



State of Wisconsin  
2015 - 2016 LEGISLATURE

LRB-4582/1  
ARG:wlj&amn

## 2015 ASSEMBLY BILL 837

January 29, 2016 - Introduced by Representatives JARCHOW, GOYKE, BALLWEG, BERCEAU, KAHL and A. OTT, cosponsored by Senators LEMAHIEU, RISSER and MARKLEIN. Referred to Committee on Judiciary.

1       **AN ACT to repeal** 73.14, 179.76 (5) (bm), 179.76 (5m), 179.77 (5) (bm), 179.77 (5r),  
2           180.1161 (5) (bm), 181.1105 (1m), 181.1161 (5) (bm), 182.01 (7), 183.1204 (1)  
3           (cm) and 183.1207 (5) (bm); **to renumber** 179.10; **to renumber and amend**  
4           179.04 (1) (b) and 179.82 (4); **to amend** 13.69 (1), 70.21 (2), 71.80 (21), 71.80  
5           (22), 73.03 (58) (a) and (b), 77.21 (1e), 77.25 (6), 77.25 (6d), 77.25 (6m), 77.61  
6           (15), 108.02 (20r), 179.065 (2), 179.70 (2) and (3), 180.0121 (1) (a) 4., 180.0121  
7           (2), 180.0501 (2), 180.1100 (2) and (3), 180.1507 (2), 181.0121 (1) (a) 4., 181.0121  
8           (2), 181.0501 (2), 181.1100 (2) and (3), 181.1507 (2), 182.01 (3) (intro.), 183.0105  
9           (1) (b), 183.0109 (1) (a) 5., 183.0109 (2), 183.1200 (2) and (3), 244.49 (9), 766.01  
10          (9) (d) and 815.18 (13) (e); **to repeal and recreate** chapter 178; and **to create**  
11          71.80 (21m), 71.80 (22m), 73.03 (58) (c) and (d), 77.25 (6q), 77.25 (6t) and 179.10  
12          (2) of the statutes; **relating to:** adopting revisions to the state's uniform

**ASSEMBLY BILL 837**

- 1 partnership law, providing an exemption from emergency rule procedures,  
2 granting rule-making authority, and providing a criminal penalty.
- 

***Analysis by the Legislative Reference Bureau***

This bill adopts, with modifications, the Revised Uniform Partnership Act (1997), as last amended in 2013.

In 1914, the National Conference of Commissioners on Uniform State Laws (NCCUSL) drafted and approved the Uniform Partnership Act (1914). In 1992, NCCUSL adopted a Revised Uniform Partnership Act and, in 1993 and 1994, adopted amendments to this revised act. In 1996, NCCUSL adopted limited liability partnership (LLP) amendments to its revised act. All of these changes were combined in a Revised Uniform Partnership Act (1997). In 2013, NCCUSL, now called the Uniform Law Commission, modified the Revised Uniform Partnership Act (1997).

Current law in Wisconsin adopts the Uniform Partnership Act (1914), with modifications. One of these modifications, made in 1995 Wisconsin Act 97, allows partnerships in Wisconsin to become LLPs.

This bill repeals and recreates Wisconsin's partnership law, including the law related to LLPs, to adopt the Revised Uniform Partnership Act (1997), as last amended in 2013 (RUPA), subject to certain modifications. Many provisions of RUPA are similar to current law. For example, under both current law and RUPA, the partnership agreement provides rules of governance for the partnership and, in many instances, statutory provisions are default rules that govern the partnership only in the absence of applicable terms in the partnership agreement. However, in some instances, the terms of the partnership agreement may not vary from statutory requirements. Also under both current law and RUPA, a filing with the Department of Financial Institutions (DFI) is not required to form a partnership, but a filing is required for a partnership to become an LLP.

Some of the significant changes to current law made by RUPA, as adopted under this bill, are discussed below.

***Partnership as distinct legal entity***

Under this bill, a partnership is a distinct legal entity, not merely an aggregation of individual partners. Accordingly, instead of a partner being a co-owner of partnership property as a tenant in partnership, the partnership entity generally holds the only ownership interest in partnership property and each partner's interest in the property is derivative through the partner's interest in the partnership. The bill also specifies that a partnership may sue and be sued in the name of the partnership.

***Partnership agreement and partnership formation***

Current law specifies certain rules that apply to the rights and duties of partners in relation to the partnership, subject to any agreement between the partners.

**ASSEMBLY BILL 837**

This bill provides more specific guidance, in comparison with current law, as to when the provisions of a partnership agreement override contrary statutory provisions and when they do not. Under the bill, subject to certain exceptions discussed below, the partnership agreement governs relations among the partners as partners and between the partners and the partnership; the business of the partnership and the conduct of that business; and the means and conditions for amending the partnership agreement. On these topics, statutory provisions govern only in the absence of an applicable provision in the partnership agreement. However, the bill imposes certain restrictions on the terms of a partnership agreement. Among these restrictions, a partnership agreement may not vary from certain statutory provisions relating to the grounds for expulsion of a partner by judicial order; the causes of dissolution; requirements for winding up the partnership's business; requirements for DFI filings or for an LLP's registered agent; lawsuits by and against partners and the partnership; a partner's right of access to partnership books and information; a partner's fiduciary and other duties (discussed further below); and the applicable law governing an LLP's internal affairs and the liability of its partners. The partnership agreement also governs the obligations of the partnership and its partners to a person dissociated as a partner and to a person to whom a partner's interest (right to receive partnership distributions) has been transferred.

Although current law does not require the filing of a certificate or articles with DFI to form a partnership, it does allow partnership agreements and amendments to these agreements, as well as notices of partnership dissolution, to be recorded with the register of deeds in the county where the partnership is located.

As under current law, this bill does not require the filing of a certificate or articles with DFI to form a partnership, but the bill allows a partnership to voluntarily file with DFI various types of statements, including a statement of partnership authority. This statement may grant or limit, for purposes of a third-party dealing with the partnership, authority of a partner to act as an agent of the partnership and to enter into transactions on behalf of the partnership. In this statement, the partnership may identify the authority of any person or position (which covers all persons holding that position) or identify limitations on the authority of a person or position. The statement of authority is effective for five years from its original date or its most recent amendment or renewal, and the statement affects only the power of a person to bind the partnership to persons that are not partners. The bill allows any person named in a statement of authority to file with DFI a statement of denial of authority. If the statement of authority is recorded with the register of deeds, it may grant or limit authority of a partner to transfer real property on behalf of the partnership. The bill also allows the filing of other voluntary statements with DFI, including a statement of dissociation of a partner which limits the authority of the dissociated partner, a statement of dissolution which gives notice that the partnership has dissolved and is winding up its business, and a statement of termination which gives notice that the partnership is terminated. A person who is not a partner is considered to have knowledge of facts

**ASSEMBLY BILL 837**

contained in a statement of dissociation, statement of dissolution, or statement of termination 90 days after the statement becomes effective.

***Fiduciary and other duties of partners***

Under current law, a partner is a fiduciary who must account to the partnership for any benefit, and hold as a trustee for it any profit, derived by the partner without the consent of the other partners from any transaction connected with the formation, conduct, or liquidation of the partnership or from use by the partner of partnership property.

This bill provides a broader and more explicit description of the duties of each partner to the partnership and to other partners and also specifies the extent to which these statutory duties may be overridden by the partnership agreement. Under this bill, unless the duty is permissibly modified in the partnership agreement (as discussed below), a partner owes to the partnership, and to the other partners, duties of loyalty and care, as described below. A partner must also discharge its duties and obligations, whether statutory or arising under the partnership agreement, and exercise its rights, consistently with the contractual obligation of good faith and fair dealing. However, a partner does not violate a duty or obligation solely because the partner's conduct furthers the partner's own interest.

Under the bill, a partner owes a fiduciary duty of loyalty that includes the duty: 1) to account to the partnership and hold as trustee for it any property, profit, or benefit derived by the partner in the conduct or winding up of the partnership's business, from use of the partnership's property, or from the appropriation of a partnership opportunity; 2) to refrain from dealing with the partnership, in the conduct or winding up of the partnership business, adversely or on behalf of a person having an adverse interest; and 3) to refrain from competing with the partnership in the conduct of the partnership's business. However, all the partners, or one or more disinterested partners with authority to act in the matter, may authorize or ratify, after disclosure of all material facts, a specific act or transaction that otherwise would violate the duty of loyalty. Also, it is a defense to a claim of dealing adversely with the partnership (item 2, above) that the transaction was fair to the partnership.

Under the bill, a partner also owes a duty of care, in the conduct or winding up of the partnership business, to refrain from 1) willfully failing to deal fairly with the partnership or its partners when the partner has a material conflict of interest; 2) violating the criminal law; 3) engaging in a transaction in which the partner derives an improper personal profit; or 4) engaging in willful misconduct.

Under the bill, the partnership agreement may not alter or eliminate, or restrict remedies for the breach of, the duty of loyalty or the duty of care, except as described below; eliminate, or restrict remedies for the breach of, the contractual obligation of good faith and fair dealing, but it may prescribe standards, if not manifestly unreasonable, by which performance of the obligation is measured; or relieve a person from liability for conduct that violates the duty of care described in items 1) to 4) in the immediately preceding paragraph. However, the partnership agreement may specify the method by which an act or transaction that would otherwise violate the duty of loyalty may be authorized or ratified after the disclosure of all material

**ASSEMBLY BILL 837**

facts. The partnership agreement may also eliminate or limit a partner's fiduciary duty if it also relieves the partner of a responsibility and imposes it on another partner. Although the partnership agreement may not relieve a person from liability for conduct that violates the duty of care described in items 1) to 4) in the immediately preceding paragraph, it may, if not manifestly unreasonable, alter or eliminate, or restrict remedies with respect to, certain aspects of the duty of loyalty; identify specific types or categories of activities that do not violate the duty of loyalty or the contractual obligation of good faith and fair dealing; otherwise alter the duty of care; or alter or eliminate any other fiduciary duty. A court determines, as a matter of law, whether a term of a partnership agreement is manifestly unreasonable.

***Dissociation of partners and dissolution and winding up of partnership***

Under current law, the dissolution of a partnership is the change in the relation of the partners caused by any partner ceasing to be associated in the carrying on of the business. Dissolution may be caused by various events, including by the will of any or all partners or by the death or bankruptcy of a partner. However, a partner's assignment (usually by sale) of the partner's interest in the partnership does not of itself dissolve the partnership, although the assignee is entitled to receive only the partner's profits from the partnership and not any right to management or participation in partnership business.

This bill adopts the term "dissociation," as used in connection with a partner, and specifies when a partner's dissociation from the partnership occurs. Among other events causing a partner's dissociation from the partnership, a partner is dissociated upon the occurrence of any of the following: 1) when the partner withdraws from the partnership or is expelled from the partnership; 2) when an event occurs that, under the terms of the partnership agreement, results in the partner's dissociation; 3) when the partner becomes a debtor in bankruptcy, dies, has a guardian or conservator appointed for him or her, or is adjudged to be incapable of performing his or her duties under the partnership agreement; or 4) when the partnership dissolves and completes winding up. A person has the power to dissociate as a partner at any time, rightfully or wrongfully, by withdrawing from the partnership unless the partnership is an LLP and the partnership agreement provides otherwise; however, a partner that wrongfully dissociates is liable to the partnership and to the other partners for damages caused by the dissociation. A partner's dissociation is wrongful if, among other things, the dissociation is in violation of a term of the partnership agreement. A dissociated partner has no right to participate in the management of the partnership. The obligations of the partnership and other partners to the dissociated partner are generally governed by the terms of the partnership agreement, although the bill contains certain provisions relating to partnership distributions to dissociated partners.

