CHAPTER 251

LOCAL HEALTH OFFICIALS

251.001 Legislative findings.

251.01 Definitions.

251.02 Local health department; establishment.

251.03 Local board of health; members.

251.04 Local board of health; powers and duties.

251.05 Local health department; levels of service; duties.

251.06 Local health officer; qualifications; duties.

251.07 Certain physicians; state agency status.

251.08 Jurisdiction of local health department.

251.09 Joint services.

251.10 County health department, how financed.

251.11 City–county health department and multiple county health department, how financed.

251.12 City health department, how financed.

251.13 City–county health department and multiple county health department, joint funds.

251.15 Withdrawal of counties, cities, villages, or towns.

251.16 Local health department; evidence.

251.17 Rule making.

251.18 Gifts.

251.20 Rule making.

251.25 Multiple municipal local health department and city–city local health department; how financed.

251.30 Local health department; levels of service; duties.

251.35 Publication and effective date of orders and regulations.

251.40 In this chapter:

66.0301 that specifies, in conformity with this chapter, all of the following:

(a) The powers and duties of the city–county health department.

(b) The powers and duties of the city–county board of health for the city–county health department.

(c) The relative powers and duties of the city and county with respect to governance of the city–county health department and the city–county board of health.

(7m) “Represented employee” means an employee in a collective bargaining unit for which a representative is recognized or certified under subch. IV of ch. 111.

(8) “Sanitarian” means a sanitarian, as defined in s. 440.98 (1) (b), who is registered under s. 440.98 (5).

History: 1993 a. 27. 1993 stats. 20.

251.01 Definitions. In this chapter:

(1g) “City–county board of health” means a board of health for a city–county health department.

(1r) “County board of health” means a board of health for a single county health department or for a multiple county health department.

(3) “County health officer” means the position of a local health officer in a single county health department or in a multiple county health department.

(7m) “Represented employee” means an employee in a collective bargaining unit for which a representative is recognized or certified under subch. IV of ch. 111.

(8) “Sanitarian” means a sanitarian, as defined in s. 440.98 (1) (b), who is registered under s. 440.98 (5).

History: 1993 a. 27 ss. 196, 197, 466; 2001 a. 16; 2007 a. 130.

251.02 Local health department; establishment. (1) In counties with a population of less than 750,000, unless a county board establishes a city–county health department under sub. (1m) jointly with the governing body of a city or establishes a multiple county health department under sub. (3) in conjunction with another county, the county board shall establish a single county health department, which shall meet the requirements of this chapter. The county health department shall serve all areas of the county that are not served by a city health department that was established prior to January 1, 1994, by a town or village health department established under sub. (3m), or by a multiple municipal local health department established under sub. (3r) or by a city–county health department established under sub. (3t). No governing body of a city may establish a city health department after January 1, 1994.

(1m) Subject to sub. (1r), in counties with a population of less than 750,000, the county board and the governing body of a city that has a city health department may jointly establish a city–county health department, which shall meet the requirements of this chapter. A city–county health department shall serve all areas of the county that are not served by a city health department that was established prior to January 1, 1994, by a town or village health department established under sub. (3m), or by a multiple municipal local health department established under sub. (3r). A city–county health department established under this subsection after September 1, 2001, is subject to the control of the city and county acting jointly under an agreement entered into under s.
251.02 LOCAL HEALTH OFFICIALS

A county board may, in conjunction with the county board of one or more other counties, establish a multiple county health department, which shall meet the requirements of this chapter. A multiple county health department shall serve all areas of the respective counties that are not served by a city health department that was established prior to January 1, 1994, by a town or village health department established under sub. (3m), or by a multiple municipal local health department established under sub. (3r).

(3m) If a county has a population of at least 100,000 but less than 750,000 and the county board of that county has, by July 1, 1985, abolished a county health commission or committee established under s. 141.10, 1991 stats., a village board in that county may continue and establish as a local board of health a village board of health that was established prior to January 1, 1994, and a town board in that county may continue and establish as a local board of health a town board of health that was established prior to January 1, 1994. A village or town that does so shall establish a local health department and elect a local health officer consistent with this chapter.

