 2a or 2b would be supported by a transfer of funds from DOJ's drug law enforcement appropriation. Alternatives 2a and 2b would amend the bill to authorize such a transfer of funds. Funding provided under Alternatives 2a or 2b would be provided during the 2017-19 biennium only and, therefore, would not be included in DOJ's base budget for the 2019-21 biennium.

a. Provide \$500,000 PR annually for the ICAC appropriation. This alternative represents two-thirds of the funding recommended by the Governor.

ALT 2a	Change to	
	Base	Bill
PR	\$1,000,000	- \$500,000

b. Provide \$250,000 PR annually for the ICAC appropriation. This alternative represents one-third of the funding recommended by the Governor.

ALT 2b	Change to	
	Base	Bill
PR	\$500,000	- \$1,000,000

3. Provide that funding for the ICAC appropriation would be provided on an ongoing basis, rather than a one-time basis. Funding provided on an ongoing basis would be included in DOJ's base budget for the 2019-21 biennium. *Alternative 3 may be chosen in addition to Alternatives 1, 2a, or 2b.*

4. Provide that funding for the ICAC appropriation be supported by a transfer of funds from the CLDLE and DNA surcharge fund PR appropriation, rather than from DOJ's drug law enforcement, crime laboratories, and genetic evidence activities PR appropriation. *Alternative 4 may be chosen in addition to Alternative 1, 2a, or 2b.*

5. Delete funding under the bill for the ICAC appropriation. In addition, modify the statutory language of DOJ's appropriations in either of the following manners.

a. Provide that the ICAC appropriation may receive a future transfer of funds from DOJ's drug law enforcement, crime laboratories, and genetic evidence activities PR appropriation.

ALT 5a	Change to	
	Base	Bill
PR	\$0	- \$1,500,000

b. Provide that the ICAC appropriation may receive a future transfer of funds from DOJ's CLDLE and DNA surcharge fund PR appropriation.

ALT 5b	Change to	
	Base	Bill
PR	\$0	- \$1,500,000

6. Maintain current law.

ALT 6	Change to	
	Base	Bill
PR	\$0	- \$1,500,000

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APPENDIX

Wisconsin ICAC Task Force Agencies, April, 2017

Adams County Sheriff's Department
Altoona Police Department
Amery Police Department
Antigo Police Department
Appleton Police Department

Ashland County Sheriff's Office
Ashland Police Department
Ashwaubenon Department of Public Safety
Balsam Lake Police Department
Baraboo Police Department

Barron County Sheriff's Office
Barron Police Department
Bayfield County Sheriff's Office
Bayside Police Department
Beaver Dam Police Department

Belleville Police Department
Berlin Police Department
Bloomfield Police Department
Brodhead Police Department
Brooklyn Police Department

Brown County Sheriff's Office
Brown Deer Police Department
Buffalo County Sheriff's Office
Burlington Police Department
Burnett County Sheriff's Office

Calumet County Sheriff's Office
Campbell Police Department
Cedarburg Police Department
Centuria Police Department
Chetek Police Department

Chippewa Falls Police Department
Chippewa Valley, Boys & Girls Club of Greater
City of Menasha Police Department
Clark County Sheriff's Office
Clayton Police Department

Clear Lake Police Department
Clintonville Police Department
Cornell Police Department
Crawford County Sheriff's Office
Cross Plains Police Department

Cuba City Police Department
Cudahy Police Department
Dane County Sheriff's Office
Dane County, Boys & Girls Club
Darlington Police Department

De Pere Police Department
DeForest Police Department
Delafield Police Department
Dodge County District Attorney's Office
Dodge County Sheriff's Office

Dodgeville Police Department
Door County Sheriff's Office
Dorchester Police Department
Douglas County Sheriff's Office
Dunn County Sheriff's Office

Eagle Police Department
Eagle River Police Department
East Troy Police Department
Eau Claire County Sheriff's Office
Eau Claire Police Department

Edgerton Police Department
Elkhorn Police Department
Ellsworth Police Department
Endeavor Police Department
Everest Metro Police Department

Fennimore Police Department
Fitchburg Police Department
Florence County Sheriff's Office
Fond du Lac Police Department
Fond du Lac County Sheriff's Office

Fox Valley Metro Police Department
Freedom Police Department
Germantown Police Department
Gillett Police Department
Glendale Police Department

Grand Rapids Police Department
Green Bay Police Department
Green Bay, Boys & Girls Club
Green County Sheriff's Office
Green Lake County Sheriff's Office

Greenfield Police Department
Hartford Police Department
Hartland Police Department
Hayward Police Department
Hobart/Lawrence Police Department

Holmen Police Department
Iowa County Sheriff's Office
Jackson County Sheriff's Office
Janesville Police Department
Janesville, Boys & Girls Club

