

ciety, Polish national benevolent society, St. Joseph's benevolent society, St. Patrick's T. A. society, of Janesville, the societies belonging to the German Roman Catholic central association of the United States of North America, and the family protective association of Milwaukee, and the mutual protection association of Wisconsin, the mutual beneficial life association of the state of Wisconsin, the Danish brotherhood of the United States, the Bohemian brotherhood, C. S. P. S., the Wisconsin mutual aid association, the narodni jednota society of Racine, the United States benevolent fraternity, are hereby declared not to be life insurance companies, in the sense and meaning of the general laws of the state, relating to life insurance companies, and no other orders, societies or associations are hereby declared to be exempt from the provisions of the general insurance laws of the state.

SECTION 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage and publication.

Approved April 14, 1887.

[No. 172, A.]

[Published May 3, 1887.]

## CHAPTER 535.

AN ACT relating to liens, and amendatory of section 3315, of the revised statutes, as amended by chapter 312, of the laws of 1885.

*The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:*

SECTION 1. Section 3315, of the revised statutes, as amended by chapter 312, of the laws of Wisconsin for the year 1885, is hereby amended so as to read as follows: Section 3315. Every person who, as a subcontractor of a principal contractor, or as subcontractor of a subcontractor of such principal contractor, or as employe of any principal contractor, subcontractor, or subcontractor of a subcontractor, performs any work or labor for, or furnishes any materials to a principal

Amending section 3315, R. S.  
—Liens—who entitled to.

contractor or subcontractor, or subcontractor of a subcontractor in any of the cases mentioned in the preceding section, shall be entitled to the lien and remedy given by this chapter, if within thirty days from the date of the last charge for performing such work or labor, or furnishing such materials, he shall give notice in writing to the owner or his agent, of the property to be affected by such lien, setting forth that he has been employed by such principal contractor, subcontractor or subcontractor of a subcontractor, to perform or furnish, and has performed or furnished such work, labor or materials, with a statement of the labor performed or materials furnished, and the amount due therefor from such principal contractor, subcontractor or subcontractor of a subcontractor, and that he claims the lien given by this chapter. But in no case shall the owner be compelled to pay a greater sum for, or on account of such house, building or other improvement, than the price or sum stipulated in the original contract; provided, that if it shall appear to the court that the owner and contractor fraudulently and for the purpose of defrauding subcontractors, subcontractors of subcontractors or employes, fixed an unreasonably low price in such original contract, then the court shall ascertain how much of a difference exists between a fair price for the labor and materials for said building or other work or improvement and the sum named in said original contract, and said difference shall be considered a part of the contract and be subject to a lien; but in no case shall the original contractor's time or profits be secured by this lien, except so far as the sum named in the original contract. Payment by the owner aforesaid of the demand of any claimant under this section shall constitute and be an absolute assignment of such claim to said owner without any other or further act whatever. And, in any action brought by a claimant under this section for the foreclosure of a lien claim, the party primarily liable for the demand of such claimant, may be made a party to such action and the court may render personal judgment in such action in favor of such parties as shall appear entitled thereto and against such parties as are personally liable for such demand.

SECTION 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage and publication.  
 Approved April 14, 1887.

[No. 14, S.]

[Published May 2, 1887.]

## CHAPTER 536.

AN ACT relating to exemptions and amendatory of section 2982, of chapter 130, of the revised statutes of 1878.

*The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:*

SECTION 1. Section 2982, of chapter 130, of the revised statutes of 1878, is hereby amended, by adding to the end of said section: Provided, that the property mentioned in subdivisions 5, 6, 11, 13, 14, 15, 17, and 19, shall not be exempt from attachment or execution issued upon a judgment in an action brought to recover a claim for any female, manual or domestic labor rendered or performed by any person in or about the dwelling of another.

Amending section 2982, R. S. —Certain property not exempt from attachment or execution on claims for female, manual or domestic labor in or about dwelling.

SECTION 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage and publication.  
 Approved April 14, 1887.

[No. 738, A.]

[Published April 20, 1887.]

## CHAPTER 537.

AN ACT to provide for a settlement between the counties of Langlade, Forest and Oconto.

*The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:*

SECTION 1. The judge of the tenth judicial circuit is hereby authorized and directed to appoint