(3r) In a county described in sub. (3m), in addition to the local health department required to be established under sub. (3m), the governing body of a city, village or town in that county may, in concert with the governing body of another city, village or town in that county, establish a multiple municipal local health department and elect a local health officer consistent with this chapter.

(3t) The governing body of a city with a city health department, as specified in s. 250.01 (4) (a) 3., may, in concert with the governing body of another city with a city health department, as specified in s. 250.01 (4) (a) 3., in the same county, establish a city-city health department and elect a local health officer consistent with this chapter.

(4) No governing body of a county, city, village or town is required to use the term “local health department” to refer to a local health department that is established under this section.

History: 1993 a. 27; 1999 a. 9, 185; 2001 a. 16; 2003 a. 158; 2011 a. 32; 2017 a. 207 s. 5.

251.03 Local board of health; members. (1) A local board of health shall consist of not more than 9 members. At least 3 of these members shall be persons who are not elected officials or employees of the governing body that establishes the local health department and who have a demonstrated interest or competence in the field of public health or community health. In appointing the members who are not elected officials or employees, a good faith effort shall be made to appoint a registered nurse and a physician. Members of the local board of health shall reflect the diversity of the community. A county human services board under s. 46.23 (4) may act as a county board of health if the membership of the county human services board meets the qualifications specified in this subsection and if the county human services board is authorized to act in that capacity by the county board of supervisors. If a county human services board acts in this capacity, it shall use the word “health” in its title.

(2) The chief executive officer of a city or a village shall appoint members of a local board of health, subject to confirmation by the governing body. In a county with a county executive, the county executive shall appoint members of the county board of health, subject to confirmation by the county board of supervisors. In a county without a county executive, members of the county board of health shall be appointed by the chairperson of the county board of supervisors, subject to confirmation by the county board of supervisors. The person who appoints members of the local board of health may designate certain members to be nonvoting members of the board.

(3) In establishing a city–county or multiple county health department, the relevant governing bodies shall agree on how many members of the local board of health are appointed by each governing body and how many of each governing body’s appointees shall be members who are not elected officials or employees of the governing body. The members shall be appointed as specified in sub. (2).

(4) Governing bodies of counties, cities or villages that appoint local boards of health shall specify the lengths of terms of members and shall provide for staggered terms.

(4m) Subsections (1) to (4) do not apply to a city or town that establishes a local health department under s. 251.02 (3m). In a village or town that does so, the village board or town board shall establish itself as a local board of health or appoint either wholly or partially from its own members a local board of health that consists of a suitable number of competent persons. A local board of health under this subsection shall elect a chairperson and clerk.

(4r) Subsections (1) to (4m) do not apply to a city, village or town that establishes a multiple municipal local health department described under s. 251.02 (2) (b) or (3r), or to cities that establish a city–city local health department under s. 251.02 (3). In establishing a multiple municipal local health department, the relevant governing bodies shall agree on how many members of the local board of health are appointed by each governing body and how many of each governing body’s appointees shall be members who are not elected officials or employees of the governing body. The members shall be appointed by the relevant governing bodies. A local board of health under this subsection shall elect a chairperson and clerk.

(5) No governing body of a county, city, village or town is required to use the term “local board of health” to refer to a local board of health that is established under this section.

History: 1993 a. 27; 1999 a. 9; 2003 a. 158.

251.04 Local board of health; powers and duties. (1) Except as authorized in s. 251.02 (2) (b), (3m), (3r), and (3t), a city board of health shall govern a city health department, a county board of health shall govern a county health department or multiple county health department, and a city–city board of health shall govern a city–city health department. A county board of health, a county board of health, a city–county board of health, or a board of health for a local health department as authorized in s. 251.02 (2) (b), (3m), (3r), or (3t) shall assure the enforcement of state public health statutes and public health rules of the department as prescribed for a Level I local health department. A local board of health may contract or subcontract with a public or private entity to provide public health services. The contractor’s staff shall meet the appropriate qualifications for positions in a Level I local health department.

