



## 2009 ASSEMBLY BILL 943

April 8, 2010 - Introduced by Representatives POPE-ROBERTS, RADCLIFFE, ZIGMUNT, HILGENBERG, BERCEAU, SINICKI, TURNER and TOWNSEND, cosponsored by Senators LEHMAN, OLSEN, SCHULTZ and TAYLOR. Referred to Committee on Education.

1     **AN ACT** *to create* 14.91, 20.255 (3) (f), 115.28 (58), subchapter VIII (title) of  
2           chapter 115 [precedes 115.997] and 115.997 of the statutes; **relating to:**  
3           adopting the Interstate Compact on Educational Opportunity for Military  
4           Children and making an appropriation.

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### *Analysis by the Legislative Reference Bureau*

This bill adopts the Interstate Compact on Educational Opportunity for Military Children, an interstate compact that has been adopted, as of March 22, 2010, by 28 states. The compact addresses school transition issues encountered by children of military families, such as their eligibility, enrollment, placement, and graduation. For example:

1. The compact requires a school district to accept the unofficial records of a school district in another member state for the purposes of enrolling and placing a child of a military family until the official records may be obtained.
2. The compact allows a pupil to request additional excused absences to visit with his or her deployed parent or guardian.
3. The compact allows school districts to waive graduation requirements if similar requirements have been completed in a school district in another state.

The compact requires each member state to establish a state council and to appoint a state military education liaison to assist military families and the state in facilitating the implementation of the compact. Each state must also appoint a state commissioner, who is the state's member on the Interstate Commission on Educational Opportunity for Military Children.

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Under the bill, this state's council consists of the state superintendent of public instruction; the superintendent of a school district with a high concentration of children of military families, a representative from a military installation, and the compact commissioner, all of whom are appointed by the state superintendent; a member of the senate; a member of the assembly; and the military family education liaison, who is appointed by the other council members.

This bill makes several changes to the compact, including the following:

1. The compact authorizes the interstate commission to promulgate rules to achieve the purposes of the compact. This bill provides that a rule promulgated by the interstate commission is effective in a member state only if it is approved by the legislature of the member state or the state superintendent of education of the member state.

2. The compact authorizes the interstate commission to levy and collect from each member state an annual assessment to cover the costs of the commission's operations and activities. This bill provides that this state's annual assessment is the lesser of \$1,000 or the amount calculated by multiplying \$1 by the number of children of military families enrolled in public schools in the state.

3. The compact provides that a member state may withdraw from the compact by repealing the statute that enacted the compact. This bill provides that a member state may also withdraw by enacting a law withdrawing from the compact.

For further information see the *state and local* fiscal estimate, which will be printed as an appendix to this bill.

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*The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:*

1           **SECTION 1.** 14.91 of the statutes is created to read:

2           **14.91 State council on the interstate compact on educational**  
3 **opportunity for military children.** (1) There is created a state council on the  
4 interstate compact on educational opportunity for military children as specified  
5 under s. 115.997 (8), consisting of the following members:

6           (a) The state superintendent of public instruction.

7           (b) The superintendent of a school district with a high concentration of children  
8 of military families, appointed by the state superintendent of public instruction.

9           (c) A representative from a military installation, appointed by the state  
10 superintendent of public instruction.

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1 (d) A member of the senate, appointed by the senate majority leader.

2 (e) A member of the assembly, appointed by the speaker of the assembly.

3 (f) The compact commissioner, as defined in s. 115.997 (2) (c), appointed by the  
4 state superintendent of public instruction under s. 115.997 (8) (c), and the military  
5 family education liaison, appointed under s. 115.997 (8) (b), to serve as nonvoting  
6 members.

7 **(2)** The members of the council shall serve without compensation.

8 **SECTION 2.** 20.255 (3) (f) of the statutes is created to read:

9 20.255 **(3)** (f) *Interstate compact on educational opportunity for military*  
10 *children.* A sum sufficient equal to the amount determined under s. 115.28 (58) to  
11 pay assessments levied by the interstate commission on educational opportunity for  
12 military children under s. 115.997 (14) (b).

13 **SECTION 3.** 115.28 (58) of the statutes is created to read:

14 115.28 **(58)** ASSESSMENT FOR INTERSTATE COMPACT ON EDUCATIONAL OPPORTUNITY  
15 FOR MILITARY CHILDREN. Annually determine the amount of the assessment under s.  
16 115.997 (14) (b). The amount shall be the lesser of \$1,000 or the amount calculated  
17 by multiplying \$1 by the number of children of military families, as defined in s.  
18 115.997 (2) (b), who are enrolled in public schools in this state.

19 **SECTION 4.** Subchapter VIII (title) of chapter 115 [precedes 115.997] of the  
20 statutes is created to read:

21 **CHAPTER 115**

22 **SUBCHAPTER VIII**

23 **INTERSTATE COMPACT ON**

24 **EDUCATIONAL OPPORTUNITY FOR**

25 **MILITARY CHILDREN**

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1           **SECTION 5.** 115.997 of the statutes is created to read:

2           **115.997 Interstate compact on educational opportunity for military**  
3 **children.** The interstate compact on educational opportunity for children of  
4 military families is hereby enacted into law and entered into with all jurisdictions  
5 legally joining therein in the form substantially as follows:

6           **(1) ARTICLE I – PURPOSE.** It is the purpose of this compact to remove barriers  
7 to educational success imposed on children of military families because of frequent  
8 moves and deployment of their parents by:

9           (a) Facilitating the timely enrollment of children of military families and  
10 ensuring that they are not placed at a disadvantage due to difficulty in the transfer  
11 of education records from the previous local education agency or variations in  
12 entrance or age requirements.

