

and are appropriated therefrom for the administration of said sections.

SECTION 5. This act shall take effect upon passage and publication.

Approved June 10, 1925.

No. 442, S.]

[Published June 13, 1925.

CHAPTER 285.

AN ACT to amend subsection (1) of section 16 of chapter 459 of the laws of 1907, as amended by chapter 369 of the laws of 1909, chapter 97 of the laws of 1911, chapter 614 of the laws of 1917, chapter 5 of the laws of 1918, chapter 46 of the laws of 1919, chapter 74 of the laws of 1919, and chapter 29 of the special session of 1920, and chapter 247, laws of 1921, relating to school boards and common and high schools in cities of the first class. *The people of the State of Wisconsin, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:*

SECTION 1. Subsection (1) of section 16 of chapter 459 of the laws of 1907, as amended by chapter 369 of the laws of 1909, chapter 97 of the laws of 1911, chapter 614 of the laws of 1917, chapter 5 of the laws of 1918, chapter 46 of the laws of 1919, chapter 74 of the laws of 1919, chapter 29 of the special session of 1920 and chapter 247 of the laws of 1921 is amended to read: (Chapter 459, laws of 1907. Section 16) 1. The said board shall report to the common council of each city under this act, at or before the first meeting of the council in September in each year, the amount of money required for the next fiscal year for the support of all public schools in said city including high schools, and it shall be the duty of the said common council to levy and collect a tax upon all the property subject to taxation in said city, at the same time and in the same manner as other taxes are levied and collected by law, which, together with the other funds provided by law, and placed at the disposal of the said city for the same purposes, shall be equal to the amount of money so required by the said board of school directors for school purposes, as provided in this act; the said board shall also report to the common council, at the same time as above, the amount of money required for the next fiscal year for the repair and keeping in order of school

buildings, fixtures and the repair of broken or worn-out furniture, the making of material betterments to school property and the purchase of the necessary additions to school sites, in accordance with the provisions of this act, and it shall be the duty of the said common council to levy and collect a tax upon all the real and personal property in said city subject to taxation, at the same time and in the same manner as other taxes are levied and collected by law, which shall be equal to the amount of money so required by the said board of school directors for the said purposes, as provided in this act; provided, that the tax so levied upon each dollar of the assessed valuation of all property, real and personal, in said city, subject to taxation, shall not in any one year, exceed six (6) mills on the dollar of the total assessed valuation of all property, real and personal, in such city, subject to taxation for the support of all schools and * * * *one (1) mill upon the dollar of the total assessed valuation of all property, real and personal, in such city, subject to taxation, for the repair and keeping in order of school buildings, fixtures, grounds and fences, the purchase of school furniture and the repair of broken or worn-out furniture, the making of material betterments to school property and the purchase of necessary additions to school sites, and the said taxes for the purposes named in this section shall be in addition to the ten (10) mill tax provided for by law for other city purposes. The said tax and the entire school fund of the city shall not be used or appropriated, directly or indirectly, for any other purpose than the payment of the salaries of the superintendent of schools and his legally authorized assistants, the secretary of the school board, and legally qualified teachers whose appointments are confirmed by said board and such employes as the board may deem necessary, the necessary and current expenses of the schools, including the purchase of school supplies, apparatus, fuel, gas, electricity or electrical power, and such other school purchases and purposes as may be required for the proper maintenance and administration of the schools. Whenever territory is annexed to any such city, any teacher employed in any public school in such territory, who, at the time of such annexation, possesses the qualifications required by the rules of the board of school directors and by law for probationary or permanent appointment to a teaching position in such city, shall have the status of a regularly appointed teacher in the schools of the city to which such territory is annexed, and each such teacher*

shall be entitled to all the rights and privileges of regularly appointed teachers in such city. Time spent in teaching in such annexed territory prior to the annexation thereof shall be credited to each such teacher as time spent in teaching in such city.

SECTION 2. This act shall take effect upon passage and publication.

Approved June 10, 1925.

No. 438, S.]

[Published June 13, 1925.

CHAPTER 286.

AN ACT to amend sections 270.39 (2869) and 270.49 (2878) of the statutes, relating to appeals.

The people of the State of Wisconsin, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. Sections 270.39 (2869) and 270.49 (2878) of the statutes are amended to read: 270.39 (2869) In any trial by jury if an exception be taken it may be reduced to writing at the time, signed by the judge, without seal, and filed as part of the record; or it may be entered in the judge's minutes and afterwards settled by the judge separately in like manner or in a bill of exceptions. * * * *It shall not be necessary to except to errors in the charge to the jury or to the findings of fact and conclusions of law made by the court or to the judge's refusal to charge the jury as requested but the same shall be reviewed by the appellate court without exception; provided that no finding of fact and conclusions of law or charge to the jury shall be subject to review which was expressly requested by the party seeking the review.*

270.49 (2878) (1) The judge before whom the issue is tried, may, in his discretion, entertain a motion to be made on his minutes, to set aside a verdict and grant a new trial upon exceptions or because the verdict is contrary to law or contrary to evidence, or for excessive or inadequate damages or in the interests of justice; but such motion if heard upon the minutes must be made and heard within sixty days after the verdict is rendered, unless the court by order shall extend such time for cause. When such motion is heard and decided upon the minutes of the judge and an