(2) A city or county board of health or a board of health for a local health department as authorized in s. 251.02 (2) (b), (3m), (3r), or (3t) shall assure that its local health department is a Level I, Level II, or Level III local health department, as specified in s. 251.05 (1).

(3) A city or county board of health or a board of health for a local health department as authorized in s. 251.02 (2) (b), (3m), (3r), or (3t) may adopt those regulations, for its own guidance and for the governance of the local health department, that it considers necessary to protect and improve public health. The regulations may be no less stringent than, and may not conflict with, state statutes and rules of the department.

(4) A local board of health shall report to the department as required by rule.

(5) A local board of health shall meet at least quarterly.

(6) A local board of health shall:

(a) Assess public health needs and advocate for the provision of reasonable and necessary public health services.

(b) Develop policy and provide leadership that fosters local involvement and commitment, that emphasizes public health needs and that advocates for equitable distribution of public health resources and complementary private activities commensurate with public health needs.
LOCAL HEALTH OFFICIALS 251.06

251.06 Local health officer; qualifications; duties. (1) A local health officer of a Level I local health department shall have at least a baccalaureate degree in public health, environmental health, or related sciences, and a minimum of two years of full-time experience in public health, or, as defined in rules promulgated by the board of the department, the equivalent of two years. A local health officer of a Level II local health department shall have at least a baccalaureate degree in public health, environmental health, or related sciences, and a minimum of three years of full-time experience in public health, or, as defined in rules promulgated by the board of the department, the equivalent of three years. A local health officer of a Level III local health department shall have at least a baccalaureate degree in public health, environmental health, or related sciences, and a minimum of four years of full-time experience in public health, or, as defined in rules promulgated by the board of the department, the equivalent of four years.

(2) A local health officer of a Level I local health department shall have at least a baccalaureate degree in public health, environmental health, or related sciences, and a minimum of two years of full-time experience in public health, or, as defined in rules promulgated by the board of the department, the equivalent of two years. A local health officer of a Level II local health department shall have at least a baccalaureate degree in public health, environmental health, or related sciences, and a minimum of three years of full-time experience in public health, or, as defined in rules promulgated by the board of the department, the equivalent of three years. A local health officer of a Level III local health department shall have at least a baccalaureate degree in public health, environmental health, or related sciences, and a minimum of four years of full-time experience in public health, or, as defined in rules promulgated by the board of the department, the equivalent of four years.
counts toward satisfying the requirements for education, training, instruction, or other experience to qualify as a public health officer if the applicant demonstrates to the satisfaction of the department that the education, training, instruction, or other experience that the applicant obtained in connection with his or her military service is substantially equivalent to the education, training, instruction, or other experience that is required to qualify as a public health officer.

(2) (a) Except as provided in pars. (b) and (c), a local health officer shall be a full−time employee of a local health department.

(b) A local health officer of a county health department in a county under s. 251.02 (3m) shall be a full−time employee of the county who meets the qualifications of a local health officer of a Level I local health department.

(c) A local health officer of a local health department of a village or town established under s. 251.02 (3m) or a local health officer of a multiple municipal local health department established under s. 251.02 (3r) shall be one of the following:

1. An employee of the local health department of the village or town or an employee of the multiple municipal local health department.

2. A full−time employee of a local health department other than that specified in subd. 1.

3. The local health officer under par. (b).

4. The employee of a hospital, who provides, on a full−time basis, the services under s. 251.05 (2) (a), (b) or (c).

(3) A local health officer shall:

(a) Administer the local health department in accordance with state statutes and rules.

(b) Enforce state public health statutes and rules.

(c) Enforce any regulations that the local board of health adopts and any ordinances that the relevant governing body enacts, if those regulations and ordinances are consistent with state public health statutes and rules.

(d) Administer all funds received by the local health department for public health programs.