13           (b) Facilitating the student placement process through which children of  
14 military families are not disadvantaged by variations in attendance requirements,  
15 scheduling, sequencing, grading, course content, or assessment.

16           (c) Facilitating the qualification and eligibility for enrollment, educational  
17 programs, and participation in extracurricular academic, athletic, and social  
18 activities.

19           (d) Facilitating the on-time graduation of children of military families.

20           (e) Providing for the promulgation and enforcement of administrative rules  
21 implementing the provisions of this compact.

22           (f) Providing for the uniform collection and sharing of information between and  
23 among member states, local education agencies, and military families under this  
24 compact.

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1 (g) Promoting coordination between this compact and other compacts affecting  
2 military children.

3 (h) Promoting flexibility and cooperation between the educational system,  
4 parents, and students in order to achieve educational success for the students.

5 **(2) ARTICLE II — DEFINITIONS.** As used in this compact, unless the context  
6 clearly requires a different construction:

7 (a) “Active duty” means full-time active duty status in a uniformed service of  
8 the United States, including members of the National Guard and Reserve on active  
9 duty orders pursuant to 10 USC 1209 and 1211.

10 (b) “Child of a military family” means a school-aged child who is enrolled in any  
11 of the grades from kindergarten to 12 and who resides in the household of a person  
12 on active duty.

13 (c) “Compact commissioner” means the voting representative of each  
14 compacting state appointed pursuant to sub. (8) of this compact.

15 (d) “Deployment” means the period one month prior to a service members’  
16 departure from his or her home station on military orders though 6 months after  
17 return to his or her home station.

18 (e) “Education records” means those records, files, and data directly related to  
19 a student and maintained by the local education agency, including records  
20 encompassing all the material kept in the student’s cumulative folder such as  
21 general identifying data, records of attendance and of academic work completed,  
22 records of achievement and results of evaluative tests, health data, disciplinary  
23 status, test protocols, and individualized education programs.

24 (f) “Extracurricular activity” means a voluntary activity sponsored by a local  
25 education agency or an organization sanctioned by the local education agency.

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1 Extracurricular activity includes preparation for and involvement in public  
2 performances, contests, athletic competitions, demonstrations, displays, and club  
3 activities.

4 (g) “Interstate commission” means the Interstate Commission on Educational  
5 Opportunity for Military Children created under sub. (9) of this compact.

6 (h) “Local education agency” means a school district or the operator of a charter  
7 school under s. 118.40 (2r).

8 (i) “Member state” means a state that has enacted this compact.

9 (j) “Military installation” means a base, camp, post, station, yard, center,  
10 homeport facility for any ship, or other activity under the jurisdiction of the U.S.  
11 department of defense, including any leased facility, which is located within any of  
12 the several States, the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, the  
13 U.S. Virgin Islands, Guam, American Samoa, the Northern Marianas Islands, and  
14 any other U.S. Territory. “Military installation” does not include any facility used  
15 primarily for civil works, rivers and harbors projects, or flood control projects.

16 (k) “Nonmember state” means a state that has not enacted this compact.

17 (L) “Receiving state” means the state to which a child of a military family is  
18 sent, brought, or caused to be sent or brought.

19 (m) “Rule” means a written statement by the interstate commission  
20 promulgated pursuant to sub. (12) that is of general applicability and that  
21 implements, interprets, or prescribes a policy or provision of the compact, or an  
22 organizational, procedural, or practice requirement of the interstate commission.

23 (n) “Sending state” means the state from which a child of a military family is  
24 sent, brought, or caused to be sent or brought.

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1 (o) "State" means a state of the United States, the District of Columbia, the  
2 Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, the U.S. Virgin Islands, Guam, American Samoa, the  
3 Northern Marianas Islands, and any other U.S. Territory.

4 (p) "Student" means a child of a military family for whom the local education  
5 agency receives public funding and who is formally enrolled in any of the grades from  
6 kindergarten to 12.

7 (q) "Transition" means all of the following:

8 1. The formal and physical process of transferring from local education agency  
9 to local education agency.

10 2. The period of time in which a student moves from one local education agency  
11 in a sending state to another local education agency in a receiving state.

12 (r) "Uniformed service" means the army, navy, air force, marine corps, coast  
13 guard, the commissioned corps of the national oceanic and atmospheric  
14 administration, and the commissioned corps of the public health services.

15 (s) "Veteran" means a person who served in a uniformed service and was  
16 discharged or released therefrom under conditions other than dishonorable.

17 **(3) ARTICLE III — APPLICABILITY.** (a) Except as provided in pars. (b) and (c), this  
18 interstate compact applies to a child of any of the following:

19 1. An active duty member of the uniformed service, including a member of the  
20 national guard and reserve on active duty orders pursuant to 10 USC 1209 and 1211.