Under the bill, a partner's dissociation from the partnership does not automatically require dissolution of the partnership; a partnership is dissolved only upon the occurrence of specified events. For example, in a partnership for a definite term or particular undertaking, dissociation of a partner as a result of the partner's death causes dissolution of the partnership only if, within 90 days after the death, at least half of the remaining partners affirmatively act to dissolve the partnership.

**ASSEMBLY BILL 837**

As under current law, under the bill a partner's sale of his or her interest in the partnership does not automatically require dissolution of the partnership or entitle the transferee to participate in the management of the partnership. It also does not, by itself, cause the partner's dissociation from the partnership.

This bill modifies some of the grounds under which a partnership is dissolved and its business must be wound up, including grounds for dissolution by court order. As new grounds for dissolution under the bill, a partnership is dissolved, and its business must be wound up, if the partnership does not have at least two partners for 90 consecutive days or if an event or circumstance occurs that the partnership agreement states causes dissolution. Also, under the bill, a court order is required for dissolution on the basis that the partnership's activities are or would be unlawful.

The bill also allows a partnership to rescind its dissolution unless it has already filed with DFI a statement of termination or a court has ordered dissolution. If a partnership rescinds its dissolution and meets certain requirements, the partnership may resume carrying on its business as if dissolution had never occurred.

***Limited liability partnerships***

Under current law, to become an LLP, a domestic partnership must file a registration statement with DFI that contains specified information. To do business in this state, a foreign LLP must file with DFI a foreign registration statement. Current law includes various provisions relating to these registration statements, amendment or termination of these registration statements, acceptable names for an LLP or foreign LLP, registered offices and registered agents for LLPs and foreign LLPs, and service on LLPs and foreign LLPs.

Under this bill, to become an LLP, a domestic partnership must file with DFI a statement of qualification, rather than a registration statement. However, a foreign LLP must still file a registration statement with DFI to do business in this state. The bill includes many provisions, including some based on RUPA and some that depart from the model provisions of RUPA, relating to procedures applicable to LLPs and foreign LLPs, including provisions related to maintenance of a registered agent and registered office, service of process on an LLP or foreign LLP, and DFI's revocation of an LLP's statement of qualification or foreign LLP's registration. The bill requires an LLP or foreign LLP to submit an annual report to DFI.

As under current law, the provisions of this bill afford the partners in an LLP a certain level of immunity from liability, although the bill includes some modifications to current law relating to LLP liability. Under current law, all partners in a partnership are generally liable as follows: 1) jointly and severally for loss or injury caused to a person who is not a partner by any wrongful act or omission of a partner acting in the ordinary course of the partnership business or with partnership authority; and 2) jointly for all other debts and obligations of the partnership. However, a partner in an LLP is not personally liable for any debt, obligation, or liability of the LLP, except that the partner may be liable for the partner's own actions or the actions of a person under the partner's supervision and control and for debts, obligations, and liabilities resulting from the partner's acts or conduct other than as a partner.

**ASSEMBLY BILL 837**

Under this bill, a partnership is liable for loss or injury caused to a person as a result of a wrongful act or omission of a partner acting in the ordinary course of the partnership's business or with the actual or apparent authority of the partnership. In a partnership that is not an LLP, all partners are generally liable jointly and severally for all debts, obligations, and other liabilities of the partnership. However, subject to an exception, in an LLP, a debt, obligation, or other liability of the LLP is solely the debt, obligation, or other liability of the LLP, not of the partners, and a partner is not personally liable for the debt, obligation, or other liability of the LLP solely by reason of being a partner. Under the exception, an LLP can make an election that this provision (under which a debt, obligation, or other liability of the LLP is solely that of the LLP and a partner is not personally liable) does not affect the liability of a partner in an LLP for the partner's own negligence or wrongful acts or for the negligence or wrongful acts of a person under the partner's supervision and control. The bill also specifies that an LLP's failure to observe formalities relating to the exercise of its powers or management of its business is not a ground for imposing liability on a partner for a debt, obligation, or other liability of the LLP.

The bill includes restrictions on an LLP in making distributions to partners, or to transferees of partners, under certain circumstances. An LLP may not make a distribution if, after the distribution, the LLP would not be able to pay its debts as they become due in the ordinary course of business or the LLP's assets would be less than its liabilities. If a partner of an LLP consents to a distribution that violates these restrictions and, in consenting to the distribution, fails to comply with the partner's duties of loyalty and care (as described above), the partner is personally liable to the partnership for the amount of the distribution that exceeds the amount that could have been distributed without the violation.

***Mergers, conversions, and other business combinations***

This bill specifies procedures for domestic or foreign partnerships, including LLPs, to engage in business-structure transactions in the form of mergers, conversions, interest exchanges, and domestications. In an interest exchange, a domestic partnership acquires interests of another domestic or foreign business entity, or has its own interests acquired by another domestic or foreign business entity. In a domestication, an entity governed by the law of a foreign country (a non-US entity) may domesticate as a domestic partnership under Wisconsin law while continuing to be subject to the foreign country's law and a domestic partnership may domesticate as a non-US entity subject to a foreign country's law while continuing to be a domestic partnership. The bill allows mergers, conversions, interest exchanges, and domestications to involve a diverse array of business entities, including business corporations, nonprofit corporations, limited liability companies, limited partnerships, LLPs, cooperative associations, and unincorporated nonprofit associations. Certain requirements apply to these business-structure transactions, including approval of a plan of merger, conversion, interest exchange, or domestication and filing with DFI articles of merger, conversion, interest exchange, or domestication, although the terms of the partnership agreement generally govern mergers, conversions, interest exchanges, and domestications. When the merger, conversion, interest exchange, or

**ASSEMBLY BILL 837**

domestication becomes effective, certain results occur automatically, as a matter of law, with respect to such matters as assets, obligations, continued existence, and organizational documents of the parties involved in the transaction.

The bill also repeals a tax reporting requirement under current law that applies to corporations, LLCs, and limited partnerships. Under current law, if an acquired business entity in a merger or the converted business entity in a conversion owned a fee simple ownership interest in any Wisconsin real estate immediately prior to the merger or conversion, the surviving business entity must submit a report to the Department of Revenue within 60 days of the merger or conversion containing specified information relating to the merger or conversion and the Wisconsin real estate.

This bill eliminates this reporting requirement.

***Partnership records and information***

Under current law, subject to the provisions of the partnership agreement, partnership books must be kept at the principal place of business of the partnership and, at all times, each partner must have access to them and may inspect and copy them. Partners must also render, on demand, to any other partner true and full information of all things affecting the partnership.

This bill provides for a partnership to keep its books and records at its principal office. On reasonable notice, a partner may inspect and copy, during regular business hours and at a reasonable location specified by the partnership, any record maintained by the partnership regarding the partnership's business, financial condition, and other circumstances, to the extent the information is material to the partner's rights and duties under the partnership agreement or the statutes. The bill specifies information that the partnership must furnish to each partner, without demand by the partner, as well as information that the partnership must furnish to a partner upon demand by the partner. The duty to furnish information also applies to each partner, not just to the partnership. The bill also specifies the rights to information of a person dissociated as a partner. The bill allows a partnership to impose reasonable restrictions and conditions on access to and use of information furnished by the partnership.

***Other changes***

This bill includes numerous other substantive and stylistic changes from current law. The bill eliminates existing provisions, and creates new provisions, as to when a person is considered to have notice or knowledge of a fact, and also specifies when a person is considered to have given another person notice of a fact. The bill also modifies certain terms used in connection with partnerships, such as changing the term "registration statement" for an LLP to "statement of qualification" and changing the term "articles of dissolution" to "statement of dissolution."

The bill also includes numerous modifications from, or additions to, the model language of RUPA, including provisions relating to DFI procedures and fees.

***Phase-in***

The changes in this bill apply to a partnership formed on or after January 1, 2018, and apply, on January 1, 2018, to a partnership formed before that date unless 1) the partnership elects to be governed earlier by the new provisions of the bill, or



**ASSEMBLY BILL 837**

2) the partnership elects to be governed by the existing law applicable before enactment of the bill. When the provisions of the bill become applicable to a partnership, provisions of prior law relating to liability and legal actions continue to apply to obligations incurred prior to enactment of the bill and any provision of a partnership agreement that was valid before enactment of the bill remains valid.

For further information see the *state* fiscal estimate, which will be printed as an appendix to this bill.

---

*The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:*

1           **SECTION 1.** 13.69 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:

2           13.69 (1) Except as provided in sub. (2m), any principal violating ss. 13.61 to  
3           13.68 or a rule of the board promulgated under those sections may be required to  
4           forfeit not more than \$5,000. In the case of a partnership other than a foreign or  
5           domestic limited liability partnership, each of the partners is jointly and severally  
6           liable for any forfeiture imposed under this subsection.

7           **SECTION 2.** 70.21 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:

8           70.21 (2) The personal property of a limited liability partnership shall be  
9           assessed in the name of the partnership, and each partner shall be liable for the taxes  
10          levied thereon only to the extent permitted under s. ~~178.12~~ 178.0306.

11          **SECTION 3.** 71.80 (21) of the statutes is amended to read:

12          71.80 (21) BUSINESS ENTITY CONVERSION. Notwithstanding any provision of ss.  
13          ~~178.1141 to 178.1145~~, 179.76, 180.1161, 181.1161, and 183.1207, the conversion of  
14          a business entity to another form of business entity under s. ~~178.1141~~, 179.76,  
15          180.1161, 181.1161, or 183.1207 shall be treated for state tax purposes in the same  
16          manner as the conversion is treated for federal tax purposes.

17          **SECTION 4.** 71.80 (21m) of the statutes is created to read:

**ASSEMBLY BILL 837****SECTION 4**

1           71.80 **(21m)** BUSINESS ENTITY INTEREST EXCHANGE. Notwithstanding any  
2 provision of ss. 178.1131 to 178.1135, an interest exchange under s. 178.1131 shall  
3 be treated for state tax purposes in the same manner as the interest exchange is  
4 treated for federal tax purposes.

5           **SECTION 5.** 71.80 (22) of the statutes is amended to read:

6           71.80 **(22)** BUSINESS ENTITY MERGER. Notwithstanding any provision of ss.  
7 178.1121 to 178.1125, 179.77, 180.1101, 180.1104, 181.1101, 181.1104, and 183.1201,  
8 the merger of a business entity with one or more business entities under s. 178.1121,  
9 179.77, 180.1101, 180.1104, 181.1101, 181.1104, or 183.1201 shall be treated for state  
10 tax purposes in the same manner as the merger is treated for federal tax purposes.

11           **SECTION 6.** 71.80 (22m) of the statutes is created to read:

12           71.80 **(22m)** BUSINESS ENTITY DOMESTICATION. Notwithstanding any provision  
13 of ss. 178.1151 to 178.1155, a domestication under s. 178.1151 shall be treated for  
14 state tax purposes in the same manner as the domestication is treated for federal tax  
15 purposes.

16           **SECTION 7.** 73.03 (58) (a) and (b) of the statutes are amended to read:

17           73.03 **(58)** (a) Notwithstanding any provision of ss. 178.1141 to 178.1145,  
18 179.76, 180.1161, 181.1161, and 183.1207, to treat, for state tax purposes, the  
19 conversion of a business entity to another form of business entity under s. 178.1141,  
20 179.76, 180.1161, 181.1161, or 183.1207 in the same manner as the conversion is  
21 treated for federal tax purposes.