(e) Appoint all necessary subordinate personnel, assure that they meet appropriate qualifications and have supervisory power over all subordinate personnel. Any public health nurses and sanitarians hired for the local health department shall meet any qualification requirements established in rules promulgated by the department. “Subordinate personnel” under this paragraph may include any of the following:

1. A public health educator who meets qualifications that the department shall specify by rule.

2. A public health nutritionist, who is a certified dietitian, as defined in s. 448.70 (1m), is credentialed as a registered dietitian by the Commission on Dietetic Registration, and meets qualifications that the department shall specify by rule.

3. A public health dental hygienist, who is licensed as a dental hygienist under s. 447.04 (2) (a) or (b), and who meets qualifications that the department shall specify by rule.

(f) Investigate and supervise the sanitary conditions of all premises within the jurisdictional area of the local health department.

(g) Have access to vital records and vital statistics from the register of deeds, as specified in ch. 69.

(h) Have charge of the local health department and perform the duties prescribed by the local board of health. The local health officer shall submit an annual report of the administration of the local health department to the local board of health.

(i) Promote the spread of information as to the causes, nature and prevention of prevalent diseases, and the preservation and improvement of health.

(4) (a) Except as provided in pars. (b) and (c), a local health officer shall be appointed in the same manner as are members of a local board of health under s. 251.03 (2).

(b) In any county with a county executive that has a single county health department, the county executive shall appoint and supervise the county health officer. The appointment is subject to confirmation by the county board unless the county board, by ordinance, elects to waive confirmation or unless the appointment is made under a civil service system competitive examination procedure established under s. 59.52 (8) or ch. 63. The county health officer appointed under this paragraph is subject only to the supervision of the county executive. In a county with such a county health officer, the local board of health shall be only a policy−making body determining the broad outlines and philosophies governing the administration of the county health department.

(c) A local health officer of a village or town health department established under s. 251.02 (3m), of a multiple municipal local health department established under s. 251.02 (2) (b) or (3), or of a city−city local health department established under s. 251.02 (3) shall be appointed by the local board of health.
in a manner agreed upon by the relevant governing bodies. A certified copy of the budget, which shall include a statement of the amount required from each county and city, shall be delivered to the county board of each participating county and to the mayor or city manager of each participating city. The appropriation to be made by each participating county and city shall be determined by the governing body of the county and city. No part of the cost apportioned to the county shall be levied against any property within the city.

(2) The local board of health of a multiple county health department established under s. 251.02 (3) shall, under this section, determine the compensation for the employees of the multiple county health department. The local board of health of a city–county health department established under s. 251.02 (1m) shall, under this section, determine the compensation for the employees of the city–county health department.


251.115 Multiple municipal local health department and city–city local health department; how financed. The governing body of every multiple municipal local health department established under s. 251.02 (2) (b) or (3r) and of every city–city local health department established under s. 251.02 (3) shall annually prepare a budget of its proposed expenditures for the ensuing fiscal year and determine the contribution from each participating municipality in a manner agreed upon by the relevant governing bodies. A certified copy of the budget, which shall include a statement of the amount required from each municipality, shall be delivered to the governing body of each participating municipality. The appropriation to be made by each participating municipality shall be determined by the governing body of the city, village, and town.

History: 2015 a. 175; 2017 a. 6.

251.12 City health department, how financed. The common council shall appropriate funds for the operation of all of the following:

(1) A city health department that is established as specified in s. 251.02 (1) and (2) (a).
(2) A multiple municipal local health department that is established as specified in s. 251.02 (3r).
(3) A multiple municipal local health department that is established as specified in s. 251.02 (2) (b).
(4) A city–city local health department that is established as specified in s. 251.02 (3).

History: 1993 a. 27; 1999 a. 9; 2003 a. 158, 326.

251.125 Village health department, how financed. If a village health department is established under s. 251.02 (2) (a) or (3m), if a multiple municipal local health department is established as specified in s. 251.02 (3r), or if a multiple municipal local health department is established as specified in s. 251.02 (2) (b), the village board shall appropriate funds for the operation of the department.

History: 1993 a. 27; 1999 a. 9, 185; 2003 a. 158.

