

account showing the amount then due thereon, and the vendee shall have the right at any time within fifteen days after such taking to redeem the property so taken by paying to the vendor the full amount of the price then unpaid, together with the interest and all lawful charges and expenses due to the vendor; and the fifteen days hereinbefore provided during which the vendee shall have the right to redeem the furniture or household effects so taken, shall not begin to run until such statement is furnished; provided, the vendee or other person in charge can be found by the vendor by the exercise of reasonable care and diligence. No contract mentioned in this act shall be valid as against any other person than the parties thereto and those having notice thereof unless such contract shall be in writing subscribed by the parties thereto, and the same or a copy thereof shall be filed in the office of the clerk of the town, city, or village where the vendee resides or if he shall not be a resident of the state then in the office of the clerk of the town, city or village where the property may be at the time of making such contract, and such clerk shall file, keep and index the same in like manner as mortgages of personal property, and receive a like compensation therefor; but the effect of such filing shall not extend for more than one year after the time fixed for payment of the contract price or for the performance of the other conditions of such sale.

In case of forfeiture vendor to furnish statement of amount due to vendee; redemption; time when begins to run.

Contract to be filed in office of town, city or village clerk.

SECTION 3. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage and publication.
Approved April 18, 1889.

[No. 841, A.]

[Published April 27, 1889.]

CHAPTER 519.

AN ACT concerning the education and employment of children.

The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. Every parent or other person having under his control a child between the ages of

Boards of education to fix time for attendance of children in schools for a period of twelve weeks, duty of parents.

seven and fourteen years, shall annually cause such child to attend some public or private day school in the city, town or district in which he resides, for a period not less than twelve weeks in each year, which number of weeks shall be fixed prior to the first day of September in each year, by the board of education or board of directors of the city, town or district; and for a portion or portions thereof, to be so fixed by such boards, the attendance shall be consecutive, and such boards shall, at least ten days prior to the beginning of such period, publish the time or times of attendance, in such manner as such boards shall direct; provided that such boards shall not fix such compulsory period at more than twenty-four weeks in each year.

Penalty for neglect by parents having control to comply.

SECTION 2. For every neglect of such duty the person having such control and so offending shall forfeit to the use of the public schools of such city, town or district a sum not less than three dollars (\$3.00) nor more than twenty dollars (\$20.00); and failure for each week or portion of a week on the part of any such person to comply with the provisions of this act, shall constitute a distinct offense; provided, that any such child shall be excused from attendance at school required by this act, by the board of education or school directors of the city, town or district in which such child resides upon its being shown to their satisfaction that the person so neglecting is not able to send such child to school, or that instruction has otherwise been given for a like period of time to such child in the elementary branches commonly taught in the public schools, or that such child has already acquired such elementary branches of learning, or that his physical or mental condition is such as to render attendance inexpedient or impracticable, and in all cases where such child shall be so excused the penalty herein provided shall not be incurred.

Penalty for making false statement concerning age of child for purpose of evading.

SECTION 3. Any person having control of a child who, with intent to evade the provisions of this act, shall make a wilful false statement concerning the age of such child or the time such child has attended school, shall, for such offense, forfeit a sum of not less than three dollars (\$3) nor more than twenty dollars (\$20) for the use of the public schools of such city, town or district.

SECTION 4. Five days prior to the beginning of any prosecution under this act such board shall cause a written notice to be personally served upon such person having control of any such child, of his duty under this act, and of his default in failing to comply with the provisions hereof, and if, upon the hearing of such prosecution, it shall appear to the satisfaction of the court that before or after the receipt of such notice such person has caused such child to attend a school as provided in this act in good faith and with intent to continue such attendance, then the penalty provided by this act shall not be incurred.

Board to serve notice on person failing.

SECTION 5. No school shall be regarded as a school, under this act, unless there shall be taught therein, as part of the elementary education of children, reading, writing, arithmetic and United States history, in the English language.

What regarded as a school.

SECTION 6. Prosecutions under this act shall only be instituted and carried on by the authority of such boards, and shall be brought in the name of said boards, and all fines and penalties, when collected, shall be paid to the school treasurer of such city, town or district, or other officer entitled to receive school moneys, the same to be held and accounted for as other school moneys received for school purposes.