21 2. A member or veteran of the uniformed service who is severely injured and  
22 medically discharged or retired for a period of one year after medical discharge or  
23 retirement.

24 3. A member of the uniformed service who dies on active duty or as a result of  
25 injuries sustained on active duty for a period of one year after death.

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1 (b) The provisions of this interstate compact apply only to local education  
2 agencies.

3 (c) The provisions of this compact do not apply to a child of any of the following:

4 1. An inactive member of the national guard and military reserves.

5 2. Except as provided in par. (a), a retired member of the uniformed services.

6 3. Except as provided in par. (a), a veteran of the uniformed services.

7 4. Other U.S. department of defense personnel, or of a civilian or contract  
8 employee of any other federal agency, who is not an active duty member of a  
9 uniformed service.

10 (4) ARTICLE IV — EDUCATIONAL RECORDS AND ENROLLMENT. (a) *Unofficial or*  
11 *hand-carried pupil records.* If official education records cannot be released to the  
12 parents for the purpose of transfer, the custodian of the education records in the  
13 sending state shall prepare and furnish to the parent a complete set of unofficial  
14 education records containing uniform information as determined by the interstate  
15 commission. The local education agency in the receiving state shall enroll and  
16 appropriately place the student as quickly as possible, based on the information  
17 provided in the unofficial education records, if provided, pending validation by the  
18 official education records.

19 (b) *Education records and transcripts.* Simultaneous with the enrollment and  
20 conditional placement of the student, the local education agency in the receiving  
21 state shall request the student's official education records from the local education  
22 agency in the sending state. Upon receipt of this request, the local education agency  
23 in the sending state shall process and furnish the official education records to the  
24 local education agency in the receiving state within 10 days or within such time as  
25 is reasonably determined under the rules promulgated by the interstate commission.



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1           (c) *Immunizations.* A member state shall give 30 days from the date of  
2 enrollment, or within such time as is reasonably determined under the rules  
3 promulgated by the interstate commission, for a student to obtain any immunization  
4 required by the receiving state. For a series of immunizations, initial vaccinations  
5 must be obtained within 30 days or within such time as is reasonably determined  
6 under the rules promulgated by the interstate commission.

7           (d) *Kindergarten and first grade entrance age.* A student shall be allowed to  
8 continue his or her enrollment at the grade level in the receiving state commensurate  
9 with his or her grade level, including kindergarten, from a local education agency in  
10 the sending state at the time of transition, regardless of age. A student who has  
11 satisfactorily completed the prerequisite grade level in the local education agency in  
12 the sending state shall be eligible for enrollment in the next highest grade level in  
13 the receiving state, regardless of age. A student transferring after the start of the  
14 school year in the receiving state shall enter the local education agency in the  
15 receiving state on his or her validated level from a local education agency in the  
16 sending state.

17           **(5) ARTICLE V — PLACEMENT AND ATTENDANCE.** (a) *Course placement.* When a  
18 student transfers before or during the school year, the local education agency in the  
19 receiving state shall initially honor placement of the student in educational courses  
20 based on the student's enrollment in the local education agency in the sending state  
21 or educational assessments conducted at the local education agency in the sending  
22 state if the courses are offered. Course placement includes honors, international  
23 baccalaureate, advanced placement, vocational, technical, and career pathways  
24 courses. Continuing the student's academic program from the previous local  
25 education agency and promoting placement in academically and career challenging

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1 courses should be paramount when considering placement. This does not preclude  
2 the local education agency in the receiving state from performing subsequent  
3 evaluations to ensure appropriate placement and continued enrollment of the  
4 student in a course.

5 (b) *Educational program placement.* The local education agency in the  
6 receiving state shall initially honor placement of the student in educational  
7 programs, including gifted and talented programs and English as a second language  
8 programs, based on current educational assessments conducted at the local  
9 education agency in the sending state or participation or placement in like programs  
10 in the local education agency in the sending state. This paragraph does not preclude  
11 the local education agency in the receiving state from performing subsequent  
12 evaluations to ensure appropriate placement of the student.

13 (c) *Special education services.* 1. In compliance with the requirements of 20  
14 USC 1400 to 1482, the local education agency in the receiving state shall initially  
15 provide comparable services to a student with disabilities based on his or her current  
16 individualized education program.

17 2. In compliance with the requirements of 29 USC 794 and with 42 USC 12131  
18 to 12165, the local education agency in the receiving state shall make reasonable  
19 accommodations and modifications to address the needs of incoming students with  
20 disabilities, subject to an existing plan prepared under 29 USC 794 or 42 USC 12131  
21 to 12165, to provide the student with equal access to education. This does not  
22 preclude the local education agency in the receiving state from performing  
23 subsequent evaluations to ensure appropriate placement of the student.

24 (d) *Placement flexibility.* Local education agency administrative officials shall  
25 have flexibility in waiving course or program prerequisites or other preconditions for

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1 placement in a course or program offered under the jurisdiction of the local education  
2 agency.

3 (e) *Absence as related to deployment activities.* Each local education agency  
4 shall adopt a policy relating to excusing a child of a military family who moved to the  
5 local education agency from another state from school attendance in order to visit his  
6 or her parent or guardian who is on active duty and has been called to duty for or is  
7 on leave from deployment to a combat zone or combat support posting, or has  
8 returned from deployment to a combat zone or combat support posting within the  
9 past 30 days.