22           (b) Notwithstanding any provision of ss. 178.1121 to 178.1125, 179.77,  
23 180.1101, 180.1104, 181.1101, 181.1104, and 183.1201, to treat, for state tax  
24 purposes, the merger of a business entity with one or more business entities under

**ASSEMBLY BILL 837**

1 s. 178.1121, 179.77, 180.1101, 180.1104, 181.1101, 181.1104, or 183.1201 in the same  
2 manner as the merger is treated for federal tax purposes.

3 **SECTION 8.** 73.03 (58) (c) and (d) of the statutes are created to read:

4 73.03 (58) (c) Notwithstanding any provision of ss. 178.1131 to 178.1135, to  
5 treat, for state tax purposes, an interest exchange under s. 178.1131 in the same  
6 manner as the interest exchange is treated for federal tax purposes.

7 (d) Notwithstanding any provision of ss. 178.1151 to 178.1155, to treat, for state  
8 tax purposes, a domestication under s. 178.1151 in the same manner as the  
9 domestication is treated for federal tax purposes.

10 **SECTION 9.** 73.14 of the statutes is repealed.

11 **SECTION 10.** 77.21 (1e) of the statutes is amended to read:

12 77.21 (1e) “Mergers of ~~corporations~~ entities” means the merger or combination  
13 of 2 or more corporations, nonstock corporations, limited liability companies, or  
14 limited partnerships, or other entities, or any combination thereof, under a plan of  
15 merger or a plan of consolidation permitted by the laws that govern the entities.

16 **SECTION 11.** 77.25 (6) of the statutes is amended to read:

17 77.25 (6) Pursuant to mergers of ~~corporations~~ entities.

18 **SECTION 12.** 77.25 (6d) of the statutes is amended to read:

19 77.25 (6d) Pursuant to partnerships ~~registering as limited liability~~  
20 ~~partnerships~~ filing or cancelling a statement of qualification under s. 178.40  
21 178.0901 or a corresponding statement under the law of another jurisdiction.

22 **SECTION 13.** 77.25 (6m) of the statutes is amended to read:

23 77.25 (6m) Pursuant to the conversion of a business entity to another form of  
24 business entity under s. 178.1141, 179.76, 180.1161, 181.1161, or 183.1207, if, after

**ASSEMBLY BILL 837****SECTION 13**

1 the conversion, the ownership interests in the new entity are identical with the  
2 ownership interests in the original entity immediately preceding the conversion.

3 **SECTION 14.** 77.25 (6q) of the statutes is created to read:

4 77.25 (6q) Pursuant to an interest exchange under s. 178.1131.

5 **SECTION 15.** 77.25 (6t) of the statutes is created to read:

6 77.25 (6t) Pursuant to a domestication under s. 178.1151.

7 **SECTION 16.** 77.61 (15) of the statutes is amended to read:

8 77.61 (15) Notwithstanding any provision of ss. 178.1141 to 178.1145, 179.76,  
9 180.1161, 181.1161, and 183.1207, a business entity that converts to another  
10 business entity under s. 178.1141, 179.76, 180.1161, 181.1161, or 183.1207 shall be  
11 subject to the provisions under this subchapter applicable to liquidations,  
12 reorganizations, and business entity formations.

13 **SECTION 17.** 108.02 (20r) of the statutes is amended to read:

14 108.02 (20r) PARTNERSHIP. “Partnership” has the meaning given in s. ~~178.03~~  
15 178.0102 (11).

16 **SECTION 18.** Chapter 178 of the statutes is repealed and recreated to read:

17 **CHAPTER 178**

18 **UNIFORM PARTNERSHIP LAW**

19 **SUBCHAPTER I**

20 **GENERAL PROVISIONS**

21 **178.0101 Short title.** This chapter may be cited as the “Wisconsin Uniform  
22 Partnership Law.”

23 **178.0102 Definitions.** In this chapter:

24 (1) “Business” includes every trade, occupation, and profession.

**ASSEMBLY BILL 837**

1           **(2)** “Contribution,” except in the phrase “right of contribution,” means property  
2           or a benefit described in s. 178.0403 which is provided by a person to a partnership  
3           to become a partner or in the person’s capacity as a partner.

4           **(3)** “Debtor in bankruptcy” means a person that is the subject of any of the  
5           following:

6           (a) An order for relief under Title 11, USC, or a comparable order under a  
7           successor statute of general application.

8           (b) A comparable order under federal, state, or foreign law governing  
9           insolvency.

10          **(3m)** “Department” means the department of financial institutions.

11          **(4)** (a) Except as provided in par. (b), “distribution” means a transfer of money  
12          or other property from a partnership to a person on account of a transferable interest  
13          or in the person’s capacity as a partner. The term includes all of the following:

14           1. A redemption or other purchase by a partnership of a transferable interest.

15           2. A transfer to a partner in return for the partner’s relinquishment of any right  
16          to participate as a partner in the management or conduct of the partnership’s  
17          business or have access to records or other information concerning the partnership’s  
18          business.

19          (b) “Distribution” does not include amounts constituting reasonable  
20          compensation for present or past service, payments made in the ordinary course of  
21          business under a bona fide retirement plan or other bona fide benefits program, or  
22          other payments made to partners for good and valuable consideration other than in  
23          their capacity as partners.

24          **(4c)** “Domestic” means, with respect to an entity, an entity whose governing  
25          law is the law of this state.

**ASSEMBLY BILL 837****SECTION 18**

1           **(4j)** “Electronic” means relating to technology having electronic, digital,  
2 magnetic, wireless, optical, electromagnetic, or similar capabilities.

3           **(4p)** “Entity” means a person other than an individual.

4           **(4t)** “Foreign” means, with respect to an entity, an entity whose governing law  
5 is other than the law of this state.

6           **(5)** “Foreign limited liability partnership” means a foreign partnership whose  
7 partners have limited liability for the debts, obligations, or other liabilities of the  
8 foreign partnership under a provision similar to s. 178.0306 (3).

9           **(6)** “Foreign partnership” means an association that would be a partnership  
10 subject to this chapter but for the fact that its governing law is not the law of this  
11 state. The term includes a foreign limited liability partnership.

12           **(6g)** “General cooperative association” means, with respect to a Wisconsin  
13 cooperative, a cooperative organized under ch. 185.

14           **(6m)** “Governing law” means, with respect to an entity, the law of the  
15 jurisdiction that collectively governs its internal affairs and the liability of the  
16 persons associated with the entity for a debt, obligation, or other liability of the entity  
17 under s. 178.0104 or the corresponding applicable law with respect to entities other  
18 than domestic partnerships.

19           **(7)** “Jurisdiction,” used to refer to a political entity, means the United States,  
20 a state, a foreign country, or a political subdivision of a foreign country.

21           **(8m)** “Limited cooperative association” means, with respect to a Wisconsin  
22 cooperative, a cooperative organized under ch. 193.

23           **(9)** “Limited liability partnership,” except in the phrase “foreign limited  
24 liability partnership,” or “domestic limited liability partnership” means a

**ASSEMBLY BILL 837**

1 partnership that has filed a statement of qualification under s. 178.0901 and does  
2 not have a similar statement in effect in any other jurisdiction.

3 **(10)** “Partner” means a person that satisfies all of the following:

4 (a) The person has become a partner in a partnership under s. 178.0402 or was  
5 a partner in a partnership when the partnership became subject to this chapter.

6 (b) The person has not dissociated as a partner under s. 178.0601.

7 **(11)** “Partnership” or “domestic partnership” means an association of 2 or more  
8 persons, except to the extent provided in s. 178.0801 (6), to carry on as co-owners a  
9 business for profit whose governing law is the law of this state, and which is subject  
10 to this chapter, including an association that has become and is still subject to this  
11 chapter. The term includes a limited liability partnership.

12 **(12)** “Partnership agreement” means the agreement, whether or not referred  
13 to as a partnership agreement and whether oral, implied, in a record, or in any  
14 combination thereof, of all the partners of a partnership concerning the matters  
15 described in s. 178.0105 (1). The term includes the agreement as amended or  
16 restated.

17 **(13)** “Partnership at will” means a partnership in which the partners have not  
18 agreed to remain partners until the expiration of a definite term or the completion  
19 of a particular undertaking.

20 **(14)** “Person” means an individual, business corporation, nonprofit  
21 corporation, partnership, limited partnership, limited liability company, general  
22 cooperative association, limited cooperative association, unincorporated nonprofit  
23 association, statutory trust, business trust, common-law business trust, estate,  
24 trust, association, joint venture, public corporation, government or governmental  
25 subdivision, agency, or instrumentality, or any other legal or commercial entity.

**ASSEMBLY BILL 837****SECTION 18**

1           **(15)** “Principal office” means the principal executive office of a partnership or  
2 a foreign limited liability partnership, whether or not the office is located in this  
3 state.

4           **(16)** “Property” means all property, whether real, personal, or mixed or tangible  
5 or intangible, or any right or interest therein.

6           **(17)** “Record,” used as a noun, means information that is inscribed on a tangible  
7 medium or that is stored in an electronic or other medium and is retrievable in  
8 perceivable form.

9           **(18)** “Registered agent” means an agent of a limited liability partnership or  
10 foreign limited liability partnership that is authorized to receive service of any  
11 process, notice, or demand required or permitted by law to be served on the  
12 partnership.

13           **(19)** “Registered foreign limited liability partnership” means a foreign limited  
14 liability partnership that is registered to do business in this state pursuant to a  
15 statement of registration filed by the department.

16           **(20)** “Sign” means, with present intent to authenticate or adopt a record, any  
17 of the following:

18           (a) To execute or adopt a tangible symbol.

19           (b) To attach to or logically associate with the record an electronic symbol,  
20 sound, or process.

21           **(21)** “State” means a state of the United States, the District of Columbia,  
22 Puerto Rico, the United States Virgin Islands, or any territory or insular possession  
23 subject to the jurisdiction of the United States.

24           **(22)** “Transfer” includes all of the following:

25           (a) An assignment.



**ASSEMBLY BILL 837**

1 (b) A conveyance.

2 (c) A sale.

3 (d) A lease.

4 (e) An encumbrance, including a mortgage or security interest.

5 (f) A gift.

6 (g) A transfer by operation of law.

7 **(23)** “Transferable interest” means the right, as initially owned by a person in  
8 the person’s capacity as a partner, to receive distributions from a partnership,  
9 whether or not the person remains a partner or continues to own any part of the right.  
10 The term applies to any fraction of the interest, by whomever owned.

11 **(24)** “Transferee” means a person to which all or part of a transferable interest  
12 has been transferred, whether or not the transferor is a partner.

13 **178.0103 Knowledge; notice.** (1) A person knows a fact if any of the  
14 following applies:

15 (a) The person has actual knowledge of the fact.

16 (b) The person is deemed to know the fact under sub. (4) (a) or law other than  
17 this chapter.

18 **(2)** A person has notice of a fact if any of the following applies:

19 (a) The person has reason to know the fact from all the facts known to the  
20 person at the time in question.

21 (b) The person is deemed to have notice of the fact under sub. (4) (b).

22 **(3)** Subject to s. 178.0117 (6), a person notifies another person of a fact by taking  
23 steps reasonably required to inform the other person in ordinary course, whether or  
24 not those steps cause the other person to know the fact.

**ASSEMBLY BILL 837****SECTION 18**

1           **(4)** (a) A person not a partner is deemed to know of a limitation on authority  
2 to transfer real property as provided in s. 178.0303 (7).

3           (b) A person not a partner is deemed to have notice of all of the following as  
4 follows:

5           1. A person's dissociation as a partner 90 days after a statement of dissociation  
6 under s. 178.0704 becomes effective.

7           2. A partnership's dissolution 90 days after a statement of dissolution under  
8 s. 178.0802 becomes effective.

