

Resolved, by the Assembly, the Senate concurring, That the state of Wisconsin hereby respectfully protests to the Congress of the United States and to the Secretary of War against any action by either recognizing or continuing any permit to the Sanitary District of Chicago to divert water from the Great Lakes through the Chicago Drainage Canal for any purpose other than the protection and improvement of navigation ;

Resolved, That a copy of this resolution, properly attested by the presiding officers and chief clerks of both houses, be sent to the President of the United States, the Secretary of War, the presiding officers of the senate and the house of representatives, and to each United States senator and member of Congress from Wisconsin ;

Resolved, That a copy of this resolution so attested be sent to the governor and the presiding officers of both houses of the legislature in each of the states of the union, inviting the cooperation of the states in like protest to the Congress and to the Secretary of War.

[Jt. Res. No. 30, S.]

No. 3, 1925.

JOINT RESOLUTION

On the death of former Governor Edward Scofield.

Death has taken from among us one who served this state with distinction in a public capacity, first as a state senator and later as its chief executive, and who earlier gave four years of his young life to his country's service in the civil war.

Edward Scofield, a native of Pennsylvania of Scotch Irish forbears came to Wisconsin soon after the close of the civil war. He had enlisted at the age of nineteen in a Pennsylvania regiment on the first call of President Lincoln for troops, and his bravery in action and his ability as a leader of men brought him one promotion after another so that when mustered out in 1865, after serving ten months of his four years in Southern prisons, he bore the rank of Major.

In Wisconsin Major Schofield engaged in the lumbering business, following the footsteps of his father and grandfather, and his marked business ability and energy soon gave him a conspicuous place among the pioneers of the great lumbering industry of the state.

Major Scofield was elected to the state senate in 1887 where he served four years. In 1896 he was elected governor of Wisconsin and completed his four years as chief executive on the first Monday in January, 1901.

The same qualities of courage and faithfulness to duty which gave him leadership as a boy in the army brought distinction to his administration as governor. His scrupulous honesty which compelled him to face fairly every issue, his high conception of the responsibilities of the position and his clear understanding of the economics of public administration, led to the inauguration of important reforms in the accounting system and in the financial affairs of the state, which have been far reaching. The changes wrought in the management of the charitable and penal institutions of the state were particularly notable.

Resolved by the Senate, the Assembly concurring, That the legislature place on record its high appreciation of the distinguished services, civil and military, which Edward Scofield gave to his nation and his state.

Resolved, That we tender our sincere sympathy to the family of Edward Scofield and join with them in the pride they must feel in the worthy record of his well rounded life.

Resolved, That a joint committee consisting of one member of the senate and two members of the assembly be appointed by the respective presiding officers to attend the funeral of Edward Scofield, as representatives of the legislature of the state of Wisconsin and the necessary expense of the members of such joint committee shall be paid from the contingent fund of the respective houses.

Resolved, That this resolution be spread upon the journals of both houses and that a copy thereof, suitably engrossed and duly attested by the signatures of the presiding officers and chief clerks of both houses, be transmitted to the family of the deceased.