10 (6) ARTICLE VI—ELIGIBILITY. (a) *Eligibility for enrollment.* 1. A local education  
11 agency is prohibited from charging tuition to a child of a military family placed in the  
12 care of a noncustodial parent or other person standing in the place of a parent who  
13 lives in a jurisdiction other than that of the custodial parent.

14 2. A child of a military family who has been placed in the care of a noncustodial  
15 parent or other person standing in the place of a parent who lives in a jurisdiction  
16 other than that of the custodial parent may continue to attend the school in which  
17 he or she was enrolled while residing with the custodial parent.

18 (b) *Eligibility for extracurricular participation.* Local education agencies shall  
19 facilitate the opportunity for a child of a military family to be included in  
20 extracurricular activities, regardless of application deadlines, to the extent he or she  
21 is otherwise qualified.

22 (7) ARTICLE VII—GRADUATION. In order to facilitate the on-time graduation  
23 of a child of a military family, local education agencies shall incorporate the following  
24 procedures:

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1           (a) *Waiver requirements.* Local education agency administrative officials shall  
2 waive specific courses required for graduation if similar course work has been  
3 satisfactorily completed in another local education agency or shall provide  
4 reasonable justification for denial. Should a waiver not be granted to a student who  
5 would qualify to graduate from the local education agency in the sending state, the  
6 local education agency in the receiving state shall provide an alternative means of  
7 acquiring required course work so that graduation may occur on time.

8           (b) *Exit exams.* Except as provided in par. (c), a local education agency in a  
9 member state shall accept all of the following examinations or tests administered to  
10 the child of a military family in lieu of testing requirements for graduation from the  
11 local education agency:

12           1. Exit or end-of-course exams required for graduation from the sending state.

13           2. National norm-referenced achievement tests.

14           3. Alternative testing acceptable to the local education agency in the receiving  
15 state.

16           (c) *Transfers during senior year.* If a child of a military family transfers at the  
17 beginning of or during the child's high school senior year, and the local education  
18 agency in the receiving state has considered the examinations and tests under par.  
19 (b) and determined, after all alternatives have been considered, that the child would  
20 be ineligible to graduate, the local education agency of the sending state, with the  
21 cooperation of the local educational agency of the receiving state, shall ensure the  
22 receipt of a diploma from the local education agency of the sending state if the  
23 student meets the graduation requirements of the local education agency of the  
24 sending state. If one of the states in question is a nonmember state, the local

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1 education agency in the member state shall use best efforts to facilitate the on-time  
2 graduation of the student in accordance with pars. (a) and (b).

3 (8) ARTICLE VIII — STATE COORDINATION. (a) Each member state shall, through  
4 the creation of a state council or use of an existing body or board, provide for the  
5 coordination among its agencies of government, local education agencies, and  
6 military installations concerning the state’s participation in, and compliance with,  
7 this compact and interstate commission activities. While each member state may  
8 determine the membership of its own state council, its membership shall include all  
9 of the following:

- 10 1. The state superintendent of education.
- 11 2. The superintendent of a school district with a high concentration of children  
12 of military families. A member state that does not have a school district deemed to  
13 contain a high concentration of children of military families may appoint a  
14 superintendent from another school district to represent local education agencies on  
15 the state council.
- 16 3. A representative from a military installation.
- 17 4. One representative from the legislative branch of government.
- 18 5. One representative from the executive branch of government.
- 19 6. Representatives from other offices and stakeholder groups the state council  
20 deems appropriate.

21 (b) The state council established or existing body or board designated by each  
22 member state under par. (a) shall appoint or designate a military family education  
23 liaison to assist children of military families and the state in facilitating the  
24 implementation of this compact.

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1 (c) A compact commissioner responsible for the administration and  
2 management of the state's participation in the compact shall be appointed by the  
3 governor or as otherwise determined by each member state.

4 (d) The compact commissioner appointed under par. (c) and the military family  
5 education liaison appointed or designated under par. (b) shall serve on the state  
6 council as nonvoting members of the state council, unless either is already a full  
7 voting member of the state council.

8 **(9) ARTICLE IX — INTERSTATE COMMISSION ON EDUCATIONAL OPPORTUNITY FOR**  
9 **MILITARY CHILDREN.** The member states hereby create the interstate commission. The  
10 activities of the interstate commission are the formation of public policy and are a  
11 discretionary state function. All of the following apply to the interstate commission:

12 (a) The interstate commission shall be a body corporate and joint agency of the  
13 member states and shall have all the responsibilities, powers, and duties set forth  
14 in this compact, and such additional powers conferred upon it by a subsequent  
15 concurrent action of the respective legislatures of the member states in accordance  
16 with the terms of this compact.

17 (b) The interstate commission shall consist of one interstate commission voting  
18 representative from each member state who shall be that state's compact  
19 commissioner. The following apply to meetings of the interstate commission:

20 1. Each member state represented at a meeting is entitled to one vote.

21 2. A majority of the member states shall constitute a quorum for the transaction  
22 of business, unless a larger number is required by the bylaws of the interstate  
23 commission.