9           3. A partnership's termination 90 days after a statement of termination under  
10 s. 178.0802 becomes effective.

11           4. A partnership's participation in a merger, interest exchange, conversion, or  
12 domestication, 90 days after the articles of merger, interest exchange, conversion, or  
13 domestication under subch. XI become effective.

14           **(5)** Except for a transferor partner's notice or knowledge of the transfer under  
15 s. 178.0503 (4) or a withdrawing partner's notice or knowledge of the withdrawal  
16 under s. 178.0601 (1), a partner's knowledge or notice of a fact relating to the  
17 partnership is effective immediately as knowledge of or notice to the partnership,  
18 except in the case of a fraud on the partnership committed by or with the consent of  
19 that partner.

20           **(6)** This subsection applies to notice that is required under this chapter and  
21 that is made subject to this subsection by express reference to this subsection.  
22 Written notice is effective at the earliest of the following:

23           (a) When received.

24           (b) Five days after its deposit in the U.S. mail, if mailed postpaid and correctly  
25 addressed.

**ASSEMBLY BILL 837**

1 (c) On the date shown on the return receipt, if sent by registered or certified  
2 mail, return receipt requested, and the receipt is signed by or on behalf of the  
3 addressee.

4 **178.0104 Governing law.** The internal affairs of an association that would  
5 be a partnership if its governing law were the law of this state and the liability of the  
6 persons so associated for a debt, obligation, or other liability of the association are  
7 governed by the law of this state if any of the following applies:

8 (1) The association is a domestic limited liability partnership.

9 (2) In the case of any association other than a domestic or foreign limited  
10 liability partnership, the partnership agreement designates the law of this state as  
11 its governing law or, in the absence of such designation, the association has its  
12 principal office in this state.

13 **178.0105 Partnership agreement; scope, function, and limitations. (1)**  
14 Except as otherwise provided in subs. (3) and (4), the partnership agreement governs  
15 all of the following:

16 (a) Relations among the partners as partners and between the partners and the  
17 partnership.

18 (b) The business of the partnership and the conduct of that business.

19 (c) The means and conditions for amending the partnership agreement.

20 (d) Mergers, interest exchanges, conversions, and domestications under subch.

21 XI.

22 (2) To the extent the partnership agreement does not provide for a matter  
23 described in sub. (1), this chapter governs the matter.

24 (3) A partnership agreement may not do any of the following:

25 (a) Vary the law applicable under ss. 178.0104 (1) and 178.0110.

**ASSEMBLY BILL 837****SECTION 18**

1 (b) Vary the provisions of this section.

2 (c) Vary the provisions of s. 178.0307.

3 (d) Unreasonably restrict the duties and rights under s. 178.0408, but the  
4 partnership agreement may impose reasonable restrictions on the availability and  
5 use of information obtained under that section and may define appropriate remedies,  
6 including liquidated damages, for a breach of any reasonable restriction on use.

7 (e) Alter or eliminate, or restrict remedies for the breach of, the duty of loyalty  
8 or the duty of care, except as otherwise provided in sub. (4).

9 (f) Eliminate, or restrict remedies for the breach of, the contractual obligation  
10 of good faith and fair dealing under s. 178.0409 (4), but the partnership agreement  
11 may prescribe the standards, if not manifestly unreasonable, by which the  
12 performance of the obligation is to be measured.

13 (g) Unreasonably restrict the right of a person to maintain an action under s.  
14 178.0410 (2).

15 (h) Relieve or exonerate a person from liability for conduct that constitutes any  
16 of the following:

17 1. A willful failure to deal fairly with the partnership or its partners in  
18 connection with a matter in which the partner has a material conflict of interest.

19 2. A violation of the criminal law, unless the partner had reasonable cause to  
20 believe that the partner's conduct was lawful or no reasonable cause to believe that  
21 the partner's conduct was unlawful.

22 3. A transaction from which the partner derived an improper personal profit.

23 4. Willful misconduct.

24 (i) Unless the partnership is a limited liability partnership, vary the power of  
25 a person to dissociate as a partner under s. 178.0602 (1), except to require that the

**ASSEMBLY BILL 837**

1 notice under s. 178.0601 (1) be in a record and to not unreasonably specify how the  
2 notice must be given.

3 (j) Vary the grounds for expulsion specified in s. 178.0601 (5).

4 (k) Vary the causes of dissolution specified in s. 178.0801 (4) or (5).

5 (L) Vary the requirement to wind up the partnership's business as specified in  
6 s. 178.0802 (1), (2) (a), and (4).

7 (m) Vary the right of a partner under s. 178.0901 (6) to vote on or consent to a  
8 cancellation of a statement of qualification.

9 (n) Vary the right of a partner to approve a merger, interest exchange,  
10 conversion, or domestication under s. 178.1123 (1), 178.1133 (1), 178.1143 (1), or  
11 178.1153 (1), except by written provision in the partnership agreement that does not  
12 impair the rights of a partner under s. 178.1161.

13 (o) Vary the required contents of a plan of merger under s. 178.1122, plan of  
14 interest exchange under s. 178.1132, plan of conversion under s. 178.1142, or plan  
15 of domestication under s. 178.1152.

16 (p) Vary any requirement, procedure, or other provision of this chapter  
17 pertaining to any of the following:

18 1. Registered agents, except to require some form of vote or consent of the  
19 partners notwithstanding s. 178.0909 (2).

20 2. The department, including provisions pertaining to records authorized or  
21 required to be delivered to the department for filing under this chapter.

22 (q) Except as otherwise provided in ss. 178.0106 and 178.0107 (2), restrict the  
23 rights under this chapter of a person other than a partner.

24 **(4)** Subject to sub. (3) (h), without limiting other terms that may be included  
25 in a partnership agreement, the following rules apply:

**ASSEMBLY BILL 837****SECTION 18**

1 (a) The partnership agreement may do any of the following:

2 1. Specify the method by which a specific act or transaction that would  
3 otherwise violate the duty of loyalty may be authorized or ratified by one or more  
4 disinterested and independent persons after full disclosure of all material facts.

5 2. Alter the prohibition in s. 178.0406 (1) (b) so that the prohibition requires  
6 only that the partnership's total assets not be less than the sum of its total liabilities.

7 (b) To the extent the partnership agreement expressly relieves a partner of a  
8 responsibility that the partner would otherwise have under this chapter and imposes  
9 the responsibility on one or more other partners, the agreement also may eliminate  
10 or limit any fiduciary duty of the partner relieved of the responsibility which would  
11 have pertained to the responsibility.

12 (c) Except as provided in sub. (3) (h), if not manifestly unreasonable, the  
13 partnership agreement may do any of the following:

14 1. Alter or eliminate the aspects of, or restrict remedies with respect to, the duty  
15 of loyalty stated in s. 178.0409 (2).

16 2. Identify specific types or categories of activities that do not violate the duty  
17 of loyalty or the contractual obligation of good faith and fair dealing.

18 3. Alter the duty of care.

19 4. Alter or eliminate any other fiduciary duty.

20 **(5)** The court shall decide as a matter of law whether a term of a partnership  
21 agreement is manifestly unreasonable under sub. (3) (f) or (4) (c). The court shall  
22 make its determination as of the time the challenged term became part of the  
23 partnership agreement and by considering only circumstances existing at that time.  
24 The court may invalidate the term only if, in light of the purposes and business of the

**ASSEMBLY BILL 837**

1 partnership, it is readily apparent that the objective of the term is unreasonable or  
2 that the term is an unreasonable means to achieve the term's objective.

3 **178.0106 Partnership agreement; effect on partnership and person**  
4 **becoming partner; preformation agreement. (1)** A partnership is bound by and  
5 may enforce the partnership agreement, whether or not the partnership has itself  
6 manifested assent to the agreement.

7 (2) A person that becomes a partner is deemed to assent to the partnership  
8 agreement.

9 (3) Two or more persons intending to become the initial partners of a  
10 partnership may make an agreement providing that upon the formation of the  
11 partnership the agreement will become the partnership agreement.

12 **178.0107 Partnership agreement; effect on third parties and**  
13 **relationship to records effective on behalf of partnership. (1)** A partnership  
14 agreement may specify that its amendment requires the approval of a person that  
15 is not a party to the agreement or the satisfaction of a condition. An amendment is  
16 ineffective if its adoption does not include the required approval or satisfy the  
17 specified condition.

18 (2) The obligations of a partnership and its partners to a person in the person's  
19 capacity as a transferee or person dissociated as a partner are governed by the  
20 partnership agreement. Subject only to a court order issued under s. 178.0504 (2)  
21 (b) to effectuate a charging order, all of the following apply to an amendment to the  
22 partnership agreement made after a person becomes a transferee or is dissociated  
23 as a partner:

**ASSEMBLY BILL 837****SECTION 18**

1 (a) Except as provided in par. (b), the amendment is effective with regard to any  
2 debt, obligation, or other liability of the partnership or its partners to the person in  
3 the person's capacity as a transferee or person dissociated as a partner.

4 (b) The amendment is not effective to the extent the amendment does any of  
5 the following:

6 1. Imposes a new debt, obligation, or other liability on the transferee or person  
7 dissociated as a partner.

8 2. Prejudices the rights under s. 178.0701 of a person that dissociated as a  
9 partner before the amendment was made.

10 (3) If a record delivered by a partnership to the department for filing becomes  
11 effective and contains a provision that would be ineffective under s. 178.0105 (3) or  
12 (4) (c) if contained in the partnership agreement, the provision is ineffective in the  
13 record.

14 (4) Subject to sub. (3), if a record delivered by a partnership to the department  
15 for filing becomes effective and conflicts with a provision of the partnership  
16 agreement, all of the following apply:

17 (a) The agreement prevails as to partners, persons dissociated as partners, and  
18 transferees.

19 (b) The record prevails as to other persons to the extent they reasonably rely  
20 on the record.

21 **178.0108 Signing of records to be delivered for filing to the**  
22 **department. (1)** A record delivered to the department for filing pursuant to this  
23 chapter must be signed as follows:

24 (a) Except as otherwise provided in pars. (b) and (c), a record signed by a  
25 partnership must be signed by a person authorized by the partnership.



**ASSEMBLY BILL 837**

1 (b) A record filed on behalf of a dissolved partnership that has no partner must  
2 be signed by the person winding up the partnership's business under s. 178.0802 (4)  
3 or a person appointed under s. 178.0802 (5) to wind up the business.

4 (c) A statement of denial by a person under s. 178.0304 must be signed by that  
5 person.

6 (d) Any record not identified in pars. (a) to (c) that is delivered on behalf of a  
7 person to the department for filing must be signed by that person.

8 **(2)** A record filed under this chapter may be signed by an attorney-in-fact.  
9 Whenever this chapter requires a particular individual to sign a record and the  
10 individual is deceased or incompetent, the record may be signed by a legal  
11 representative of the individual.

12 **(3)** A person that signs a record as an attorney-in-fact or legal representative  
13 affirms as a fact that the person is authorized to sign the record.

14 **178.0109 Liability for inaccurate information in filed record.** (1) If a  
15 record delivered to the department for filing under this chapter and filed by the  
16 department contains inaccurate information, a person that suffers loss by reliance  
17 on the information may recover damages for the loss from any of the following:

18 (a) A person that signed the record, or caused another to sign it on the person's  
19 behalf, and knew the information to be inaccurate at the time the record was signed.

20 (b) Subject to sub. (2), a partner if all of the following apply:

21 1. The record was delivered for filing on behalf of the partnership.

22 2. The partner knew or had notice of the inaccuracy for a reasonably sufficient  
23 time before the information was relied upon so that, before the reliance, the partner  
24 reasonably could have done any of the following:

25 a. Effected an amendment under s. 178.0901 (6).

