

shall be and the same is hereby limited to the first day of June, 1883.

SECTION 3. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage and publication.

Approved April 3, 1883.

CHAPTER 341.

Sturgeon Bay. (See vol. 2.)

[No. 170, A.]

[Published April 7, 1883.]

CHAPTER 342.

AN ACT to more effectually suppress vagabondage.

The people of the state of Wisconsin represented in senate and assembly do enact as follows:

Tramps
defined.

SECTION 1. Any male person of the age of sixteen years or upwards, being a vagrant within the purview of section 1543, revised statutes, who shall be found within any town, city or village of this state, having at the time no visible means of support, and not being at that time an actual inhabitant of such town, city, or village, or any such person who shall be found drunk and disorderly shall be deemed a tramp.

Punishment for
being tramps.

SECTION 2. Any person convicted of being a tramp as defined in section 1 of this act, shall be punished by imprisonment in the county jail not less than fifteen days, during which imprisonment his food and drink shall be bread and water only; or by imprisonment in the state prison not exceeding one year, except in counties having work houses. Commitment may be made to such work house in the discretion of the court.

Jurisdiction
concurrent.

SECTION 3. The several county and municipal courts of this state shall have concurrent jurisdiction with the circuit courts of all offenses arising under this act; and every such county and municipal court shall be deemed open at all times to hear, try and determine all cases arising under this act.

Process to be
issued for
arrest.

SECTION 4. For the apprehension of any person or persons charged with being a tramp under the provisions of this act, the judges of the several courts of record in vacation as well as in term time, and court commissioners are hereby author-

ized to issue process to carry into effect the provisions of this act, and all proceedings for the arrest and examination of offenders shall be had and conducted under the provisions of chapter 195 of the revised statutes, except that justices of the peace shall have no jurisdiction to issue process or hold or conduct an examination.

SECTION 5. When upon such examination the accused shall be bound over or held for trial, the judge or court commissioner conducting such examination shall forthwith transmit the record thereof to the county or municipal court of such county, and shall order the accused forthwith to appear before such court to which he has been so held, there to stand trial. The district attorney of such county shall appear for the state, and, as soon as practicable, file an information against the accused under the provisions of this act.

Records of examination to be transmitted.

SECTION 6. When arraigned upon such information, if the defendant shall plead guilty, the court shall at once proceed to pass sentence upon him, but if such defendant shall not plead guilty, a jury shall forthwith be impaneled and the defendant put upon trial unless the case be continued for cause.

Shall pass sentence.

SECTION 7. Whenever the court in which any information, provided for in the preceding section, shall have been filed, shall not at the time of the filing of such information have a regular jury panel of jurors present, the court shall order a special venire to issue to the sheriff, commanding him to summon the number of persons therein named from the county at large, qualified by law to serve as jurors in a court of record, who shall not be of kin to the defendant nor interested in the case.

Respecting the jury.

SECTION 8. The trial, except as otherwise provided in this act, and all proceedings therein and subsequent thereto shall be conducted as near as may be in conformity with the practice in the circuit court, in criminal cases, and the clerk of the circuit court of the county shall act as clerk of the county court in all cases under this act and he shall receive the same fees as he is entitled to receive for like service in the circuit court.

Trial, how to be conducted.

SECTION 9. Hereafter no sheriff or jailor shall receive, and no county board of supervisors shall allow any compensation for keeping or boarding any tramp in the common jail or other place in

Compensation to sheriff.

any county of this state, unless such tramp shall have been duly arrested and committed under the provisions of this act.

Manner in which persons complained against, shall be surrendered.

SECTION 10. If any person complained against of being a tramp under the provisions of this act, shall be under arrest for any misdemeanor, the officer, having the custody of such accused shall, upon demand at any time upon trial of such accused person, surrender such person to any officer having in his possession for service a warrant directing the arrest of such accused for any offense under the provisions of this act, and such accused shall be immediately brought before the court issuing such warrant under the provisions of this act, to be dealt with according to law, and all proceedings under the arrest for the misdemeanor shall be suspended to await the trial under the provisions of this act; and in case of the acquittal of such person under the provisions of this act, he shall be forthwith returned to the custody of the officer from whose possession he was taken and the trial for such misdemeanor shall proceed according to law.

SECTION 11. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage and publication.

NOTE BY THE SECRETARY OF STATE.—The foregoing act having been presented to the governor for his approval, and not having been returned by him to the house of the legislature in which it originated, within the time prescribed by the constitution of the state, has become a law without his approval.

ERNST G. TIMME,
Secretary of State.

April 4, 1883.

CHAPTER 343.

Oconto. (See vol. 4.)

[No. 231, A.]

[Published April 18, 1883.]

CHAPTER 344.

AN ACT to authorize S. L. Cowan, Isaac H. Wing and Wm. L. Phipps, their associates and assigns, to erect, maintain and keep up a dam across and otherwise improve the Totogata-canse, in Douglas county, Wisconsin.

The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. S. L. Cowan, Isaac H. Wing and Wm. L. Phipps, their associates and assigns, are

Authorized to build a dam.