24 3. A representative shall not delegate a vote to another member state. If a  
25 compact commissioner of a state is unable to attend a meeting of the interstate

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1 commission, the governor or state council of that state may delegate voting authority  
2 to another person from that state for a specified meeting.

3 4. The bylaws may provide for meetings of the interstate commission to be  
4 conducted by telecommunication or electronic communication.

5 (c) The interstate commission shall include nonvoting members who are  
6 members of interested organizations. Such nonvoting members, as defined in the  
7 bylaws, may include members of the representative organizations of military family  
8 advocates, local education agency officials, parent and teacher groups, the U.S.  
9 department of defense, the Education Commission of the States, the Interstate  
10 Agreement on the Qualification of Educational Personnel, and other interstate  
11 compacts affecting the education of children of military families.

12 (d) The interstate commission shall meet at least once each calendar year. The  
13 chairperson may call additional meetings and, upon the request of a simple majority  
14 of the member states, shall call additional meetings.

15 (e) The interstate commission shall establish an executive committee, whose  
16 members shall include the officers of the interstate commission and such other  
17 members of the interstate commission as determined by the bylaws. Members of the  
18 executive committee shall serve one-year terms. Members of the executive  
19 committee shall be entitled to one vote each. The executive committee shall have the  
20 power to act on behalf of the interstate commission, with the exception of rule  
21 making, during periods when the interstate commission is not in session. The  
22 executive committee shall oversee the day-to-day activities of the administration of  
23 the compact, including enforcement and compliance with the provisions of the  
24 compact, its bylaws and rules, and other such duties as deemed necessary. The U.S.

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1 department of defense shall serve as a nonvoting member of the executive  
2 committee.

3 (f) The interstate commission shall establish bylaws and rules that provide for  
4 conditions and procedures under which the interstate commission shall make its  
5 information and official records available to the public for inspection or copying. The  
6 interstate commission may exempt from disclosure information or official records to  
7 the extent they would adversely affect personal privacy rights or proprietary  
8 interests.

9 (g) The interstate commission shall give public notice of all meetings and all  
10 meetings shall be open to the public, except as set forth in the rules or as otherwise  
11 provided in the compact. The interstate commission and any committee of the  
12 commission may close a meeting or portion of a meeting if the commission or  
13 committee determines by a two-thirds vote that an open meeting would likely do any  
14 of the following:

15 1. Relate solely to the interstate commission's internal personnel practices and  
16 procedures.

17 2. Disclose matters specifically exempted from disclosure by federal and state  
18 statute.

19 3. Disclose trade secrets or commercial or financial information that is  
20 privileged or confidential.

21 4. Involve accusing a person of a crime, or formally censuring a person.

22 5. Disclose information of a personal nature where disclosure would constitute  
23 a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy.

24 6. Disclose investigative records compiled for law enforcement purposes.



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1           7. Specifically relate to the interstate commission's participation in a civil  
2 action or other legal proceeding.

3           (h) For a meeting or portion of a meeting closed under par. (g), the interstate  
4 commission shall cause its legal counsel or designee to certify that the meeting may  
5 be closed and to reference each relevant exemptible provision. The interstate  
6 commission shall keep minutes, which shall fully and clearly describe all matters  
7 discussed in a meeting, and shall provide a full and accurate summary of actions  
8 taken, and the reasons for taking the actions, including a description of the views  
9 expressed and the record of a roll call vote. All documents considered in connection  
10 with an action shall be identified in such minutes. All minutes and documents of a  
11 closed meeting shall remain under seal, subject to release by a majority vote of the  
12 interstate commission.

13           (i) The interstate commission shall collect standardized data concerning the  
14 educational transition of children of military families under this compact as directed  
15 through its rules, which shall specify the data to be collected, the means of collection  
16 and data exchange, and reporting requirements. The interstate commission shall  
17 ensure, in so far as is reasonably possible, that the methods of data collection,  
18 exchange, and reporting conform to current technology and that its information  
19 functions are coordinated with the appropriate custodian of records as identified in  
20 the bylaws and rules.

21           (j) The interstate commission shall create a process that permits military  
22 officials, education officials, and parents to inform the interstate commission if and  
23 when there are alleged violations of the compact or its rules or when issues subject  
24 to the jurisdiction of the compact or its rules are not addressed by the state or local  
25 education agency. This paragraph shall not be construed to create a private right of

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1 action against the interstate commission, any member state, or any local education  
2 agency.

3 **(10) ARTICLE X — POWERS AND DUTIES OF THE INTERSTATE COMMISSION.** The  
4 interstate commission may do any of the following:

5 (a) Provide for dispute resolution among member states.

6 (b) Promulgate rules and take all necessary actions to effect the goals,  
7 purposes, and obligations as enumerated in this compact.

8 (c) Upon request of a member state, issue advisory opinions concerning the  
9 meaning or interpretation of the interstate compact, its bylaws, rules, and actions.

10 (d) Enforce compliance with the compact provisions, the rules promulgated by  
11 the interstate commission, and the bylaws, using all necessary and proper means,  
12 including the use of judicial process.

13 (e) Establish and maintain offices, which shall be located within one or more  
14 of the member states.

15 (f) Purchase and maintain insurance and bonds.

16 (g) Borrow, accept, hire, or contract for services of personnel.