**ASSEMBLY BILL 837****SECTION 18**

1           b. Filed a petition under s. 178.0112.

2           c. Delivered to the department for filing a statement of change under s.  
3 178.0909 or a statement of correction under s. 178.0116.

4           **(2)** To the extent the partnership agreement expressly relieves a partner of  
5 responsibility for maintaining the accuracy of information contained in records  
6 delivered on behalf of the partnership to the department for filing under this chapter  
7 and imposes that responsibility on one or more other partners, the liability stated in  
8 sub. (1) (b) applies to those other partners and not to the partner that the partnership  
9 agreement relieves of the responsibility.

10           **(3)** An individual who signs a record authorized or required to be filed under  
11 this chapter affirms under penalty of perjury that the information stated in the  
12 record is accurate.

13           **178.0110 Applicability.** **(1)** This chapter applies to a partnership formed on  
14 or after January 1, 2018, unless the partnership is the successor to a partnership  
15 under s. 178.36, 2013 stats.

16           **(2)** On January 1, 2018, this chapter applies to a partnership formed before  
17 January 1, 2018, including a partnership that is the successor to a partnership under  
18 s. 178.36, 2013 stats., except as follows:

19           (a) If a partnership elects, in a manner allowed by law for amending the  
20 partnership agreement, to be subject to this chapter as of any date between the  
21 effective date of this paragraph .... [LRB inserts date], and January 1, 2018, and files  
22 with the department a statement of applicability to that effect, this chapter applies  
23 to the partnership as of the date that the statement of applicability is effective under  
24 s. 178.0114.

**ASSEMBLY BILL 837**

1           (b) If a partnership elects, in a manner allowed by law for amending the  
2           partnership agreement, to continue to be subject to ch. 178, 2013 stats., and files with  
3           the department a statement of nonapplicability to that effect prior to January 1,  
4           2018, the partnership shall not be subject to this chapter. Thereafter, if the  
5           partnership elects, in such manner, to be subject to this chapter as of any subsequent  
6           date and files with the department a statement of applicability to that effect, this  
7           chapter applies to the partnership as of the date that the statement of applicability  
8           is effective under s. 178.0114.

9           (c) Any statement of applicability to be subject to this chapter pursuant to a  
10          valid election by the partnership shall be irrevocable upon such filing.

11          (d) Upon this chapter becoming applicable with respect to a partnership, all of  
12          the following apply:

13           1. This chapter shall not, and the corresponding provisions of ch. 178, 2013  
14           stats., shall, be applicable with respect to obligations incurred by the partnership  
15           prior to such applicability.

16           2. Any provisions of a partnership agreement that were valid and in effect  
17           immediately prior to this chapter becoming applicable with respect to the  
18           partnership shall continue to be valid and applicable to the extent allowed under  
19           prior law.

20           3. A registration statement filed by a registered limited liability partnership  
21           or foreign registered limited liability partnership under ch. 178, 2013 stats., shall be  
22           effective as a statement of qualification or statement of foreign qualification,  
23           respectively, under this chapter.

**ASSEMBLY BILL 837****SECTION 18**

1           **178.0111 Delivery of record.** (1) Except as otherwise provided in this  
2 chapter, permissible means of delivery of a record include delivery by hand, mail,  
3 conventional commercial practice, and electronic transmission.

4           (2) Delivery to the department is effective only when a record is received by the  
5 department.

6           **178.0112 Signing and filing pursuant to judicial order.** (1) If a person  
7 required by this chapter to sign a record or deliver a record to the department for  
8 filing under this chapter does not do so, any other person that is aggrieved may  
9 petition the circuit court to order any of the following:

10           (a) The person to sign the record.

11           (b) The person to deliver the record to the department for filing.

12           (c) The department to file the record unsigned.

13           (2) If a petitioner under sub. (1) is not the partnership or foreign partnership  
14 to which the record pertains, the petitioner shall make the partnership or foreign  
15 partnership a party to the action.

16           (3) A record filed under sub. (1) (c) is effective without being signed.

17           **178.0113 Filing requirements.** (1) Subject to sub. (1m), to be filed by the  
18 department pursuant to this chapter, a record must be received by the department,  
19 comply with this chapter, and satisfy all of the following:

20           (a) The filing of the record must be required or permitted by this chapter.

21           (b) The record must be physically delivered in written form unless and to the  
22 extent the department permits electronic delivery of records.

23           (c) The words in the record must be in English, and numbers must be in Arabic  
24 or Roman numerals, but the name of an entity need not be in English if written in  
25 English letters or Arabic or Roman numerals.

**ASSEMBLY BILL 837**

1 (d) The record must be signed by a person authorized or required under this  
2 chapter to sign the record.

3 (e) The record must state the name and capacity, if any, of each individual who  
4 signed it, either on behalf of the individual or the person authorized or required to  
5 sign the record, but need not contain a seal, attestation, acknowledgment, or  
6 verification.

7 (f) The record must contain the name of the drafter, if required by s. 182.01 (3).

8 **(1m)** The department may waive any of the requirements of sub. (1) (a) to (f)  
9 if it appears from the face of the document that the document's failure to satisfy the  
10 requirement is immaterial.

11 **(2)** If law other than this chapter prohibits the disclosure by the department  
12 of information contained in a record delivered to the department for filing, the  
13 department shall file the record if the record otherwise complies with this chapter  
14 but may redact the information.

15 **(3)** When a record is delivered to the department for filing, any fee required  
16 under this chapter and any fee, interest, or penalty required to be paid to the  
17 department must be paid in a manner permitted by the department.

18 **(5)** The department may provide forms for filings required or permitted to be  
19 made by this chapter and may require their use.

20 **178.0114 Effective date and time.** Except as otherwise provided in s.  
21 178.0115 and subject to s. 178.0116 (3), a record filed under this chapter is effective  
22 as follows:

23 **(1)** Except as provided in subs. (2) and (3), on the date that it is received by the  
24 department for filing and at any of the following times on that date:

25 (a) The time of day specified in the document as its effective time.

**ASSEMBLY BILL 837****SECTION 18**

1 (b) If no effective time is specified, at the close of business.

2 (2) The date that a document is received by the department is determined by  
3 the department's endorsement on the original document under s. 178.0117 (2).

4 (3) A document may specify a delayed effective date and time, except the  
5 effective date may not be more than 90 days after the date that it is received for filing.  
6 If a document specifies a delayed effective date and time in accordance with this  
7 subsection, the document is effective at the time and date specified. If a delayed  
8 effective date, but no time, is specified, the document is effective at the close of  
9 business on that date.

10 **178.0115 Withdrawal of filed record before effectiveness.** (1) Except as  
11 otherwise provided in ss. 178.1123 (2), 178.1133 (2), 178.1143 (2), and 178.1153 (2),  
12 a record delivered to the department for filing may be withdrawn before it takes  
13 effect by delivering to the department for filing a statement of withdrawal.

14 (2) A statement of withdrawal must satisfy all of the following:

15 (a) It must be signed by each person that signed the record being withdrawn,  
16 except as otherwise agreed by those persons.

17 (b) It must identify the record to be withdrawn.

18 (c) If signed by fewer than all the persons that signed the record being  
19 withdrawn, it must state that the record is withdrawn in accordance with the  
20 agreement of all the persons that signed the record.

21 (3) On filing by the department of a statement of withdrawal, the action or  
22 transaction evidenced by the original record does not take effect.

23 **178.0116 Correcting filed record.** (1) A person on whose behalf a filed  
24 record was delivered to the department for filing may correct the record if any of the  
25 following applies:

**ASSEMBLY BILL 837**

- 1 (a) The record at the time of filing was inaccurate.
- 2 (b) The record was defectively signed.
- 3 (c) The electronic transmission of the record to the department was defective.
- 4 **(2)** To correct a filed record, a person on whose behalf the record was delivered  
5 to the department must deliver to the department for filing a statement of correction.
- 6 **(3)** (a) A statement of correction may not state a delayed effective date.
- 7 (b) A statement of correction must satisfy all of the following:
- 8 1. It must be signed by the person correcting the filed record.
- 9 2. It must identify the filed record to be corrected.
- 10 3. It must specify the inaccuracy or defect to be corrected.
- 11 4. It must correct the inaccuracy or defect.
- 12 **(4)** A statement of correction is effective as of the effective date of the filed  
13 record that it corrects except for purposes of s. 178.0103 (4) and as to persons relying  
14 on the uncorrected filed record and adversely affected by the correction. For those  
15 purposes and as to those persons, the statement of correction is effective when filed.
- 16 **178.0117 Duty of department to file; review of refusal to file; delivery**  
17 **of record by department.** (1) The department shall file a record delivered to the  
18 department for filing which satisfies this chapter. The duty of the department under  
19 this section is ministerial.
- 20 **(2)** When the department files a record, the department shall record it as filed  
21 on the date of its delivery. After filing a record, the department shall deliver to the  
22 person that submitted the record a copy of the record with an acknowledgment of the  
23 date of filing and, in the case of a statement of denial, also to the partnership to which  
24 the statement pertains.

**ASSEMBLY BILL 837****SECTION 18**

1           **(3)** If the department refuses to file a record, the department shall, not later  
2 than 5 business days after the record is delivered, do all of the following:

3           (a) Return the record or notify the person that submitted the record of the  
4 refusal.

5           (b) Provide a brief explanation in a record of the reason for the refusal.

6           **(4)** If the department refuses to file a record, the person that submitted the  
7 record may petition the circuit court to compel filing of the record. The record and  
8 the explanation of the department of the refusal to file must be attached to the  
9 petition. The court may decide the matter in a summary proceeding.

10           **(5)** The filing of or refusal to file a record does not create a presumption of any  
11 of the following:

12           (a) That the record does or does not conform to the requirements of this chapter.

13           (b) That the information contained in the record is correct or incorrect.

14           **(6)** Except as otherwise provided by s. 178.0912 or by law other than this  
15 chapter, the department may deliver any record to a person by delivering it in any  
16 of the following ways:

17           (a) In person to the person that submitted it.

18           (b) To the address of the person's registered agent.

19           (c) To the principal office of the person.

20           (d) To another address the person provides to the department for delivery.

21           **178.0119 Supplemental principles of law.** Unless displaced by particular  
22 provisions of this chapter, the principles of law and equity supplement this chapter.

23           **178.0120 Fees; certified copies; filing false documents.** (1) Subject to  
24 sub. (2) (a), the department may collect a fee for filing, or providing a certified copy



**ASSEMBLY BILL 837**

1 of, a record under this chapter. Subject to sub. (2) (a), the department may also collect  
2 a fee in connection with any request under s. 178.0121.

3 (2) (a) Any fee under sub (1) shall be established by the department by rule.

4 (b) The department may collect an expedited service fee, established by rule,  
5 for processing in an expeditious manner a record required or permitted to be filed  
6 with the department under this chapter.

7 (c) The department may, by rule, specify a larger fee for filing records in paper  
8 format.

9 (3) A certified copy of a record filed by the department is conclusive evidence  
10 that the original record is on file with the department.

11 (4) A person may not sign a document with intent that it be delivered to the  
12 department for filing, or deliver a document or cause a document to be delivered to  
13 the department for filing, if the person knows that the document is false in any  
14 material respect at the time of its delivery. Whoever violates this subsection is guilty  
15 of a Class I felony.

16 **178.0121 Confirmation of status.** (1) Any person may obtain from the  
17 department, upon request, a certificate of status for a limited liability partnership  
18 or a foreign limited liability partnership.

