

lumber which may be driven, boomed, stored, assorted or delivered by them, their agents or servants, and all such fees, tolls and charges shall be and remain a lien upon all such logs, timber, posts, poles and lumber until fully paid and satisfied, and may be collected as provided in the revised statutes for the enforcement of liens upon logs, timber and lumber.

Shall not im-
pede naviga-
tion.

SECTION 4. None of the works of improvement of any sort authorized hereby to be put in said streams shall in any manner unreasonably or materially impede or hinder the free navigation of such streams; provided, the state reserves the right to repeal or amend this act and to revoke or modify the franchise hereby granted, whenever in the judgment of the legislature the public interest may so demand.

SECTION 5. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage and publication.

Approved March 29, 1882.

[No. 10, A.]

Published April 14, 1882.]

CHAPTER 279.

AN ACT to confer further jurisdiction upon the county judge of the county of Kewaunee.

The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

Conferring jur-
isdiction on
county judge
in Kewaunee.

SECTION 1. There is hereby conferred upon the county judge of Kewaunee county, the same and like civil and criminal jurisdiction as is or may by law be given to justices of the peace in said county; and the said county judge shall have full power and authority to issue all legal process within such jurisdiction and shall have and may exercise all the powers possessed by justices of the peace, under the laws of this state; and actions may be removed to or from the said judge in the same manner as provided by law for the removal of causes from and to justices of the peace; and all the proceedings in actions before him, shall be the same in all respects, and the parties thereto shall have the same right of trial and appeals as are had and is allowed in actions before the justices of the peace; and all statutes of the state now or which may hereafter be in force, conferring power upon or regulating proceedings before justices of the peace, shall be applicable to the said judge.

SECTION 2. That the said county judge, before performing any acts under and by virtue of the author-

ity hereby granted, shall qualify in the same manner as is by law required of justices of the peace, and shall be subject to the same liabilities, obligations and duties as are or may be by law imposed upon justices of the peace.

SECTION 3. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage and publication.

Approved March 29, 1882.

[No. 226, A.]

[Published April 14, 1882.]

CHAPTER 280.

AN ACT relating to the alteration of the boundaries of joint school districts, and to authorize appeals in certain cases.

The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. Whenever an application in writing for an alteration in the boundaries of any joint school district, signed by not less than one-third of the lawful voters residing in the districts to be effected by the proposed alteration, shall be presented to the chairman of supervisors of the town in which the school house of such joint district may be situated, such chairman shall thereupon fix a time for the joint meeting of the town boards of the towns in which such joint school district may be situated, which time shall not be less than ten nor more than twenty days after the day of the presentation to him of such application. He shall also cause a notice of the time and place of such meeting to be given to each supervisor entitled to be present thereat, which notice shall be served at least five days prior to the date fixed for such meeting. Such meeting shall be held at the school house in such joint district unless some other convenient place shall be designated in the notice therefor.

Authorize appeals in certain cases.

SECTION 2. If the chairman or supervisors to whom such application shall be presented, shall neglect or refuse to fix the time, or to give notice for the meeting of the town boards as provided in the first section of this act, or if the said supervisors or a majority thereof of any town in which a part of said joint district may be situated, shall neglect or refuse to be present at such meeting; or, being present, shall neglect or refuse to hear and decide upon such application, the application shall be deemed denied, and an appeal may be had therefrom in the same manner and with the like effect as in other cases of denial.