Jefferson County Sheriff's Office
Jefferson Police Department
Juneau County Sheriff's Office
Kaukauna Police Department
Kendall Police Department

Kenosha, Boys & Girls Club
Kenosha County District Attorney's Office
Kenosha County Sheriff's Office
Kewaunee County Sheriff's Office
La Crosse County Sheriff's Office

La Crosse Police Department
La Crosse, Boys & Girls Club
La Farge Police Department
Lac Courte Oreilles Tribal Police Department
Lafayette County Sheriff's Office

Lake Delton Police Department
Lake Geneva Police Department
Lake Mills Police Department
Lancaster Police Department
Langlade County Sheriff's Office

Lincoln County Sheriff's Office
Lodi Police Department
Lomira Police Department
Madison Police Department
Manawa Police Department

Manitowoc County Sheriff's Office
Manitowoc Police Department
Maple Bluff Police Department
Marathon County Sheriff's Office
Marinette County Sheriff's Office

Marinette Police Department
Marion Police Department
Marquette County Sheriff's Office
Marshfield Police Department
Mashkisbi (Bad River), Boys & Girls Club

Mayville Police Department
McFarland Police Department
Menasha Township Police Department
Menomonee Falls Police Department
Menomonie Police Department

Merrill Police Department
Merrillan Police Department
Middleton Police Department
Milton Police Department
Milwaukee County District Attorney's Office

Milwaukee County Sheriff's Office
Milwaukee Police Department
Milwaukee, Boys & Girls Club of Greater
Minong Police Department
Monona Police Department

Monroe Police Department
Mount Horeb Police Department
Mt. Pleasant Police Department
Muscodia Police Department
Muskego Police Department

Neenah Police Department
Nekoosa Police Department
New Berlin Police Department
New Holstein Police Department
New London Police Department

North Fond du Lac Police Department
Norwalk Police Department
Oak Creek Police Department
Oconomowoc Police Department
Oconto County Sheriff's Office

Oconto Police Department
Oconto Falls Police Department
Onalaska Police Department
Oneida County Sheriff's Office
Oneida Police Department

Ontario Police Department
Oregon Police Department
Oshkosh Police Department
Oshkosh Police Department - UW
Outagamie County District Attorney's Office

Outagamie County Sheriff's Office
Ozaukee County Sheriff's Department
Park Falls Police Department
Pepin County Sheriff's Office
Pewaukee (Village of) Police Department

Pierce County Sheriff's Office
Platteville (University of) Police Department
Plymouth Police Department
Polk County Sheriff's Office
Portage County Sheriff's Office

Prairie du Chien Police Department
Price County Sheriff's Office
Pulaski Police Department
Racine County Sheriff's Office
Racine Police Department

Readstown Police Department
Red Cliff Police Department
Reedsburg Police Department
Rhineland Police Department
Rice Lake Police Department

Rice Lake, Boys & Girls Club
Richland Center Police Department
Ripon Police Department
River Hills Police Department
Rock County Sheriff's Office

Rome Police Department
Sauk County Sheriff's Office
Sauk Prairie Police Department
Sawyer County Sheriff's Office
Seymour Police Department

Shawano County Sheriff's Office
Shawano Police Department
Sheboygan County Sheriff's Office
Sheboygan Police Department
Shelby Police Department

Shorewood Hills Police Department
Shorewood Village Police Department
Shullsburg Police Department
South Milwaukee Police Department
Sparta Police Department

Spencer (Village) Police Department
Spring Valley Police Department
St. Croix County Sheriff's Office
St. Croix Tribal Police Department
St. Francis Police Department

Stevens Point Police Department
Stoughton Police Department
Sturgeon Bay Police Department
Sturtevant Police Department
Summit Police Department

Sun Prairie Police Department
Superior Police Department
Taylor County Sheriff's Office
Theresa Police Department
Tomah Police Department

Tomah Veterans Affairs Police Department
Town of East Troy Police Department
Trempealeau County Sheriff's Office
Twin Lakes Police Department
Two Rivers Police Department

UW Milwaukee Police Department
Vernon County Sheriff's Office
Vilas County Sheriff's Office
Viroqua Police Department
Walworth County Sheriff's Office

Washburn County Sheriff's Office
Watertown Police Department
Waukesha County Sheriff's Office
Waukesha Police Department
Waupaca County Sheriff's office

Waupaca Police Department
Wausau Police Department
Wausau, Boys & Girls Club
Waushara County Sheriff's Office
Wauwatosa Police Department

West Allis Police Department
West Bend Police Department
West Bend, Boys & Girls Club
West Milwaukee Police Department
West Salem Police Department

Whitefish Bay Police Department
Whitewater Police Department
Wild Rose (Village) Police Department
Winnebago County Sheriff's Office
Wisconsin Department of Justice

Wisconsin Rapids Police Department
Wisconsin Rapids, Boys & Girls Club
Wood County Sheriff's Office