251.127 Town health department, how financed. If a town health department is established under s. 251.02 (3m) or if a multiple municipal local health department is established under s. 251.02 (3r) by the governing body of a town in concert with the governing body of another town or a city or village, the town board shall appropriate funds for the operation of the department.

History: 1993 a. 27; 1999 a. 9.

251.13 City–county health department and multiple county health department, joint funds. For each multiple county or city–county health department, a joint health department fund shall be created either in the treasurer’s office where the principal office of the health department is located or in the office of the city treasurer of a city within the health department’s jurisdiction, as determined by the local board of health. The treasurer of each county and city participating in the health department shall annually pay or cause to be paid into the fund the share of the county or city. This fund shall be expended by the treasurer in whose office the fund is kept in the manner prescribed by the local board of health pursuant to properly authenticated vouchers of the health department signed by the local health officer.

History: 1993 a. 27 s. 218.

251.135 Publication and effective date of orders and regulations. The orders and regulations of a local board of health shall be published as a class 1 notice, under ch. 985, and shall take effect immediately after publication. No local board of health is required to use the term “regulation” to refer to a regulation that is published under this section.

History: 1993 a. 27 s. 211; Stats. 1993 s. 251.135.

251.14 Gifts. A local board of health may receive gifts and donations for the purpose of carrying out the provisions of this chapter.

History: 1993 a. 27 s. 215.

251.15 Withdrawal of counties, cities, villages, or towns. (1) After establishing a multiple municipal local health department under s. 251.02 (3), any participating county board may withdraw by giving written notice to its county board of health and the county boards of all other participating counties, except that participating county boards may, in establishing a multiple county health department under the same s. 251.02 (3), establish an initial minimum participation period of up to 5 years. If a multiple county health department is established with an initial minimum participation period under this subsection and a participating city may not withdraw during that initial minimum period unless withdrawal is necessary to meet statutory requirements for a Level I health department under s. 251.05.
(2) A city that had established a local health department prior to deciding to participate in a city–county health department established under s. 251.02 (1m) may withdraw from the city–county health department if the common council of the city gives written notice to the county board of the participating county, except that participating cities and counties may, in establishing a city–county health department under s. 251.02 (1m), establish an initial minimum participation period of up to 5 years. If a city–county health department is established with an initial minimum participation period under this subsection, a participating city or county may not withdraw during that initial minimum period unless withdrawal is necessary to meet statutory requirements for a Level I health department under s. 251.05.

(2m) After establishing a multiple municipal local health department under s. 251.02 (2) (b) or (3r) or a city–city local health department under s. 251.02 (3), the governing body of any participating city, village, or town participating may withdraw by giving written notice to the local board of health and to the governing bodies of all other participating cities, villages, and towns, except that participating cities, villages, and towns may, in establishing a multiple municipal local health department under s. 251.02 (2) (b) or (3r) or a city–city local health department under s. 251.02 (3), establish an initial minimum participation period of up to 5 years. If a multiple municipal local health department or city–city local health department is established with an initial minimum participation period under this subsection, a participating city, village, or town may not withdraw during that initial minimum period unless withdrawal is necessary to meet statutory requirements for a Level I health department under s. 251.05.

(3) The notice under sub. (1), (2), or (2m) shall be given at least one year prior to commencement of the fiscal year at which the withdrawal takes effect. Whenever the withdrawal takes effect, all relevant provisions of law relating to local boards of health and local health officers shall immediately become applicable within the withdrawing county, city, village, or town.

251.16  Local health department; evidence.  The reports and employees of a local health department are subject to s. 970.03 (12) (b).

History: 1979 c. 221; 1985 a. 267 s. 3; 1993 a. 27 s. 221; Stats. 1993 s. 251.16.

251.20  Rule making.  The department shall promulgate rules that specify all of the following:

1) Required services for each of Levels I, II and III local health departments under s. 251.05 (2).

2) Additional required services for Level II and Level III local health departments under s. 251.05 (2) (b) and (c), including services that the department of health services determines appropriately address objectives or services specified in the most recent public health agenda under s. 250.07 (1) (a).


Cross-reference: See also ch. DHS 140, Wis. adm. code.