

tion of its business. That such book or books are now in the control of such corporation or association.

To be served on opposite party.

SECTION 3. Such verified statement of entry or entries or statements provided for in this act, shall be served upon opposite counsel at least six days before the term of court or the time set for the trial or hearing before the court or officer to try or hear the same. And the books of the corporation or association aforesaid shall be open to the inspection of any interested party or his counsel, to the extent prescribed in all orders made by the court on application of such party or his counsel.

Books to be open to inspection.

Making false statement or copy deemed perjury.

SECTION 4. Any person who shall make a false copy or statement as herein provided for, or shall give false testimony concerning the same, shall be deemed guilty of the offense of perjury, and on conviction thereof, shall be punished therefor in the manner provided by law.

SECTION 5. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage and publication.
Approved April 17, 1889.

[No. 162, A.]

[Published April 22, 1889.]

CHAPTER 474.

AN ACT in relation to the payment of wages.

The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

Payment of wages, when weekly or bi-weekly.

SECTION 1. All wages or compensation for labor or service in the state of Wisconsin, unless there shall be a written contract to the contrary, shall be paid weekly or bi-weekly in cash. But this act shall not be held to annul contracts in force at the time of its passage, nor to apply to agricultural laborers, commercial travelers, persons working on commission, traveling employes of railway and express companies, persons employed in logging camps, or "driving," running or manufacturing of logs or lumber, nor to any person whose occu-

pation is such as to render him inaccessible on the regular pay day.

SECTION 2. This act shall be in full force and effect from and after its passage and publication.

Approved April 17, 1889.

[No. 36, A.]

[Published April 24, 1889.]

CHAPTER 475.

AN ACT to provide for uniformity in election tickets in cities of one hundred and fifty thousand inhabitants or more.

The people of the state of Wisconsin, representep in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. All election tickets or ballots to be voted or cast at any general or municipal election hereafter held within all cities within this state having a population of one hundred and fifty thousand or more shall be printed upon number one flat white print paper, size twenty four inches by thirty-six inches, weighing thirty pounds to the ream, and the headings of all such ballots or tickets shall be printed from plain, gothic, great primer type. There shall be two sizes of ballots or tickets for use at all such elections, of the dimensions and printed respectively as follows, to-wit:

1. At all such elections whereat presidential electors shall be voted for, all ballots or tickets to be voted or cast shall be eight inches long and three inches wide, printed with the headings and from the kind of paper above described.

2. At all other general or municipal elections hereafter held within all such cities in this state, the ballots or tickets to be voted or cast thereat shall be six inches long and three inches wide, printed with the headings and from the kind of paper above described. But nothing herein contained shall be construed to apply to any special municipal election or to any judicial or other election where by law the ballots are required to be cast in a separate ballot box.

Providing for uniformity of election tickets in cities of 150,000 or more.

How printed, size of ballots.

Size of ballots when presidential electors are to be voted for.

Same at other elections.

Not to apply to special, municipal or judicial.