17 (h) Establish and appoint committees, including an executive committee as  
18 required by sub. (9) (e), which shall have the power to act on behalf of the interstate  
19 commission in carrying out its powers and duties under the compact.

20 (i) Elect or appoint such officers, attorneys, employees, agents, or consultants  
21 and to fix their compensation, define their duties, and determine their qualifications,  
22 and to establish the interstate commission's personnel policies and programs  
23 relating to conflicts of interest, rates of compensation, and qualifications of  
24 personnel.

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1 (j) Accept donations and grants of money, equipment, supplies, materials, and  
2 services, and to receive, utilize, and dispose of any such donations and grants.

3 (k) Lease, purchase, accept contributions or donations of, or otherwise to own,  
4 hold, improve, or use any property, real, personal, or mixed.

5 (L) Sell, convey, mortgage, pledge, lease, exchange, abandon, or otherwise  
6 dispose of any property, real, personal, or mixed.

7 (m) Establish a budget and make expenditures.

8 (n) Adopt a seal and bylaws governing the management and operation of the  
9 interstate commission.

10 (o) Report annually to the legislatures, governors, judiciary, and state councils  
11 of the member states concerning the activities of the interstate commission during  
12 the preceding year. The reports shall also include any recommendations adopted by  
13 the interstate commission.

14 (p) Coordinate education, training, and public awareness regarding the  
15 compact, and its implementation and operation, for officials and parents involved in  
16 such activity.

17 (q) Establish uniform standards for the reporting, collecting, and exchanging  
18 of data.

19 (r) Maintain corporate books and records in accordance with the bylaws.

20 (s) Perform the functions necessary or appropriate to achieve the purposes of  
21 this compact.

22 (t) Provide for the uniform collection and sharing of information between and  
23 among member states, local education agencies, and military families under this  
24 compact.

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1           **(11) ARTICLE XI — ORGANIZATION AND OPERATION OF THE INTERSTATE COMMISSION.**

2           (a) The interstate commission shall, by a majority of the members present and  
3           voting, within 12 months after the first interstate commission meeting, adopt bylaws  
4           to govern its conduct as may be necessary or appropriate to carry out the purposes  
5           of the compact, including all of the following:

6                 1. Establishing the fiscal year of the interstate commission.

7                 2. Establishing an executive committee, and such other committees as may be  
8           necessary.

9                 3. Providing for the establishment of committees and for governing any general  
10          or specific delegation of authority or function of the interstate commission.

11                4. Providing reasonable procedures for calling and conducting meetings of the  
12          interstate commission, and ensuring reasonable notice of each such meeting.

13                5. Establishing the titles and responsibilities of the officers and staff of the  
14          interstate commission.

15                6. Providing a mechanism for concluding the operations of the interstate  
16          commission and the return of surplus funds that may exist upon the termination of  
17          the compact after the payment and reserving of all of its debts and obligations.

18                7. Providing start-up rules for initial administration of the compact.

19           (b) The interstate commission shall, by a majority of the members, elect  
20          annually from among its members a chairperson, a vice chairperson, and a treasurer,  
21          each of whom shall have the authority and duties specified in the bylaws. The  
22          chairperson or, in the chairperson's absence or disability, the vice chairperson, shall  
23          preside at all meetings of the interstate commission. The officers so elected shall  
24          serve without compensation or remuneration from the interstate commission.  
25          Subject to the availability of budgeted funds, the officers shall be reimbursed for

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1 ordinary and necessary costs and expenses incurred by them in the performance of  
2 their responsibilities as officers of the interstate commission.

3 (c) *Executive Committee, Officers and Personnel.* 1. The executive committee  
4 shall have the authority and duties set forth in the bylaws, including all of the  
5 following:

6 a. Managing the affairs of the interstate commission in a manner consistent  
7 with the bylaws and purposes of the interstate commission.

8 b. Overseeing an organizational structure within, and appropriate procedures  
9 for, the interstate commission to provide for the creation of rules, operating  
10 procedures, and administrative and technical support functions.

11 c. Planning, implementing, and coordinating communications and activities  
12 with other state, federal, and local governmental organizations in order to advance  
13 the goals of the interstate commission.

14 2. The executive committee may, subject to the approval of the interstate  
15 commission, appoint or retain an executive director for such period, upon such terms  
16 and conditions, and for such compensation, as the interstate commission may deem  
17 appropriate. The executive director shall serve as secretary to the interstate  
18 commission, but shall not be a member of the interstate commission. The executive  
19 director shall hire and supervise such other persons as may be authorized by the  
20 interstate commission.

21 (d) 1. The interstate commission's executive director and its employees are  
22 immune from suit and liability, either personally or in their official capacity, for a  
23 claim for damage to or loss of property or personal injury or other civil liability caused  
24 or arising out of or relating to an actual or alleged act, error, or omission that  
25 occurred, or that such person had a reasonable basis for believing occurred, within

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1 the scope of interstate commission employment, duties, or responsibilities, except  
2 that the executive director and the employees of the interstate commission shall not  
3 be protected under this subdivision from suit or liability for damage, loss, injury, or  
4 liability caused by the intentional or willful and wanton misconduct of that executive  
5 director or employee.

