

in the city of Washburn, Bayfield county, to a point known as Chequamegon point sometimes called Oak point. In Lake Michigan within one-fourth mile of any harbor, pier or breakwater, or from the mouth of any stream flowing into Lake Michigan or Green Bay, or within one mile from any harbor, pier or breakwater in Milwaukee county, or within one mile from the shore line of Milwaukee county, *excepting pound nets in Milwaukee county*. In the waters of Lake Michigan or Green Bay no gill net shall be set within one-fourth mile from the shore line of Door county, except south of Limekiln bluff in said county, and no net of any kind shall be used in the following bays or harbors in Door county, namely: Sturgeon Bay, Little Sturgeon Bay, Riley's bay, Egg harbor, Fish creek harbor, Eagle harbor, Bailey's harbor, Mud bay, North bay, Rowley's bay, and Washington harbor, Jackson harbor and Detroit harbor in Washington Island.

SECTION 2. This act shall take effect upon passage and publication.

Approved July 19, 1929.

No. 564, A.]

[Published July 22, 1929.

CHAPTER 313.

AN ACT to amend subsection (20) of section 20.43 of the statutes, relating to health work among the Indians and making an appropriation.

The people of the State of Wisconsin, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. Subsection (20) of section 20.43 of the statutes is amended to read: (20.43) (20) Annually, beginning July 1, * * * 1929, not to exceed * * * *fifteen thousand dollars, for medical attention*, public health work and the investigation and prevention of disease with special reference to the Indian population of this state.

SECTION 2. This act shall take effect upon passage and publication.

Approved July 19, 1929.