Fiscal Estimate - 2021 Session

☐ Updated	Corrected Supple	emental
LRB Number 21-3444/1	Introduction Number AB-04	31
Description sale of surplus real property owned by the Depa	rtment of Transportation	
Fiscal Effect		
Appropriations Reve	ease Existing absorb within agency's l	e possible to budget No
Permissive Mandatory Perm 2. Decrease Costs 4. Decre Permissive Mandatory Perm	5.Types of Local Governments ase Revenue Dissive Mandatory ease Revenue Dissive Mandatory Districts 5.Types of Local Governments Units Affected Towns Counties Others Districts Districts	e Cities
Fund Sources Affected	Affected Ch. 20 Appropria	ntions
☐ GPR ☐ FED ☐ PRO ☐ PRS ☐	SEG SEGS 20.395(3)(cq); 20.395(4)(ev	v)
Agency/Prepared By	Authorized Signature	Date
DOT/ Sarah Osborn (608) 266-5310	Joan Meier (608) 267-6978	8/24/2021

Fiscal Estimate Narratives DOT 8/24/2021

LRB Number 21-3444/1	Introduction Number	AB-0431	Estimate Type	Original							
Description											
sale of surplus real property owned by the Department of Transportation											

Assumptions Used in Arriving at Fiscal Estimate

State Expenditure:

WisDOT estimates expending \$5,428,500 in the first two years and \$466,500 annually under this bill, if enacted. One-time tasks include: mass prep of parcels for bids; assessed valuation method for 75% of these parcels; appraisal of 25% of these parcels; legal descriptions; and environmental document review and approval. Ongoing costs described below. WisDOT plans to hire contractors to perform these tasks, funded through s. 20.395(3)(cq), state highway rehabilitation.

WisDOT does not spend significant costs on maintaining surplus limited and non-marketable parcels under current law.

State Revenue:

WisDOT estimates generating approximately \$3,183,000 in revenue to the transportation fund and s. 20.395(4) (ew) in the first two years of implementation based on adjusted average parcel sales by region and parcel type in the previous three years. WisDOT's current inventory includes 114 non-marketable parcels and 648 limited marketable parcels. If parcel sales increased by 60 percent in each region under this bill, WisDOT would sell 109 non-marketable parcels and 136 limited marketable parcels in the first two years. This calculation also reflects an assumption that parcels under this bill would sell for roughly 20 percent less than under current law due to an increase in supply and pressure to sell.

It is important to note that the first \$2.75 million in revenue from surplus land sales returns to the transportation fund and any amount over that threshold goes to s. 20.395(4)(ew) operating budget supplements. This revenue does not return to s. 20.395(3)(cq), which funds the activities associated with surplus land sales. While WisDOT as a whole may experience a net loss of \$2,245,159 in the first two years of AB-431, s. 20.395(3)(cq) would experience a net loss of \$5,438,500. The worksheet attached to this fiscal estimate shows the impact to s. 20.395(3)(cq), as the long term revenue implications of AB-431 to the Department as a whole are unknown.

See attachment for state fiscal estimate calculations.

Local Government Revenue:

Local governments would likely experience an increase in property tax revenue under this bill. Using the state average property tax rate of 1.68 percent, we estimate that AB-431 would generate an increase in local revenue of \$53,480 in the first two years under the bill.

Long-Range Fiscal Implications

WisDOT estimates expending \$466,500 annually under this bill. Ongoing tasks include: preparation of new parcels for sealed bids; assessed valuations for new parcels; appraisals for re-bids; legal descriptions and environmental document production for new parcels; and re-bid preparations.

WisDOT predicts higher revenue in the first two years than in subsequent years but has insufficient data to calculate these effects. WisDOT will continue to generate surplus land parcels every year through regular construction projects and related real estate acquisition.

Local governments would continue to collect property tax revenue from newly private properties in future vears.

