**CHAPTER 201**

**SEcurities of Public Service Corporations**

201.01 Definitions. In this chapter, unless the context otherwise requires:

1. “Commission” means the office of the commissioner of railroads in the case of water carriers and the public service commission in the case of other public service corporations.

2. “Public service corporation” means and embraces every corporation, except municipalities and other political subdivisions, which is a public utility as defined in s. 196.01, and every corporation which is a water carrier as defined in s. 195.02, but shall not include a public utility corporation receiving an annual gross revenue of less than $1,000 for the calendar year next preceding the issuance of any securities by it. “Public service corporation” includes a holding company, as defined under s. 196.795 (1) (h), which is a public utility, as defined under s. 196.01 (5).

3. “Public service corporation” does not include a telecommunications provider, as defined in s. 196.01 (8p). “Public service corporation” does not include any other holding company unless the holding company was formed after November 28, 1985, and unless the commission has determined, under s. 196.795 (7) (a), that each nonutility affiliate, as defined under s. 196.795 (1) (j), does not and cannot reasonably be expected to do at least one of the items specified in s. 196.795 (7) (a). “Public service corporation” does not include a company, as defined in s. 196.795 (1) (f), which owns, operates, manages or controls a telecommunications provider, as defined in s. 196.01 (8p), unless such company also owns, operates, manages or controls a public utility which is not a telecommunications provider. “Public service corporation” does not include a transmission company, as defined in s. 196.485 (1) (g).

4. “Securities” means capital stock and evidences of indebtedness of a public service corporation, but do not include any of the following:
   a. Any obligation of a public service corporation which is not a public utility as defined in the federal Power Act, falling due one year or less after its date and bearing date not later than the day of sale.
   b. Any evidence of indebtedness of a public service corporation which is a public utility as defined in the federal Power Act, the issuance, renewal or assumption of which is exempt from section 204 (a) of the federal Power Act by the provisions of section 204 (c) thereof.
   c. Any obligation issued to the United States of America in connection with loans for rural telecommunications facilities made pursuant to the Rural Electrification Act of 1936, as amended.
   d. Any securities issued by a corporation organized under ch. 185 or 193 for the purpose of furnishing telecommunications service in rural areas.
   e. Any environmental trust bonds issued pursuant to a financing order of the commission under s. 196.027 (2).

5. “Impaired capital” means capital stock which is impaired because of enforcement of a pledge of the evidences of indebtedness, made by the corporation pursuant to a certificate of authority issued by the commission, as security for lawful indebtedness of the corporation; but in all such cases the instrument of pledge shall contain a provision to the effect that none of the pledged securities shall be sold or become the absolute property of the pledgee, either directly or indirectly, except at public sale, notice whereof shall be given.

6. “Consideration for securities” means any payment or value received in exchange for any shares of capital stock or evidences of indebtedness of a public service corporation.

7. “Validation of securities issued without certificate” means the following:
   a. 79 (1) (ge)
   b. 201.04 Consideration for securities. (1) No securities shall be issued by any public service corporation until it shall first have obtained from the commission, and recorded upon its books a certificate authorizing such issue; and the commission shall not authorize the issuance of securities for any purposes which are not proper corporate purposes, or in an amount greater than is reasonably necessary for such corporate purposes, having in view the immediate requirements of the corporation and its prospective requirements over a reasonable period in the future, and other relevant considerations.
   (2) All securities issued in violation of any of the provisions of this chapter shall be void.

8. “Power of alienation, state control.” The power to create liens or mortgages on corporate property by public service corporations in this state, or to deed such property in trust, or to issue capital stock, is a special privilege, the right of supervision, regulation, restriction and control of which shall be vested in the state, and such power shall be exercised according to the provisions of these statutes.

9. “Public service corporation” does not include a company, as defined in s. 196.01 (5), which owns, operates, manages or controls a telecommunications provider, as defined in s. 196.01 (8p), unless such company also owns, operates, manages or controls a public utility which is not a telecommunications provider. “Public service corporation” does not include a transmission company, as defined in s. 196.485 (1) (g).


11. “Issue of securities.” (1) No securities shall be issued by any public service corporation until it shall first have obtained from the commission, and recorded upon its books a certificate authorizing such issue; and the commission shall not authorize the issuance of securities for any purposes which are not proper corporate purposes, or in an amount greater than is reasonably necessary for such corporate purposes, having in view the immediate requirements of the corporation and its prospective requirements over a reasonable period in the future, and other relevant considerations.
   (2) All securities issued in violation of any of the provisions of this chapter shall be void.

12. “Judicial sale of corporation, reorganization.” History: 1997 a. 140 s. 11; Stats. 1997 s. 200.02; 1999 a. 150 s. 653; Stats. 1999 s. 201.02.


15. “Power of alienation, state control.” The power to create liens or mortgages on corporate property by public service corporations in this state, or to deed such property in trust, or to issue capital stock, is a special privilege, the right of supervision, regulation, restriction and control of which shall be vested in the state, and such power shall be exercised according to the provisions of these statutes.

