Fiscal Estimate - 2023 Session

☑ Original ☐ Updated	Corrected Su	pplemental
LRB Number 23-1973/1	Introduction Number SI	B-0268
Description Department of Revenue enforcement and prov	viding a penalty	
Fiscal Effect		
Appropriations Rev	rease Existing venues crease Existing venues crease Existing venues Decrease Costs	orb within et No
Permissive Mandatory Per	crease Revenue Counties Cormissive Mandatory School	ts Village
Fund Sources Affected GPR FED PRO PRS	Affected Ch. 20 Ap	propriations
Agency/Prepared By	Authorized Signature	Date
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Fiscal Estimate Narratives DOR 5/9/2023

LRB Number	23-1973/1	Introduction Number	SB-0268	Estimate Type	Original	
Description						
Department of Revenue enforcement and providing a penalty						

Assumptions Used in Arriving at Fiscal Estimate

The bill makes various changes to current law regarding the Department of Revenue's enforcement and administration of the laws under its purview.

License to sell cigarettes or tobacco products: This will result in greater cigarette and tobacco products tax compliance. The department estimates that this will result in a minimal, but indeterminate, increase in revenues.

License to sell electronic vaping devices: This will result in greater compliance and will result in a minimal, but indeterminate, increase in revenues.

Definition of fermented malt beverages: The bill changes the definition of "fermented malt beverages" to conform to the federal definition. Under the bill, sugar based hard seltzers (truly, white claw, etc.) would be considered fermented malt beverages for state tax and regulation purposes. The statutory tax rate for fermented malt beverages (\$2.00 per 31-gallon barrel) is lower than the rate for wine, resulting in a tax rate decrease.

According to Statista (a company specializing in market and consumer data) the US sales volume of hard seltzers in 2021 was estimated to be about 499 million liters and was projected at 631 million liters by 2026. This represents a 5% annual growth rate. Using these sales volumes, the 2021 US population estimates from the US Census bureau, and the US per capita alcohol consumption in 2022 from the World Population review the department can estimate Wisconsin hard seltzer sales volumes of about 3.0 million gallons or 11.7 million liters in 2023.

The differential between taxing hard seltzers as wine (\$0.06605 per liter) or taxing such products as fermented malt beverage (\$0.0645 per gallon) is approximately \$574,600 in 2023.

Assuming a growth rate of 5% per year, the tax differential would grow to \$605,000 in FY24 and \$637,000 in FY25. The foregone revenue would be lower to the extent the filers currently remit taxes at the lower rate.

Publishing a list of retail licenses: No revenue impact. The cost of publishing the list is minimal and can be absorbed with existing resources.

Criminal history search fee: In FY18, FY19, FY20, FY21, and FY22 there were 365, 830, 406, 246, and 296 searches conducted by DOR, respectively. At a cost of \$7 per search, the total cost incurred in FY18, FY19, FY20, FY21, and FY22 were \$2,555, \$5,810, \$2,842, \$1,722, and \$2072. Based on these figures, the department assumes a total of about 430 searches annually at a total cost of about \$3,000 per year. The bill would shift this burden from DOR to the applicant, reducing costs.

Tax return information disclosure: The department anticipates this provision will have no fiscal effect.

Lottery provisions: The department anticipates these provisions will have a minimal fiscal effect.

Possession of alcohol vapor devices: No revenue impact. The department assumes alcohol vapor devices are not substituting the purchase of any legal taxable products.

Penalties for evading excise taxes and unlawful possession of cigarettes: This will result in greater cigarette tax compliance. The department estimates that this will result in a minimal, but indeterminate,

increase in revenues.

Alcohol beverage permit reapplication: The department anticipates this provision will have a minimal fiscal effect.

Notice of change filed by alcohol beverage licensee or permittee: The department anticipates this provision will have no fiscal effect.

Sales suppression devices and phantomware: To the extent the bill reduces future use of sales suppression devices and phantomware, general fund tax revenues may increase by an indeterminate amount compared to current law.

Administrative Costs

The department can absorb administrative costs related to this bill with existing resources.

Long-Range Fiscal Implications