Fiscal Estimate Worksheet - 2021 Session

Detailed Estimate of Annual Fiscal Effect

☑ Original □	Updated	Corrected	Supplemental									
LRB Number 21-3444	1/1	Introduction Numl	ber AB-0431									
Description sale of surplus real property owr	ned by the Departi	ment of Transportation										
I. One-time Costs or Revenue annualized fiscal effect):	Impacts for State	e and/or Local Governmen	nt (do not include in									
\$5,428,500												
II. Annualized Costs:		Annualized Fiscal Impact on funds from										
		Increased Costs	Decreased Costs									
A. State Costs by Category												
State Operations - Salaries an	d Fringes	\$	\$									
(FTE Position Changes)												
State Operations - Other Costs	\$	466,500										
Local Assistance			датементы по									
Aids to Individuals or Organiza			And the Country of th									
TOTAL State Costs by Cat	egory	\$466,500	\$									
B. State Costs by Source of Fu	unds											
GPR												
FED												
PRO/PRS												
SEG/SEG-S		466,500										
III. State Revenues - Complete (e.g., tax increase, decrease in			decrease state revenues									
- Anti-Open (A No. open in company in the Command of the Command and Anti-Open (A No. Open Inc. And Command Anti-Open Inc. Anti-Open Inc. And Command Anti-O		Increased Rev	Decreased Rev									
GPR Taxes		\$	\$									
GPR Earned												
FED												
PRO/PRS			•									
SEG/SEG-S												
TOTAL State Revenues		\$	\$									
	NET ANNUALIZ	ZED FISCAL IMPACT										
		<u>State</u>	<u>Local</u>									
NET CHANGE IN COSTS	AAAA - 1740 - 400 - 100	\$466,500	\$00									
NET CHANGE IN REVENUE		\$	\$									
Agency/Prepared By	Au	thorized Signature	Date									
DOT/ Sarah Osborn (608) 266-5	5310 Jos	an Meier (608) 267-6978	8/24/2021									

Wisconsin Department of Transportation Transportation: sale of surplus real property owned by the Department of Transportation

LRB 21-3444/1 AB-0431

NOTES					Considered not by hours, but by the cost of	the item	Considered not by hours, but by the cost of	the item				DOT emplovee labor - can't be consulted											4,000 DOT employee labor - can't be consulted			
														\$ 240,000		\$ 11,250		\$ 56,250	\$ 75,000		\$ 20,000		4,000		\$ 60,000	\$ 466,500
Ongoing Additional Hours of Labor Needed														2,400	And the state of t	111				The state of the s	200		100		\$ 009	3,411
Initial Two-Year Implementation Cost (spread over 2 years)		\$ 3,360,000		\$ 157,500		\$ 525,000		\$ 1,050,000		\$ 280,000		\$ 56,000														\$ 5,428,500
One-Time Additional Hours of Labor Needed		. 33,600		1,575 \$			- saimi			2,800		1,400														39,375
Process Step	One-time cost of mass prep of parcels for sealed bid (700 parcels @ 48 hrs/parcel, \$100/hr	consultant cost)	One-time cost of assessed valuation method for 75% of mass prep parcels (3	hours/valuation, 525 valuations, \$100/hour consultant cost)		One-time cost of appraising 25% of mass prep parcels (\$3,000/appraisal, 175 parcels)		One-time cost of legal descriptions for all mass prep parcels (\$1,500/legal, 700 parcels)	One-time cost of environmental document production for all mass prep parcels (700 parcels	@ 4 hours/parcel, \$100/hour consultant cost)	One-time cost of environmental document review and approval for all mass prep parcels	(700 parcels @ 2 hours/parcel, \$40/hour DOT employee cost)	Ongoing cost of prepping extra new parcels for sealed bid (50 parcels @ 48 hrs/parcel,	\$100/hr consultant cost)	Ongoing cost of assessed valuation method for 75% of new parcels every year (3	hours/valuation, 37 parcels, \$100/hour consultant cost)	Ongoing cost of appraising for parcels needing re-bid (6) and 25% of new parcels every two	years (\$3,000/appraisal, 13 parcels)	Ongoing cost of legal descriptions for new parcels (\$1,500/legal, 50 parcels)	Ongoing cost of environmental document production for new parcels (50 parcels @ 4	hours/parcel, \$100/hour consultant cost)	Ongoing cost of environmental document review and approval for new parcels (50 parcels	@ 2 hours/parcel, \$40/hour DOT employee cost)	Ongoing cost of preparing biennial "re-bid" for parcels that don't sell (based on 25 parcels	needing re-bid, 24 hours/parcel)	

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\$100/hour	700	525	175	25 Potential addn'l sale	24	100	19	9	150	113	38	50	37	13
resources) otal One-Time Parcels (existing parcels that would need to be acted upon within two	years, assumes some are already prepared)	Assessed Valuation Method Mass Prep Parcels (75%)	Appraisal Mass Prep Parcels (25%)	Estimated # Parcels Needing Annual Re-Bid	Estimated # Hours Per Parcel for Re-Bidding Tasks	Average # Limited- and Non-Marketable Sales Annually	Assessed Valuation Method for Re-Bid Parcels (75%)	Appraisal for Re-Bid Parcels (25%)	Estimated # New Parcels Entering Inventory Annually	Assessed Valuation Method for Annual New Parcels (75%)	Appraisal for Annual New Parcels (25%)	Estimated # New Parcels that Would Not Have Been Prepared Previously (33%)	# new parcels needing assessed value methodthat would not have before	# new parcels needing appraisal that would not have before

^{***}The one-time costs are over a two-year span of time per the draft.