16. “Public service corporation” does not include a company, as defined in s. 196.01 (5), which owns, operates, manages or controls a telecommunications provider, as defined in s. 196.01 (8p), unless such company also owns, operates, manages or controls a public utility which is not a telecommunications provider. “Public service corporation” does not include a transmission company, as defined in s. 196.485 (1) (g).

17. “Securities” means capital stock and evidences of indebtedness of a public service corporation, but do not include any of the following:
   a. Any obligation of a public service corporation which is not a public utility as defined in the federal Power Act, falling due one year or less after its date and bearing date not later than the day of sale.
   b. Any evidence of indebtedness of a public service corporation which is a public utility as defined in the federal Power Act, the issuance, renewal or assumption of which is exempt from section 204 (a) of the federal Power Act by the provisions of section 204 (c) thereof.
   c. Any obligation issued to the United States of America in connection with loans for rural telecommunications facilities made pursuant to the Rural Electrification Act of 1936, as amended.
   d. Any securities issued by a corporation organized under ch. 185 or 193 for the purpose of furnishing telecommunications service in rural areas.
   e. Any environmental trust bonds issued pursuant to a financing order of the commission under s. 196.027 (2).
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published as a class 3 notice, under ch. 985, in the place where the
sale shall take place, and further to the effect that the sale shall not
be made below the price fixed therefor by the commission in its
certificate authorizing the pledging of the securities.

**History:** 1995 a. 225; 1997 a. 140 s. 11; Stats. 1997 s. 200.04; 1999 a. 150 s. 653;
Stats. 1999 s. 201.04.

201.05 Securities. (1) **APPLICATION TO ISSUE.** Any public
service corporation desiring to issue securities shall file with the
commission an application verified by its president or vice presi-
dent and its secretary or assistant secretary or by the signers of its
articles of organization if it has not yet elected officers, setting
forth:

(a) The amount and character of the proposed securities;
(b) The purposes for which they are to be issued;
(c) The terms on which they are to be issued, including a
detailed description and a detailed statement of the value of
any property or services that are to be received in full or partial
payment therefor, and of any property or services already received
by the corporation, the cost of which is to be reimbursed to the
operation by the proceeds of such securities; and
(d) A statement of the assets and liabilities of the corporation
as of the most recent available date, together with such further
financial information as the commission may require.

(2) **HEARINGS AND INQUIRIES.** In order to determine whether
the proposed issue complies with the provisions of this chapter,
the commission may make such inquiry or investigation, hold
such hearings, and examine such witnesses, books, papers, docu-
ments or contracts, as it may deem material. It shall determine the
value of any property or services for which the securities, in whole
or in part, are to be issued. It may also make a valuation, in
detail, of all property of the corporation and may determine the full
amount of its liabilities if deemed pertinent.

(3) **VALUATION OF FRANCHISES.** In determining the value of
property under this chapter, no franchise to be a corporation and
no franchise or privilege granted to a corporation shall be appraised
at more than the sum paid therefor to the state or munici-
pality granting the same.

(4) **CLASSES PROPORTIONATE.** The amount of securities of each
class which any public service corporation may issue shall bear a
reasonable proportion to each other and to the value of the prop-
erty, due consideration being given to the nature of the business
of the corporation, its credit and prospects, the possibility that the
value of the property may change from time to time, the effect
which such issue will have upon the management and operation of
the corporation by reason of the relative amount of financial
interest which the various classes of stockholders will have in the
corporation, and other considerations deemed relevant by the
commission. The provisions of this subsection shall not apply to
common stock issued by a public service corporation which has
issued or proposes to issue its notes, bonds or other evidences of
indebtedness to the United States of America in connection with
loans for rural telecommunications facilities made pursuant to the
rural electrification act of 1936, as amended.

**History:** 1985 a. 297 s. 76; 1985 a. 332; 1997 a. 140 s. 11; Stats. 1997 s. 200.05;
1999 a. 150 s. 653; Stats. 1999 s. 201.05.

201.06 Certificate of authority, impounding securities. (1) **Upon the conclusion of its investigation, if the com-**
mission shall find that the proposed issue complies with the provi-
sions of this chapter and that the financial condition, plan of opera-
tion and proposed undertakings of the corporation will afford
reasonable protection to purchasers of the securities to be issued,
the commission shall issue to the corporation a certificate of
authority stating all of the following:

1. The amount of securities reasonably necessary and the
character of the securities.
2. The purposes for which the securities are to be issued in
such detail as the commission may consider necessary.

3. The terms on which the securities are to be sold or other-
wise disposed of, including a description and a determination of
the value of any property or services to be received in full or partial
payment therefor.

(b) A corporation shall not issue the securities on any other
terms or for any other purposes than that stated in the certificate
issued under par. (a).

(c) If any portion of the securities authorized by the certificate
are evidences of indebtedness which are to be pledged to secure
lawful obligations of the applicant, the commission in its certifi-
cate shall state the minimum price at which the securities may be
sold in the event of any enforcement of the pledge. If the purpose
of the issue is, in whole or in part, to provide funds for properties
to be constructed or acquired, the commission may, if it finds that
the public interest so requires, require the applicant to impound
the proceeds of the securities, or furnish suitable bonds to guaran-
tee the completion of the project, under conditions that the com-
mission finds to be reasonable and specifies in the certificate.

