

of the district in which the nearer school is located as compensation for the attendance of such children the amount of school money derived from the per capita apportionment made by the state superintendent from the school fund income and also the amount derived from the tax levy upon the town under the provisions of section 1074 of the statutes which would otherwise remain in the treasury of the home district, provided that the children between seven and fourteen years of age attending the school outside the home district shall comply with the requirements of the compulsory attendance law; and all other children from like homes and attending under like conditions shall be in attendance for a period of not less than four months.

3. Failure to comply with these provisions regarding periods of attendance shall relieve the treasury of the district in which such children reside from liability for the tuition and shall place the obligation for tuition upon the parents or guardians of the children so attending.

SECTION 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage and publication.

Approved May 26, 1909.

No. 535, S.]

[Published May 27, 1909.

## CHAPTER 184.

AN ACT to amend subsection 14 of section 430 of the statutes, relating to the powers of school district electors.

*The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:*

SECTION 1. Subsection 14 of section \*430 of the statutes is amended to read: 14. To determine the length of a time a school shall be taught in their district the then ensuing year, which shall not be less than \* \* \* *eight* months. \* \* \* but if such \* \* \* *matter*, shall not be determined at the annual meeting the district board shall determine the same.

SECTION 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage and publication.

Approved May 26, 1909.

\* Section number corrected by Sec. 4, Ch. 516, 1909.