Prosecutions, how instituted and carried on.

SECTION 7. Jurisdiction to enforce the penalties herein described in this act is hereby conferred on justices of the peace and police magistrates within their respective counties.

Justices of peace and police magistrates to have jurisdiction.

SECTION 8. Any child between the age of nine and fourteen years, who, without leave and against the will of his parent, guardian or other person having the right to control such child, habitually absents himself from the school to which he is sent or directed to be sent, and is beyond the control of his parent or guardian or other person having the right to control such child in that regard, and wanders or loiters in streets, alleys or other public places, shall be deemed a truant child, and on such truancy being alleged and proved, such truant child shall be adjudged a dependent child in like manner as is now provided by law for the adjudication of dependent children, and on being so adjudged dependent may be committed in like manner for such time not exceeding two years,

Truant children may be committed as are dependent.

Officers may take children found loitering on streets, etc., in school hours and compel their attendance at school.

as the judge or court having the jurisdiction of the matter may determine. Any child so committed may, upon proof of amendment, or for after sufficient cause shown upon a hearing of the case be discharged by such judge or court at any time, but such child shall not be so confined after the age of fourteen years, nor shall he be bound or apprenticed nor placed out of any school to which he shall be committed. Officers appointed by the board of education or board of school directors shall have power and authority to take a truant child found on the streets, alleys or other public places during school hours to such school conveniently located to the home of such child, as may be designated and requested by such parent, guardian or other person having the right to control such child, and such officer shall ascertain from such parent, guardian or other person having the right to control such child, the school which he desires such child shall attend; or in case of refusal to designate and request, by the parent, guardian, or other person having the right to control such child; or in case such child has no parent, guardian or other person in control, then to the public school situated in the district where such child lives, or to such public school as such board may direct.

Children under 13 years not to be employed or allowed to work in factory except, etc., when permit may be granted by county court.

Permit, what to state, record of.

SECTION 9. No child under thirteen years of age shall be employed or allowed to work by any person, company, firm or corporation at labor or service in any shop, factory, mine, store, place of manufacture, business or amusement except as hereinafter provided.

SECTION 10. The judge of the county court in the county where the child resides and is to be employed or to work, may, by order of record, grant a permit to any child over ten years to be exempt and in such county from the operation of this act as to such employment, and to such extent, and for such time and on such terms as may be named in such permit, on its being shown to his satisfaction that such child can read and write the English language and that it is fit and proper considering the lack of means of support of the family of which such child is a member, that such permit should be granted, and such permit may be rescinded by any such judge on written notice to such child, or to any person hav-

ing control of or employing such child. Such permit must state the age, place of residence and the amount of school attendance prior to the granting of such permit. A record of such permits to be kept in such court. The court may, when the business of the court requires, appoint a suitable person to hear and report on all applications for the issuance and rescision of permits, and may, on hearing such report, grant or refuse such application. Such person to be paid a reasonable compensation by the county, to be fixed by the county board. Such person shall be an officer of the court, and removable by an order of court at any time. No charge or fee shall be required in any matter under this section.

Person may be appointed to act on permits.

SECTION 11. No child shall be so employed or work who does not present such permit and every person before employing or permitting such child to so labor, or be at service shall require and retain such permit, and shall keep the same together with a correct list of all children so employed posted in a conspicuous manner in the place of employment, and shall show such list on demand, to any school officer or teacher or police officer.

Not to employ children not having permit, employer to retain permit, etc.

SECTION 12. Any person, company, or corporation who employs or permits to be employed or to work any child in violation of this act, and any person having the control of any such child who permits such employment or work, shall, for every offense forfeit a sum of not less than ten dollars (\$10), nor more than fifty dollars (\$50), for the use of the public schools of such city, town or district, and every day of such illegal employment shall constitute a distinct offense.

Penalty.

SECTION 13. Any person having control of or in his employ a child who, with intent to evade the provisions of this act, shall make a false statement concerning the age of such child or the time such child has attended school or shall instruct such child to make any false statement, shall, for such offense forfeit a sum of not less than ten dollars (\$10) nor more than fifty dollars (\$50), for the use of the public schools of such city, town or district.

For making false statement

SECTION 14. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage and publication.

Approved April 18, 1889.