19 (2) A certificate of status shall include all of the following information:

20 (a) The limited liability partnership's name or the foreign limited liability  
21 partnership's name and fictitious name, if any, used in this state.

22 (b) Whether each of the following is true:

23 1. The limited liability partnership is a limited liability partnership under the  
24 laws of this state, or the foreign limited liability partnership is authorized to transact  
25 business in this state.

**ASSEMBLY BILL 837****SECTION 18**

1           2. The limited liability partnership or the foreign limited liability partnership  
2 has, during its most recently completed report year, filed with the department the  
3 annual report required by s. 178.0913.

4           3. The limited liability partnership has not filed a cancellation of its statement  
5 of qualification and is not the subject of a proceeding under s. 178.09032 to revoke  
6 its statement of qualification.

7           4. The foreign limited liability partnership has not filed a cancellation of its  
8 registration statement and is not the subject of a proceeding under s. 178.10102 to  
9 revoke its registration statement.

10           (c) The limited liability partnership's effective date of its statement of  
11 qualification or the foreign limited liability partnership's effective date of its  
12 registration statement.

13           **(3)** The certificate of status may include other facts of record in the department  
14 that are requested.

15           **(4)** Subject to any qualification stated in a certificate of status issued by the  
16 department, the certificate is conclusive evidence that the limited liability  
17 partnership or the foreign limited liability partnership is in existence or is  
18 authorized to transact business in this state.

19           **(5)** Upon request by telephone or otherwise, the department shall confirm, by  
20 telephone, any of the information required in a certificate of status under sub. (2) and  
21 may confirm any other information permitted under sub. (3).

**SUBCHAPTER II****NATURE OF PARTNERSHIP**

22  
23  
24           **178.0201 Partnership as entity. (1)** A partnership is an entity distinct from  
25 its partners.

**ASSEMBLY BILL 837**

1           (2) A partnership is the same entity regardless of whether the partnership has  
2 a statement of qualification in effect under s. 178.0901.

3           **178.0202 Formation of partnership.** (1) Except as otherwise provided in  
4 sub. (2), the association of 2 or more persons to carry on, as co-owners, a business  
5 for profit forms a partnership, whether or not the persons intend to form a  
6 partnership.

7           (2) An association whose governing law is other than the law of this state is not  
8 a partnership under this chapter.

9           (3) In determining whether a partnership is formed, the following rules apply:

10           (a) Joint tenancy, tenancy in common, tenancy by the entireties, joint property,  
11 common property, or part ownership does not by itself establish a partnership, even  
12 if the co-owners share profits made by the use of the property.

13           (b) The sharing of gross returns does not by itself establish a partnership, even  
14 if the persons sharing them have a joint or common right or interest in property from  
15 which the returns are derived.

16           (c) A person who receives a share of the profits of a business is presumed to be  
17 a partner in the business, unless the profits were received in payment of or for any  
18 of the following:

- 19           1. A debt by installments or otherwise.
- 20           2. Services as an independent contractor or wages or other compensation to an  
21 employee.
- 22           3. Rent.
- 23           4. An annuity or other retirement or health benefit to a deceased or retired  
24 partner or a beneficiary, representative, or designee of a deceased or retired partner.

**ASSEMBLY BILL 837****SECTION 18**

1           5. Interest or other charge on a loan, even if the amount of payment varies with  
2 the profits of the business, including a direct or indirect present or future ownership  
3 of the collateral, or rights to income, proceeds, or increase in value derived from the  
4 collateral.

5           6. The sale of the goodwill of a business or other property by installments or  
6 otherwise.

7           **178.0203 Partnership property.** Property acquired by a partnership is  
8 property of the partnership and not of the partners individually.

9           **178.0204 When property is partnership property.** (1) Property is  
10 partnership property if acquired in the name of any of the following:

11           (a) The partnership.

12           (b) One or more partners with an indication in the instrument transferring title  
13 to the property of the person's capacity as a partner or of the existence of a  
14 partnership but without an indication of the name of the partnership.

15           (2) Property is acquired in the name of the partnership by a transfer to any of  
16 the following:

17           (a) The partnership in its name.

18           (b) One or more partners in their capacity as partners in the partnership, if the  
19 name of the partnership is indicated in the instrument transferring title to the  
20 property.

21           (3) Property is presumed to be partnership property if purchased with  
22 partnership assets, even if not acquired in the name of the partnership or of one or  
23 more partners with an indication in the instrument transferring title to the property  
24 of the person's capacity as a partner or of the existence of a partnership.

**ASSEMBLY BILL 837**

1           (4) Property acquired in the name of one or more of the partners, without an  
2 indication in the instrument transferring title to the property of the person's capacity  
3 as a partner or of the existence of a partnership and without use of partnership  
4 assets, is presumed to be separate property, even if used for partnership purposes.

## SUBCHAPTER III

## RELATIONS OF PARTNERS TO PERSONS

## DEALING WITH PARTNERSHIP

8           **178.0301 Partner agent of partnership.** Subject to the effect of a statement  
9 of partnership authority under s. 178.0303, the following rules apply:

10           (1) Each partner is an agent of the partnership for the purpose of its business.  
11 An act of a partner, including the signing of an instrument in the partnership name,  
12 for apparently carrying on in the ordinary course the partnership business or  
13 business of the kind carried on by the partnership binds the partnership, unless the  
14 partner did not have authority to act for the partnership in the particular matter and  
15 the person with which the partner was dealing knew or had notice that the partner  
16 lacked authority.

17           (2) An act of a partner which is not apparently for carrying on in the ordinary  
18 course the partnership's business or business of the kind carried on by the  
19 partnership binds the partnership only if the act was actually authorized by all the  
20 other partners.

21           **178.0302 Transfer of partnership property.** (1) Partnership property may  
22 be transferred as follows:

23           (a) Subject to the effect of a statement of partnership authority under s.  
24 178.0303, partnership property held in the name of the partnership may be

**ASSEMBLY BILL 837****SECTION 18**

1 transferred by an instrument of transfer signed by a partner in the partnership  
2 name.

3 (b) Partnership property held in the name of one or more partners with an  
4 indication in the instrument transferring the property to them of their capacity as  
5 partners or of the existence of a partnership, but without an indication of the name  
6 of the partnership, may be transferred by an instrument of transfer signed by the  
7 persons in whose name the property is held.

8 (c) Partnership property held in the name of one or more persons other than  
9 the partnership, without an indication in the instrument transferring the property  
10 to them of their capacity as partners or of the existence of a partnership, may be  
11 transferred by an instrument of transfer signed by the persons in whose name the  
12 property is held.

13 (2) A partnership may recover partnership property from a transferee, as a  
14 result of the lack of authority under this subchapter to make the transfer, only if the  
15 partnership proves that signing of the instrument of initial transfer did not bind the  
16 partnership under s. 178.0301 and if any of the following is true:

17 (a) As to a subsequent transferee who gave value for property transferred  
18 under sub. (1) (a) or (b), the partnership proves that the subsequent transferee knew  
19 or had been notified that the person who signed the instrument of initial transfer  
20 lacked authority to bind the partnership.

21 (b) As to a transferee who gave value for property transferred under sub. (1)  
22 (c), the partnership proves that the transferee knew or had been notified of all of the  
23 following:

24 1. The property was partnership property.

**ASSEMBLY BILL 837**

1           2. The person who signed the instrument of initial transfer lacked authority  
2 to bind the partnership.

3           **(3)** A partnership may not recover partnership property from a subsequent  
4 transferee, for lack of authority under this subchapter to make the transfer, if the  
5 partnership would not have been entitled to recover the property under sub. (2) from  
6 any earlier transferee of the property.

7           **(4)** If a person holds all of the partners' interests in a partnership that is  
8 dissolved under subch. VIII, all the partnership property vests in that person. The  
9 person may sign a record in the name of the partnership to evidence vesting of the  
10 property in that person and may file or record the record.

11           **178.0303 Statement of partnership authority.** **(1)** (a) A partnership may  
12 deliver to the department for filing a statement of partnership authority.

13           (b) The statement of authority must include all of the following:

14           1. The name of the partnership.

15           2. If the partnership is not a limited liability partnership, the street and  
16 mailing addresses of its principal office.

17           3. If the partnership is a limited liability partnership, the street address of its  
18 registered office in this state and the name of its registered agent at that office.

19           (c) With respect to any position that exists in or with respect to the partnership,  
20 the statement of authority may state the authority, or limitations on the authority,  
21 of all persons holding the position to do any of the following:

22           1. Sign an instrument transferring real property held in the name of the  
23 partnership.

24           2. Enter into other transactions on behalf of, or otherwise act for or bind, the  
25 partnership.

**ASSEMBLY BILL 837****SECTION 18**

1 (d) The statement of authority may state the authority, or limitations on the  
2 authority, of a specific person to do any of the following:

3 1. Sign an instrument transferring real property held in the name of the  
4 partnership.

5 2. Enter into other transactions on behalf of, or otherwise act for or bind, the  
6 partnership.

7 **(2)** To amend or cancel a statement of authority filed by the department, a  
8 partnership must deliver to the department for filing an amendment or cancellation  
9 stating all of the following:

10 (a) The name of the partnership.

11 (b) If the partnership is not a limited liability partnership, the street and  
12 mailing addresses of the partnership's principal office.

13 (c) If the partnership is a limited liability partnership, the street address of its  
14 registered office in this state and the name of its registered agent at that office.

15 (d) The date the statement being affected became effective.

16 (e) The contents of the amendment or a declaration that the statement is  
17 canceled.

18 **(2m)** (a) A statement of authority is renewable for successive 5-year periods.  
19 To renew a statement of authority filed by the department, a partnership must  
20 deliver to the department for filing, during the 3 months before the cancellation  
21 would occur under sub. (10), a statement of renewal that includes all of the following:

22 1. The name of the partnership.

23 2. If the partnership is not a limited liability partnership, the street and  
24 mailing addresses of the partnership's principal office.



**ASSEMBLY BILL 837**

1           3. If the partnership is a limited liability partnership, the street address of its  
2 registered office in this state and the name of its registered agent at that office.

3           4. The statement of authority being affected.

4           5. A declaration that the statement of authority is being renewed.

5           (b) When filed, a statement of renewal that complies with par. (a) renews the  
6 statement of authority for a 5-year period commencing with the date of filing of the  
7 statement of renewal.

8           **(3)** A statement of authority affects only the power of a person to bind a  
9 partnership to persons that are not partners.

10          **(4)** Subject to sub. (3) and s. 178.0103 (4) (a), and except as otherwise provided  
11 in subs. (6) to (8), a limitation on the authority of a person or a position contained in  
12 an effective statement of authority is not by itself evidence of any person's knowledge  
13 or notice of the limitation.

14          **(5)** Subject to sub. (3), a grant of authority not pertaining to transfers of real  
15 property and contained in an effective statement of authority is conclusive in favor  
16 of a person that gives value in reliance on the grant, except to the extent that when  
17 the person gives value any of the following applies:

18           (a) The person has knowledge to the contrary.

19           (b) The statement has been canceled or restrictively amended under sub. (2).

20           (c) A limitation on the grant is contained in another statement of authority that  
21 became effective after the statement containing the grant became effective.

22          **(6)** Subject to sub. (3), an effective statement of authority that grants authority  
23 to transfer real property held in the name of the partnership, a certified copy of which  
24 statement is recorded in the office of the register of deeds for the county in which the  
25 property is located, is conclusive in favor of a person that gives value in reliance on

**ASSEMBLY BILL 837****SECTION 18**

1 the grant without knowledge to the contrary, except to the extent that when the  
2 person gives value any of the following applies:

3 (a) The statement has been canceled or restrictively amended under sub. (2),  
4 and a certified copy of the cancellation or restrictive amendment has been recorded  
5 in the office of the register of deeds for the county in which the property is located.