(2) The commission may attach to the issuance of any certifi-
cate under this chapter such terms, conditions or requirements as
in its judgment are reasonably necessary to protect the public
interest. Any public service corporation dissatisfied with any of
the terms or conditions so imposed by the commission in such cer-
tificate of authority shall be limited in its remedy to an action to
modify or set aside the commission order authorizing a certificate
of authority, as provided by s. 201.08. Any public service corpora-
tion issuing securities pursuant to any certificate of authority, not
having brought any such action to set aside such order shall be
deemed thereby to have waived any and all objections to the
terms, conditions and requirements contained in such certificate
of authority.

**History:** 1995 a. 225; 1997 a. 140 s. 12; Stats. 1997 s. 200.06; 1999 a. 150 s. 654,
655; Stats. 1999 s. 201.06.

201.07 Securities accounted for. The commission may by
provision inserted in its certificate of authority require issuers to
account for the disposition of all securities requiring its approval.
If the securities are issued for money, it may require the issuer to
report the price at which the securities were issued, the amount of
securities so issued, and the amount of cash which has been
received; if they are issued for the refunding or discharge of secu-
rities or other indebtedness it may require the issuer to report the
amount of securities issued for such purpose, the price at which
issued, and the amount and nature of securities or other indebted-
ness refunded or discharged by such issuance; if they are issued
for the acquisition of property or services it may require the issuer
to report the amount of securities issued for such purpose, the price
at which issued, and the amount and nature of securities or other indebted-
ness refunded or discharged by such issuance; if they are issued
for the acquisition of property or services it may require the issuer
to report the amount of securities issued for such purpose, the price
at which issued, and the amount and nature of securities or other indebted-
ness refunded or discharged by such issuance; if they are issued
for the acquisition of property or services it may require the issuer
to report the amount of securities issued for such purpose, the price
at which issued, and the amount and nature of securities or other indebted-
ness refunded or discharged by such issuance; if they are issued
for the acquisition of property or services it may require the issuer

**History:** 1997 a. 140 s. 13; Stats. 1997 s. 200.07; 1999 a. 150 s. 656; Stats. 1999
s. 201.07.

201.08 Court review. Any action of the commission under
the provisions of this chapter shall be subject to review in the man-
ner provided in ch. 227.

**History:** 1997 a. 140 s. 13; Stats. 1997 s. 200.08; 1999 a. 150 s. 656; Stats. 1999
s. 201.08.

201.09 Penalties. (1) Any public service corporation, or any
agent, director or officer of a public service corporation, who shall
directly or indirectly, issue or cause to be issued, any certificate for
whose issuance a certificate is required contrary to the provisions
of this chapter, or who shall apply the proceeds from the sale of
the securities to any purpose other than that specified in the certifi-
cate of the commission, shall forfeit to the state not less than $500
nor more than $10,000 for each offense.

(2) Every director, president, secretary or other official of
any public service corporation, who shall practice fraud or
knowingly make any false statement to secure a certificate of
authority to issue any security, or issue under a certificate so
obtained and with knowledge of such fraud, or false statement, or
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201.14

201.12 Judicial sale of corporation, reorganization. Whenever the rights, powers, privileges and franchises of any domestic public service corporation shall be sold at judicial sale or pursuant to the foreclosure of a mortgage, the purchaser shall, within 60 days after the sale, organize a new corporation pursuant to the laws respecting corporations for similar purposes and shall convey to the new corporation the rights, privileges and franchises which the former corporation had, or was entitled to have, at the time of the sale and which are provided by the statutes applicable to domestic public service corporations. The amount of securities that may be issued by the new corporation for the purpose of acquiring the property of the former corporation shall be determined in accordance with ss. 201.04, 201.05 and 201.06.


201.13 Stock. Subject to the regulatory jurisdiction of the commission under this chapter and to all other applicable provisions of law relating to water carrier or other special types of corporations, all classes and series of stock of a public service corporation shall be governed by the provisions of ch. 180.

History: 1977 a. 140 s. 15; Stats. 1977 s. 200.13; 1999 a. 150 s. 658; Stats. 1999 s. 201.13; 2005 a. 179.

201.14 Validation of securities issued without certificate. Securities issued by any such corporation, for the issuance of which a certificate should have been, but through excusable neglect or mistake was not, applied for, may be validated by the commission upon application of such corporation, signed and verified by the president and secretary, and setting forth the information required by s. 201.05 (1), and in addition thereto a concise statement of the reasons why such application was not made at the time such securities were issued. If the commission shall find and determine that such failure to make application was due to excusable neglect or mistake, and was not occasioned by any design to evade compliance with the law, the commission shall issue to the corporation a validating certificate.

History: 1977 a. 140 s. 16; Stats. 1977 s. 200.14; 1999 a. 150 s. 659; Stats. 1999 s. 201.14.