6 2. The liability of the interstate commission's executive director and employees  
7 or interstate commission representatives, acting within the scope of such person's  
8 employment or duties for acts, errors, or omissions occurring within such person's  
9 state may not exceed the limits of liability set forth under the constitution and laws  
10 of that state for state officials, employees, and agents. The interstate commission is  
11 considered to be an instrumentality of the states for the purposes of any such action.  
12 Nothing in this subdivision shall be construed to protect such person from suit or  
13 liability for damage, loss, injury, or liability caused by the intentional or willful and  
14 wanton misconduct of such person.

15 3. The interstate commission shall defend the executive director and its  
16 employees and, subject to the approval of the attorney general or other appropriate  
17 legal counsel of the member state represented by an interstate commission  
18 representative, shall defend such interstate commission representative in any civil  
19 action seeking to impose liability arising out of an actual or alleged act, error, or  
20 omission that occurred within the scope of interstate commission employment,  
21 duties, or responsibilities, or that the defendant had a reasonable basis for believing  
22 occurred within the scope of interstate commission employment, duties, or  
23 responsibilities, provided that the actual or alleged act, error, or omission did not  
24 result from intentional or willful and wanton misconduct on the part of such person.

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1           4. To the extent not covered by the state involved, member state, or the  
2 interstate commission, the representatives or employees of the interstate  
3 commission shall be held harmless in the amount of a settlement or judgment,  
4 including attorney's fees and costs, obtained against such persons arising out of an  
5 actual or alleged act, error, or omission that occurred within the scope of interstate  
6 commission employment, duties, or responsibilities, or that such persons had a  
7 reasonable basis for believing occurred within the scope of interstate commission  
8 employment, duties, or responsibilities, provided that the actual or alleged act, error,  
9 or omission did not result from intentional or willful and wanton misconduct on the  
10 part of such persons.

11           **(12) ARTICLE XII — RULE-MAKING FUNCTIONS OF THE INTERSTATE COMMISSION.** (a)  
12 *Rule-making authority.* The interstate commission shall promulgate reasonable  
13 rules in order to effectively and efficiently achieve the purposes of this compact. If  
14 the interstate commission exercises its rule-making authority in a manner that is  
15 beyond the scope of the purposes of this compact, or the powers granted under this  
16 compact, then such an action by the interstate commission shall be invalid and have  
17 no force or effect.

18           (b) *Rule-making procedure; effect of rules.* Rules shall be promulgated  
19 pursuant to a rule-making process that substantially conforms to the Model State  
20 Administrative Procedure Act, as amended, as may be appropriate to the operations  
21 of the interstate commission. A rule has the force and effect of statutory law in a  
22 member state if approved by the legislature of the member state or the state  
23 superintendent of education of the member state.

24           (c) Not later than 30 days after a rule is promulgated, any person may file a  
25 petition for judicial review of the rule. The filing of such a petition does not stay or

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1 otherwise prevent the rule from becoming effective unless the court finds that the  
2 petitioner has a substantial likelihood of success. The court shall give deference to  
3 the actions of the interstate commission consistent with applicable law and shall not  
4 find the rule to be unlawful if the rule represents a reasonable exercise of the  
5 interstate commission's authority.

6 (d) If a majority of the legislatures of the member states rejects a rule by  
7 enactment of a statute or resolution in the same manner used to adopt the compact,  
8 then such rule shall have no further force and effect in any member state.

9 **(13) ARTICLE XIII — OVERSIGHT, ENFORCEMENT, AND DISPUTE RESOLUTION.** (a)  
10 *Oversight.* 1. The executive, legislative, and judicial branches of state government  
11 in each member state shall enforce this compact and shall take all actions necessary  
12 and appropriate to effectuate the compact's purposes and intent.

13 2. All courts shall take judicial notice of the compact and the rules in any  
14 judicial or administrative proceeding in a member state pertaining to the subject  
15 matter of this compact that may affect the powers, responsibilities, or actions of the  
16 interstate commission.

17 3. The interstate commission is entitled to receive all service of process in any  
18 proceeding under subd. 2., and has standing to intervene in the proceeding for all  
19 purposes. Failure to provide service of process to the interstate commission renders  
20 a judgment or order void as to the interstate commission, this compact, or  
21 promulgated rules.

22 (b) *Default, technical assistance, suspension, and termination.* If the interstate  
23 commission determines that a local education agency in a member state has  
24 defaulted in the performance of its obligations or responsibilities under this compact,



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1 or the bylaws or promulgated rules, the interstate commission shall do all of the  
2 following:

3 1. Provide written notice to the member state and other member states of the  
4 nature of the default, the means of curing the default, and any action taken by the  
5 interstate commission. The interstate commission shall specify the conditions by  
6 which the member state must cure the default of the local education agency.

7 2. Provide remedial training and specific technical assistance regarding the  
8 default.

9 3. If the member state fails to cure the default of the local education agency, the  
10 member state shall be terminated from the compact upon an affirmative vote of a  
11 majority of the member states, and all rights, privileges, and benefits conferred by  
12 this compact shall be terminated from the effective date of termination. A cure of the  
13 default does not relieve the state of obligations or liabilities incurred during the  
14 period of the default.