6 (b) A limitation on the grant is contained in another statement of authority that  
7 became effective after the statement containing the grant became effective, and a  
8 certified copy of the later-effective statement is recorded in the office of the register  
9 of deeds for the county in which the property is located.

10 (7) Subject to sub. (3), if a certified copy of an effective statement containing  
11 a limitation on the authority to transfer real property held in the name of a  
12 partnership is recorded in the office of the register of deeds for the county in which  
13 the property is located, all persons are deemed to know of the limitation.

14 (8) Subject to sub. (9), an effective statement of dissolution is a cancellation of  
15 any filed statement of authority for the purposes of sub. (6) and is a limitation on  
16 authority for purposes of sub. (7).

17 (9) After a statement of dissolution becomes effective, a partnership may  
18 deliver to the department for filing and, if appropriate, may record a statement of  
19 authority that is designated as a postdissolution statement of authority. The  
20 statement operates as provided in subs. (6) and (7).

21 (10) Unless canceled earlier, an effective statement of authority is canceled by  
22 operation of law 5 years after the date on which the statement, or its most recent  
23 amendment or renewal, was filed. The cancellation is effective without recording  
24 under sub. (6) or (7).

**ASSEMBLY BILL 837**

1           **(11)** An effective statement of denial operates as a restrictive amendment  
2 under this section and may be recorded by certified copy for purposes of sub. (6) (a).

3           **(11m)** Certified copies to be recorded in the office of the register of deeds are  
4 to be sent by the person desiring the copies to be recorded and the department is not  
5 obligated to send the copies to the office of the register of deeds unless it chooses to  
6 undertake this responsibility.

7           **178.0304 Statement of denial.** A person named in a filed statement of  
8 authority granting that person authority may deliver to the department for filing a  
9 statement of denial that does all of the following:

10           **(1)** Provides the name of the partnership and the caption of the statement of  
11 authority to which the statement of denial pertains.

12           **(2)** Denies the grant of authority.

13           **178.0305 Partnership liable for partner's actionable conduct.** **(1)** A  
14 partnership is liable for loss or injury caused to a person, or for a penalty incurred,  
15 as a result of a wrongful act or omission, or other actionable conduct, of a partner  
16 acting in the ordinary course of business of the partnership or with the actual or  
17 apparent authority of the partnership.

18           **(2)** If, in the course of the partnership's business or while acting with actual  
19 or apparent authority of the partnership, a partner receives or causes the  
20 partnership to receive money or property of a person not a partner, and the money  
21 or property is misapplied by a partner, the partnership is liable for the loss.

22           **178.0306 Partner's liability.** **(1)** Except as otherwise provided in subs. (2)  
23 to (3m), all partners are liable jointly and severally for all debts, obligations, and  
24 other liabilities of the partnership unless otherwise agreed by the claimant or  
25 provided by law.

**ASSEMBLY BILL 837****SECTION 18**

1           **(2)** A person that becomes a partner is not personally liable for a debt,  
2 obligation, or other liability of the partnership incurred before the person became a  
3 partner.

4           **(3)** (a) Except as provided in sub. (3m), a debt, obligation, or other liability of  
5 a partnership incurred while the partnership is a limited liability partnership is  
6 solely the debt, obligation, or other liability of the limited liability partnership. A  
7 partner is not personally liable, directly or indirectly, by way of contribution or  
8 otherwise, for such a debt, obligation, or other liability of the limited liability  
9 partnership solely by reason of being or acting as a partner.

10           (b) This subsection applies despite anything inconsistent in the partnership  
11 agreement that existed immediately before the vote or consent required to become  
12 a limited liability partnership under s. 178.0901 (2).

13           (c) This subsection applies regardless of the dissolution of the limited liability  
14 partnership.

15           **(3m)** (a) To the extent a partnership has or is deemed to have elected under par.  
16 (b) to have this par. (a) apply, sub. (3) does not affect the liability of a partner in a  
17 limited liability partnership for any of the following that occurs while the  
18 partnership is subject to this subsection:

19           1. The partner's own omissions, negligence, wrongful acts, misconduct, or  
20 malpractice.

21           2. The omissions, negligence, wrongful acts, misconduct, or malpractice of any  
22 person acting under the partner's actual supervision and control in the specific  
23 activity in which the omissions, negligence, wrongful acts, misconduct, or  
24 malpractice occurred.

**ASSEMBLY BILL 837**

1 (b) 1. Except as provided in subd. 3., a limited liability partnership that became  
2 a limited liability partnership before January 1, 2018, is deemed to have elected to  
3 have par. (a) apply.

4 2. Except as provided in subd. 3, a limited liability partnership that became a  
5 limited liability partnership on or after January 1, 2018, is deemed to not have  
6 elected to have par. (a) apply.

7 3. A limited liability partnership may change its election under this paragraph  
8 by filing an amended statement of qualification to that effect. This amendment may  
9 be made at any time, but shall be effective prospectively only.

10 (4) The failure of a limited liability partnership to observe formalities relating  
11 to the exercise of its powers or management of its business is not a ground for  
12 imposing liability on a partner for a debt, obligation, or other liability of the  
13 partnership.

14 (5) The cancellation or administrative revocation of a limited liability  
15 partnership's statement of qualification does not affect the limitation in this section  
16 on the liability of a partner for a debt, obligation, or other liability of the partnership  
17 incurred while the statement was in effect.

18 **178.0307 Actions by and against partnership and partners.** (1) A  
19 partnership may sue and be sued in the name of the partnership.

20 (2) To the extent not inconsistent with s. 178.0306, a partner may be joined in  
21 an action against the partnership or named in a separate action.

22 (3) A judgment against a partnership is not by itself a judgment against a  
23 partner. A judgment against a partnership may not be satisfied from a partner's  
24 assets unless there is also a judgment against the partner.

**ASSEMBLY BILL 837****SECTION 18**

1           (4) A judgment creditor of a partner may not levy execution against the assets  
2 of the partner to satisfy a judgment based on a claim against the partnership unless  
3 the partner is personally liable for the claim under s. 178.0306 and any of the  
4 following is true:

5           (a) A judgment based on the same claim has been obtained against the  
6 partnership and a writ of execution on the judgment has been returned unsatisfied  
7 in whole or in part.

8           (b) The partnership is a debtor in bankruptcy.

9           (c) The partner has agreed that the creditor need not exhaust partnership  
10 assets.

11           (d) A court grants permission to the judgment creditor to levy execution against  
12 the assets of a partner based on a finding that partnership assets subject to execution  
13 are clearly insufficient to satisfy the judgment, that exhaustion of partnership assets  
14 is excessively burdensome, or that the grant of permission is an appropriate exercise  
15 of the court's equitable powers.

16           (e) Liability is imposed on the partner by law or contract independent of the  
17 existence of the partnership.

18           (5) This section applies to any debt, liability, or other obligation of a  
19 partnership which results from a representation by a partner or purported partner  
20 under s. 178.0308.

21           **178.0308 Liability of purported partner.** (1) If a person, by words or  
22 conduct, purports to be a partner, or consents to being represented by another as a  
23 partner, in a partnership or with one or more persons not partners, the purported  
24 partner is liable to a person to whom the representation is made, if that person,  
25 relying on the representation, enters into a transaction with the actual or purported

**ASSEMBLY BILL 837**

1 partnership. If the representation, either by the purported partner or by a person  
2 with the purported partner's consent, is made in a public manner, the purported  
3 partner is liable to a person who relies upon the purported partnership even if the  
4 purported partner is not aware of being held out as a partner to the claimant. If  
5 partnership liability results, the purported partner is liable with respect to that  
6 liability as if the purported partner were a partner. If no partnership liability results,  
7 the purported partner is liable with respect to that liability jointly and severally with  
8 any other person consenting to the representation.

9 (2) If a person is thus represented to be a partner in an existing partnership,  
10 or with one or more persons not partners, the purported partner is an agent of  
11 persons consenting to the representation to bind them to the same extent and in the  
12 same manner as if the purported partner were a partner with respect to persons who  
13 enter into transactions in reliance upon the representation. If all the partners of the  
14 existing partnership consent to the representation, a partnership act or obligation  
15 results. If fewer than all the partners of the existing partnership consent to the  
16 representation, the person acting and the partners consenting to the representation  
17 are jointly and severally liable.

18 (3) A person is not liable as a partner merely because the person is named by  
19 another as a partner in a statement of partnership authority.

20 (4) A person does not continue to be liable as a partner merely because of a  
21 failure to file a statement of dissociation or to amend a statement of partnership  
22 authority to indicate the person's dissociation as a partner.

23 (5) Except as otherwise provided in subs. (1) and (2) and subch. VII, persons  
24 who are not partners as to each other are not liable as partners to other persons.

**ASSEMBLY BILL 837****SECTION 18**

## RELATIONS OF PARTNERS TO EACH

## OTHER AND TO PARTNERSHIP

**178.0401 Partner's rights and duties.** (1) Each partner is entitled to an equal share of the partnership distributions and, except in the case of a limited liability partnership, is chargeable with a share of the partnership losses in proportion to the partner's share of the distributions.

(2) A partnership shall reimburse a partner for any payment made by the partner in the course of the partner's activities on behalf of the partnership, if the partner complied with this section and s. 178.0409 in making the payment.

(3) A partnership shall indemnify and hold harmless a person with respect to any claim or demand against the person and any debt, obligation, or other liability incurred by the person by reason of the person's former or present capacity as a partner, if the claim, demand, debt, obligation, or other liability does not arise from the person's breach of this section or s. 178.0407 or 178.0409.

(4) In the ordinary course of its business, a partnership may advance reasonable expenses, including attorney fees and costs, incurred by a person in connection with a claim or demand against the person by reason of the person's former or present capacity as a partner, if the person promises to repay the partnership if the person ultimately is determined not to be entitled to be indemnified under sub. (3).

(5) A partnership may purchase and maintain insurance on behalf of a partner against liability asserted against or incurred by the partner in that capacity or arising from that status even if, under s. 178.0105 (3) (g), the partnership agreement could not eliminate or limit the person's liability to the partnership for the conduct giving rise to the liability.



**ASSEMBLY BILL 837**

1           **(6)** A partnership shall reimburse a partner for an advance to the partnership  
2 beyond the amount of capital the partner agreed to contribute.

3           **(7)** A payment or advance made by a partner which gives rise to a partnership  
4 obligation under sub. (2) or (6) constitutes a loan to the partnership which accrues  
5 interest from the date of the payment or advance.

6           **(8)** Each partner has equal rights in the management and conduct of the  
7 partnership's business.

8           **(9)** A partner may use or possess partnership property only on behalf of the  
9 partnership.

10           **(10)** Unless authorized by the partnership agreement or otherwise in  
11 accordance with this chapter, a partner is not entitled to remuneration for services  
12 performed for the partnership, except for reasonable compensation for services  
13 rendered in winding up the business of the partnership.

14           **(11)** A difference arising as to a matter in the ordinary course of business of a  
15 partnership may be decided by a majority of the partners. An act outside the  
16 ordinary course of business of a partnership, an amendment to the partnership  
17 agreement, or a merger, interest exchange, conversion, or domestication by the  
18 partnership under subch. IX may be undertaken only with the affirmative vote or  
19 consent of all the partners.

20           **178.0402 Becoming partner. (1)** Upon formation of a partnership, a person  
21 becomes a partner under s. 178.0202 (1).

22           **(2)** After formation of a partnership, a person becomes a partner in any of the  
23 following ways:

24           (a) As provided in the partnership agreement.

