

the head of the department of such municipality, county or state with which such problem is principally concerned.

3. Any member of the faculty of the University of Wisconsin may be required, under rules prescribed by the regents, to give instruction in such school.

4. Such school shall provide adequate supplementary training for persons now in county, municipal or state service.

SECTION 2. This act shall take effect upon passage and publication.

Approved June 14, 1917.

No. 249, S.]

[Published June 18, 1917.

CHAPTER 413

AN ACT authorizing the payment of any claims that may have been or may hereafter be allowed by the supreme court as valid claims against the state growing out of delinquent taxes on lands owned by the state, and payment for services and expenses of George E. O'Connor, the referee, in respect thereto, and making an appropriation therefor.

The people of the State of Wisconsin, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. Every person, firm, corporation, municipality, or other party who holds a valid claim based on delinquent taxes against any lands belonging to the state or in which the state has an interest, shall be paid the amount thereof as the same may be determined by the supreme court in the proceedings of the case of State, ex rel Owen vs. Donald (commonly known as the Forestry Case) and George E. O'Connor, the referee in said case, shall be paid for his services and expenses such sum as may be determined by said court. Every such determination shall be certified by the clerk of said court to the secretary of state, who shall first require the claimant to comply with the terms, if any, prescribed by law as a condition precedent to payment, and thereupon shall issue his warrant to the state treasurer for the amount so determined, payable to the person, firm, corporation, municipality, or other party in whose favor the determination is made.

SECTION 2. The clerk of the supreme court shall also certify such determination to the commissioners of public lands, and said commissioners shall thereupon certify to the secretary of state the name of the fund or funds to which said lands or interest therein belongs and the amount determined by the supreme court to be paid the holders of claims thereon under the

provisions of section 1 of this act, and the secretary of state shall thereupon certify the same to the state treasurer, who shall thereupon transfer from the income of said fund or funds to the general fund the respective amounts thereof.

SECTION 3. There is hereby appropriated, out of the general fund in the treasury, a sum sufficient to carry out the provisions of this act; the general fund to be reimbursed the amount thereof from the income of the trust funds as provided by section 2 of this act.

SECTION 4. This act shall take effect upon passage and publication.

Approved June 14, 1917.

No. 253, S.]

[Published June 18, 1917.

CHAPTER 414

AN ACT to create section 926—12a of the statutes, relating to the issuance of bonds by cities.

The people of the State of Wisconsin, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. There is added to the statutes a new section to read: Section 926—12a. 1. When the common council of any such city shall have authorized the issuance of bonds for any of the purposes mentioned in section 926—11 of the statutes and the commissioners of public debt, or, if there be no commissioners of public debt, such other officials of the city as are charged with the duty of superintending the execution and issue of bonds of said city, shall have certified to the comptroller of such city that in their opinion said bond issues can be sold, if in the opinion of the comptroller there be on hand in the treasury of said city sufficient money other than that raised for the payment of interest and principal on bonds, mortgages, mortgage certificates, or similar instruments of indebtedness, to warrant entering into contracts or making expenditures for such purpose or purposes prior to the sale of said bonds, contracts may be entered into in anticipation of the sale of said bonds and expenditures may be made by such city for the purposes for which such bonds have been authorized out of any money in the hands of the treasurer of such city, except money raised for the payment of interest or principal on bonds, mortgages, mortgage certificates, or similar instruments of indebtedness, and the bonds provided for in said ordinances need not be sold until the comptroller deems it necessary to replace the whole or any part of the money paid out of the treasury in accordance with the forego-