15 4. Suspension or termination of membership in the compact shall be imposed  
16 only after all other means of securing compliance have been exhausted. Notice of  
17 intent to suspend or terminate shall be given by the interstate commission to the  
18 governor, the majority and minority leaders of the state's legislature, and each of the  
19 member states.

20 5. A state that has been suspended or terminated is responsible for all  
21 assessments, obligations, and liabilities incurred through the effective date of  
22 suspension or termination, including obligations the performance of which extends  
23 beyond the effective date of suspension or termination.

24 6. The interstate commission shall not bear any costs relating to any member  
25 state in which a local education agency has been found to be in default or that has

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1 been suspended or terminated from the compact, unless otherwise mutually agreed  
2 upon in writing between the interstate commission and the member state.

3 7. The state may appeal the action of the interstate commission by petitioning  
4 the U.S. district court for the District of Columbia or the federal district where the  
5 interstate commission has its principal offices. The prevailing party shall be  
6 awarded all costs of such litigation including reasonable attorney's fees.

7 (c) *Dispute Resolution.* 1. The interstate commission shall attempt, upon the  
8 request of a member state, to resolve disputes that are subject to the compact and  
9 that may arise among member states and between member and nonmember states.

10 2. The interstate commission shall promulgate a rule providing for mediation  
11 for disputes as appropriate.

12 (14) ARTICLE XIV — FINANCING OF THE INTERSTATE COMMISSION. (a) The  
13 interstate commission shall pay, or provide for the payment of, the reasonable  
14 expenses of its establishment, organization, and ongoing activities.

15 (b) The interstate commission may levy on and collect from each member state  
16 an annual assessment to cover the cost of the operations and activities of the  
17 interstate commission and its staff. The aggregate annual assessment must be  
18 sufficient to cover the interstate commission's annual budget as approved each year.  
19 Subject to s. 115.28 (58), the aggregate annual assessment amount shall be allocated  
20 among member states based upon a formula to be determined by the interstate  
21 commission, which shall promulgate a rule binding upon all member states.

22 (c) The interstate commission shall not incur obligations of any kind prior to  
23 securing the funds adequate to meet the same, nor pledge the credit of any of the  
24 member states except by and with the authority of the member state.

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1 (d) The interstate commission shall keep accurate accounts of all receipts and  
2 disbursements. The receipts and disbursements of the interstate commission shall  
3 be subject to the audit and accounting procedures established under its bylaws.  
4 However, all receipts and disbursements of funds handled by the interstate  
5 commission shall be audited yearly by a certified or licensed public accountant and  
6 the report of the audit shall be included in and become part of the annual report of  
7 the interstate commission.

8 **(15) ARTICLE XV — MEMBER STATES, EFFECTIVE DATE AND AMENDMENT.** (a) Any  
9 state is eligible to become a member state.

10 (b) The compact shall become effective and binding upon legislative enactment  
11 of the compact into law by no less than 10 states. Thereafter, it shall become effective  
12 and binding as to any other state upon enactment of the compact into law by that  
13 state. The governor of a nonmember state or his or her designee shall be invited to  
14 participate in the activities of the interstate commission on a nonvoting basis prior  
15 to adoption of the compact by all states.

16 (c) The interstate commission may propose amendments to the compact for  
17 enactment by the member states. No amendment shall become effective and binding  
18 upon the interstate commission and the member states unless and until it is enacted  
19 into law by unanimous consent of the member states.

20 **(16) ARTICLE XVI — WITHDRAWAL AND DISSOLUTION.** (a) *Withdrawal.* 1. Once  
21 effective, the compact shall continue in force and remain binding upon each and  
22 every member state, provided that a member state may withdraw from the compact  
23 by enacting a law repealing the compact or by enacting a law withdrawing from the  
24 compact.

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1           2. A withdrawing state shall immediately notify the chairperson of the  
2 interstate commission in writing upon the enactment of legislation in the  
3 withdrawing state that repeals this compact or withdraws from this compact. The  
4 interstate commission shall notify the other member states within 60 days of its  
5 receipt thereof.

6           3. A withdrawing state is responsible for all assessments, obligations, and  
7 liabilities incurred through the effective date of withdrawal, including obligations  
8 the performance of which extends beyond the effective date of withdrawal.

9           4. Reinstatement following withdrawal of a member state shall occur upon the  
10 withdrawing state reenacting the compact or upon such later date as determined by  
11 the interstate commission.

12           (b) *Dissolution of Compact.* 1. This compact shall dissolve effective upon the  
13 date of the withdrawal or default of the member state that reduces the membership  
14 in the compact to one member state.

15           2. Upon the dissolution of this compact, the compact is null and void and of no  
16 further force or effect, and the business and affairs of the interstate commission shall  
17 be concluded and surplus funds distributed in accordance with the bylaws.

18           **(17) ARTICLE XVII – SEVERABILITY AND CONSTRUCTION.** (a) The provisions of this  
19 compact shall be severable and if any phrase, clause, sentence, or provision is  
20 deemed unenforceable, the remaining provisions of the compact shall be enforceable.

21           (b) The provisions of this compact shall be liberally construed to effectuate its  
22 purposes.

23           (c) Nothing in this compact shall be construed to prohibit the applicability of  
24 other interstate compacts to which the states are members.

