

INSIDE THE 2023-2024

WISCONSIN BLUE BOOK





The Wisconsin Blue Book is the biennial almanac of Wisconsin government. The 2023–24 Wisconsin Blue Book includes biographies of elected state officers and legislators, information about the units of state government, a feature article highlighting the capitol press corps, the text of the Wisconsin Constitution, and statistical and reference information. The Blue Book is intended to be readable and usable for civics classes in Wisconsin schools. This study guide is de-

signed for upper elementary students and consists of questions about Wisconsin state government and interesting facts about Wisconsin.



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THE LEGISLATIVE BRANCH

1. Read the overview of the Wisconsin Legislature on pp. 125–26 and answer the following:
a. What are the two houses of the legislature?
b. How many total members make up the Wisconsin Legislature?
c. How many assembly districts are in the territory of each senate district?
2. Use the maps and biographies on pp. 20–120 to answer the following:
a. Which senate district do you live in?
b. What is the name and party of your senator?
c. Name one committee to which your senator is assigned.

- d. Which assembly district do you live in?
- e. What is the name and party of your representative?
- f. List the information for two ways to contact your representative.

3. Look at the table of votes for state representatives on pp. 618–22. How many votes did your representative receive in the last general election?



There are 99 members of the state assembly, and they are elected for two-year terms.

4. Using the information on pp. 131–37, determine if the following statements are true or false:	RAPHER STAPE					
 a. The two houses do not have to both pass a bill in identical form for it to become law. True False 	There are 33 members of the state senate, and they are elected for four-year terms.					
b. A bill or part of a bill that the governor has vetoed can become a law if both houses of the legislature pass it again with a two-thirds vote, rather than a simple majority vote. True False						
5. Using the information on legislative committees on pp. 128–30, answer the following:a. Who appoints the members of committees in each house?						
b. What is the name of a cofrom both houses?	ommittee that includes members					

THE EXECUTIVE BRANCH

6. According to the table on p. 480, how many governors has Wisconsin had?
7. Use the biographies on pp. 4–7 to answer the following: a. List two ways you can contact the governor.
b. Who is the lieutenant governor of Wisconsin?
c. Of the six state executive officers listed, which one is nonpartisan?
8. According to pp. 207–9, which elected executive officer serves as the head of the Wisconsin Department of Justice?
9. According to p. 229, what does the Wisconsin secretary of state do with the Great Seal of the State of Wisconsin?



The justices who sit on the Wisconsin Supreme Court are elected but do not represent any political party.

THE JUDICIAL BRANCH

10. Using the information on pp. 261–63, fill in the blanks:
a. The Wisconsin Supreme Court has ______ total justices.
b. The term of a Wisconsin Supreme Court justice is ______ years.
c. State supreme court justices are elected in the month of
d. The current chief justice of the Wisconsin Supreme Court is

e. If a seat on the supreme court is vacant, who appoints a temporary replacement?
11. According to p. 267, which court in Wisconsin is the only court that holds jury trials?
U.S. CONGRESS
12. Read the information about Wisconsin's U.S. congressional delegation on pp. 12–18 and answer the following:a. Name the two U.S. senators who represent Wisconsin.
b. What is the name and party of your U.S. representative?
c. According to the map on p. 13, Wisconsin is divided into how many congressional districts?



Since the 1950s, television journalists have reported the news as members of the capitol press corps.

THE FEATURE ARTICLE

13. Read "On the Capitol Beat" starting on p. 279. Name three				
different ways to report the news. What are some benefits				
and disadvantages to each type?				

STATE SYMBOLS



14. Look at the state coat of arms and its description on p. 454. Name three things you see in the coat of arms and describe what they represent.

15.	For answers to	the following,	see the	spread	of s	state
	symbols on pp.	456–59.				

a. What is the state fruit?

b. What is the state flower?

c. What is the state dog?

d. Which of the following is the state song?
☐ "On, Wisconsin"
☐ "Oh Wisconsin, Land of My Dreams"
☐ "The Wisconsin Waltz"
MORE ABOUT WISCONSIN
16. Use the timeline of significant events in Wisconsin history beginning on p. 460 to answer the following questions:a. When was the territorial area that became Wisconsin transferred from the French to the British?
b. In the 1920s, which Wisconsinite ran for president and won the state of Wisconsin?
17. Look at the table on p. 526 titled "Wisconsin population since 1840." What was the rural population of Wisconsin in
1940?
18. According to the table on p. 696, how many Wisconsinites were killed in World War II?

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	WISCONSIN CONSTITUTION			
24.	Find the Wisconsin Constitution starting on p. 727. The constitution is divided into sections called "articles." How many articles are there?			
25.	According to article IV, section 6, of the state constitution, what are the two qualifications required to serve in the legislature?			
26.	According to article V, section 8, of the state constitution, if both the governor and lieutenant governor are no longer able to serve, who would become governor?			
27.	Which article of the Wisconsin Constitution declares the rights of the people of the state?			

USING THE INDEX

28. Use the index starting on p. 763 to find the following information:
a. Who is your county's sheriff?
b. When was your county created?
c. How many court of appeals districts are there in Wisconsin?
d. The name of the senate majority leader is
e. The name of the speaker of the assembly is
f. The name of the state treasurer is

ANSWER GUIDE

The legislative branch

- 1. See pp. 125–26.
 - a. The assembly and the senate
 - b. 132 (99 in the assembly + 33 in the senate)
 - c. Three
- 2. See pp. 20–120 for district maps and legislative biographies.
 - a. Answers will vary.
 - b. Answers will vary.
 - c. Answers will vary.
 - d. Answers will vary.
 - e. Answers will vary.
 - f. Answers will vary, but include the legislator's email, telephone number or mailing address.
- 3. Answers will vary. See district vote for representatives to the assembly, general and special elections, pp. 618–22.
- 4. See pp. 131-37.
 - a. False
 - b. True
- 5. See pp. 128–30.
 - a. The assembly speaker in the assembly and the senate majority leader in the senate
 - b. Joint committee

The executive branch

6. 46 governors. See table on p. 480.

- 7. See biographies on pp. 4-7.
 - a. Answers may vary, but inlude include his email, telephone number, or mailing address.
 - b. Lieutenant Governor Sara Rodriguez
 - c. The state superintendent of public instruction
- 8. The attorney general. See pp. 207-9.
- The secretary of state affixes the great seal to all official acts.See p. 229.

The judicial branch

- 10. See pp. 261-63.
 - a. Seven
 - b. Ten
 - c. April
 - d. Chief Justice Annette Kingsland Ziegler
 - e. The governor
- 11. The circuit court. See p. 267.

U.S. Congress

- 12. See pp. 12–18.
 - a. Senators Tammy Baldwin and Ron Johnson
 - b. Answers will vary. Look at the map on p. 13 to find the congressional district where you live, then look at pp. 14–18 to find the representative for that district.
 - c. Eight

The feature article

13. Answers will vary, but may include print, television, radio, internet, or wire service.

State symbols

- 14. Any of the following. See p.454:
 - Plow (in shield): agriculture
 - Pick and shovel (in shield): mining
 - Arm and hammer (in shield): manufacturing
 - · Anchor (in shield): navigation
 - Small shield: U.S. coat of arms and Wisconsin's membership in and loyalty to the United States
 - · Sailor: labor on water
 - · Yeoman: labor on land
 - · Horn of plenty: prosperity and abundance
 - Pyramid of 13 lead ingots: mineral wealth and the 13 original states of the United States
 - Badger: state animal
- 15. See pp. 456-59.
 - a. Cranberry
 - b. Wood violet
 - c. American water spaniel
 - d. "On, Wisconsin"

More about Wisconsin

- 16. See timeline beginning on p. 460.
 - a. 1763. See p. 461.
 - b. Robert M. La Follette, Sr. See p. 469.
- 17. 1,458,443. See p. 526.
- 18. 8,390. See p. 696.
- 19. The Democratic Party of Wisconsin; the Libertarian Party of Wisconsin; the Republican Party of Wisconsin; and the Constitution Party of Wisconsin. See information beginning on p. 623.

- 20. 10,000. See p. 319.
- 21. The party must choose the candidate who wins that party's partisan primary. See p. 320.
- 22. 10. See p. 706.
- 23. 3,847. See p. 712.

Wisconsin Constitution

- 24. 14
- 25. A candidate must (1) have resided in the state for one year and (2) be a qualified elector in the district that he or she would represent. See p. 738.
- 26. The secretary of state. See p. 745.
- 27. Article I

Using the index

- 28. See the index starting on p. 763.
 - a. Answers will vary. See index entry for "sheriffs" and table on pp. 655–56.
 - b. Answers will vary. See index entry for "counties, creation date" and table on pp. 533–35.
 - c. Four. See index entry for "appeals, court of" or "courts, appeals, court of" and map on p. 264.
 - d. Senate Majority Leader Devin LeMahieu. See index entry for "senate, Wisconsin, majority leader."
 - e. Speaker Robin Vos. See index entry for "assembly, speaker."
 - f. State Treasurer John S. Leiber. See index entry for "treasurer, state."