25           (b) As a result of a transaction effective under subch. XI.

**ASSEMBLY BILL 837****SECTION 18**

1 (c) With the affirmative vote or consent of all the partners.

2 **(3)** A person may become a partner without doing any of the following:

3 (a) Acquiring a transferable interest.

4 (b) Making or being obligated to make a contribution to the partnership.

5 **178.0403 Form of contribution.** A contribution may consist of money or  
6 other property transferred to, services performed for, or another benefit provided to  
7 the partnership or an agreement to transfer money or property to, perform services  
8 for, or provide another benefit to the partnership.

9 **178.0404 Liability for contribution.** (1) A person's obligation to make a  
10 contribution to a partnership is not excused by the person's death, disability,  
11 termination, or other inability to perform personally.

12 **(2)** If a person does not fulfill an obligation to make a contribution other than  
13 money, the person is obligated at the option of the partnership to contribute money  
14 equal to the value of the part of the contribution which has not been made.

15 **(3)** The obligation of a person to make a contribution may be compromised only  
16 by the affirmative vote or consent of all the partners. If a creditor of a limited liability  
17 partnership extends credit or otherwise acts in reliance on an obligation described  
18 in sub. (1) without knowledge or notice of a compromise under this subsection, the  
19 creditor may enforce the obligation.

20 **178.0405 Sharing of and right to distributions before dissolution.** (1)  
21 Any distribution made by a partnership before its dissolution and winding up must  
22 be in equal shares among partners, except to the extent necessary to comply with a  
23 transfer effective under s. 178.0503 or charging order in effect under s. 178.0504.

**ASSEMBLY BILL 837**

1           (2) Subject to s. 178.0701, a person has a right to a distribution before the  
2 dissolution and winding up of a partnership only if the partnership decides to make  
3 an interim distribution.

4           (3) A person does not have a right to demand or receive a distribution from a  
5 partnership in any form other than money. Except as otherwise provided in s.  
6 178.0806, a partnership may distribute an asset in kind only if each part of the asset  
7 is fungible with each other part and each person receives a percentage of the asset  
8 equal in value to the person's share of distributions.

9           (4) If a partner or transferee becomes entitled to receive a distribution, the  
10 partner or transferee has the status of, and is entitled to all remedies available to,  
11 a creditor of the partnership with respect to the distribution. However, the  
12 partnership's obligation to make a distribution is subject to offset for any amount  
13 owed to the partnership by the partner or a person dissociated as partner on whose  
14 account the distribution is made.

**178.0406 Limitations on distributions by limited liability partnership.**

15           (1) A limited liability partnership may not make a distribution, including a  
16 distribution under s. 178.0806, if after the distribution any of the following applies:  
17

18           (a) The partnership would not be able to pay its debts as they become due in  
19 the ordinary course of the partnership's business.

20           (b) The partnership's total assets would be less than the sum of its total  
21 liabilities plus the amount that would be needed, if the partnership were to be  
22 dissolved and wound up at the time of the distribution, to satisfy the preferential  
23 rights upon dissolution and winding up of partners and transferees whose  
24 preferential rights are superior to the rights of persons receiving the distribution.

**ASSEMBLY BILL 837****SECTION 18**

1           **(2)** A limited liability partnership may base a determination that a distribution  
2 is not prohibited under sub. (1) on any of the following:

3           (a) Financial statements prepared on the basis of accounting practices and  
4 principles that are reasonable in the circumstances.

5           (b) A fair valuation or other method that is reasonable under the  
6 circumstances.

7           **(3)** Except as otherwise provided in sub. (5), the effect of a distribution under  
8 sub. (1) is measured as follows:

9           (a) In the case of a distribution described in s. 178.0102 (4) (a) 1. and 2., as of  
10 the earlier of the following:

11           1. The date money or other property is transferred or debt is incurred by the  
12 limited liability partnership.

13           2. The date the person entitled to the distribution ceases to own the interest  
14 or rights being acquired by the partnership in return for the distribution.

15           (b) In the case of any distribution of indebtedness other than one under par. (a),  
16 as of the date the indebtedness is distributed.

17           (c) In all cases other than those under par. (a) or (b), as of the following:

18           1. The date the distribution is authorized, if the payment occurs not later than  
19 120 days after that date.

20           2. The date the payment is made, if the payment occurs more than 120 days  
21 after the distribution is authorized.

22           **(4)** A limited liability partnership's indebtedness to a partner or transferee  
23 incurred by reason of a distribution made in accordance with this section is at parity  
24 with the partnership's indebtedness to its general, unsecured creditors, except to the  
25 extent subordinated by agreement.

**ASSEMBLY BILL 837**

1           **(5)** A limited liability partnership's indebtedness, including indebtedness  
2 issued as a distribution, is not a liability for purposes of sub. (1) if the terms of the  
3 indebtedness provide that payment of principal and interest is made only if and to  
4 the extent that a payment of a distribution could then be made under this section.  
5 If the indebtedness is issued as a distribution, each payment of principal or interest  
6 is treated as a distribution, the effect of which is measured on the date the payment  
7 is made.

8           **(6)** In measuring the effect of a distribution under s. 178.0806, the liabilities  
9 of a dissolved limited liability partnership do not include any claim that has been  
10 disposed of under s. 178.0807, 178.0808, or 178.0809.

11           **178.0407 Liability for improper distributions by limited liability**  
12 **partnership.** **(1)** Except as otherwise provided in sub. (2), if a partner of a limited  
13 liability partnership consents to a distribution made in violation of s. 178.0406 and  
14 in consenting to the distribution fails to comply with s. 178.0409, the partner is  
15 personally liable to the partnership for the amount of the distribution which exceeds  
16 the amount that could have been distributed without the violation of s. 178.0406.

17           **(2)** To the extent the partnership agreement of a limited liability partnership  
18 expressly relieves a partner of the authority and responsibility to consent to  
19 distributions and imposes that authority and responsibility on one or more other  
20 partners, the liability stated in sub. (1) applies to the other partners and not to the  
21 partner that the partnership agreement relieves of the authority and responsibility.

22           **(3)** A person that receives a distribution knowing that the distribution violated  
23 s. 178.0406 is personally liable to the limited liability partnership but only to the  
24 extent that the distribution received by the person exceeded the amount that could  
25 have been properly paid under s. 178.0406.

**ASSEMBLY BILL 837****SECTION 18**

1           (4) A person against which an action is commenced because the person is liable  
2 under sub. (1) may do any of the following:

3           (a) Implead any other person that is liable under sub. (1) and seek to enforce  
4 a right of contribution from the person.

5           (b) Implead any person that received a distribution in violation of sub. (3) and  
6 seek to enforce a right of contribution from the person in the amount the person  
7 received in violation of sub. (3).

8           (5) An action under this section is barred unless commenced not later than 2  
9 years after the distribution.

10           **178.0408 Rights to information of partners and persons dissociated as**  
11 **partner. (1)** A partnership shall keep its books and records, if any, at its principal  
12 office.

13           (2) On reasonable notice, a partner may inspect and copy during regular  
14 business hours, at a reasonable location specified by the partnership, any record  
15 maintained by the partnership regarding the partnership's business, financial  
16 condition, and other circumstances, to the extent the information is material to the  
17 partner's rights and duties under the partnership agreement or this chapter.

18           (3) The partnership shall furnish to each partner all of the following:

19           (a) Without demand, any information concerning the partnership's business,  
20 financial condition, and other circumstances which the partnership knows and is  
21 material to the proper exercise of the partner's rights and duties under the  
22 partnership agreement or this chapter, except to the extent the partnership can  
23 establish that it reasonably believes the partner already knows the information.

24           (b) On demand, any other information concerning the partnership's business,  
25 financial condition, and other circumstances, except to the extent the demand or the

**ASSEMBLY BILL 837**

1 information demanded is unreasonable or otherwise improper under the  
2 circumstances.

3 (4) The duty to furnish information under sub. (3) also applies to each partner  
4 on whom a demand is made to the extent the partner knows any of the information  
5 described in sub. (3).

6 (5) Subject to sub. (10), on 10 days' demand made in a record received by a  
7 partnership, a person dissociated as a partner may have access to information to  
8 which the person was entitled while a partner if all of the following apply:

9 (a) The information pertains to the period during which the person was a  
10 partner.

11 (b) The person seeks the information in good faith.

12 (c) The person satisfies the requirements imposed on a partner by sub. (2).

13 (6) Not later than 10 days after receiving a demand under sub. (5), the  
14 partnership in a record shall inform the person that made the demand of all of the  
15 following:

16 (a) The information that the partnership will provide in response to the  
17 demand and when and where the partnership will provide the information.

18 (b) The partnership's reasons for declining, if the partnership declines to  
19 provide any demanded information.

20 (7) A partnership may charge a person that makes a demand under this section  
21 the reasonable costs of copying, limited to the costs of labor and material.

22 (8) A partner or person dissociated as a partner may exercise the rights under  
23 this section through an agent or, in the case of an individual under legal disability,  
24 a legal representative. Any restriction or condition imposed by the partnership

**ASSEMBLY BILL 837****SECTION 18**

1 agreement or under sub. (10) applies both to the agent or legal representative and  
2 to the partner or person dissociated as a partner.

3 (9) Subject to s. 178.0505, the rights under this section do not extend to a person  
4 as transferee.

5 (10) In addition to any restriction or condition stated in its partnership  
6 agreement, a partnership, as a matter within the ordinary course of its business, may  
7 impose reasonable restrictions and conditions on access to and use of information to  
8 be furnished under this section, including designating information confidential and  
9 imposing nondisclosure and safeguarding obligations on the recipient. In a dispute  
10 concerning the reasonableness of a restriction under this subsection, the partnership  
11 has the burden of proving reasonableness.

12 **178.0409 Standards of conduct for partners.** (1) A partner owes to the  
13 partnership and the other partners the duties of loyalty and care stated in subs. (2)  
14 and (3).

15 (2) The fiduciary duty of loyalty of a partner includes all of the following duties:

16 (a) The duty to account to the partnership and hold as trustee for it any  
17 property, profit, or benefit derived by the partner in or from any of the following:

18 1. The conduct or winding up of the partnership's business.

19 2. A use by the partner of the partnership's property.

20 3. The appropriation of a partnership opportunity.

21 (b) The duty to refrain from dealing with the partnership in the conduct or  
22 winding up of the partnership business as or on behalf of a person having an interest  
23 adverse to the partnership.

24 (c) The duty to refrain from competing with the partnership in the conduct of  
25 the partnership's business before the dissolution of the partnership.



**ASSEMBLY BILL 837**

1           **(3)** The duty of care of a partner in the conduct or winding up of the partnership  
2 business is to refrain from engaging in conduct for which relief or exoneration from  
3 liability is not permitted under s. 178.0105 (3) (h).

4           **(4)** A partner shall discharge the duties and obligations under this chapter or  
5 under the partnership agreement and exercise any rights thereunder consistently  
6 with the contractual obligation of good faith and fair dealing.

7           **(5)** A partner does not violate a duty or obligation under this chapter or under  
8 the partnership agreement solely because the partner's conduct furthers the  
9 partner's own interest.

10           **(6)** All the partners, or one or more disinterested partners with authority to act  
11 in the matter, may authorize or ratify, after full disclosure of all material facts, a  
12 specific act or transaction by a partner that otherwise would violate the duty of  
13 loyalty.

14           **(7)** It is a defense to a claim under sub. (2) (b) and any comparable claim in  
15 equity or at common law that the transaction was fair to the partnership.

16           **(8)** If, as permitted by sub. (6) or the partnership agreement, a partner enters  
17 into a transaction with the partnership which otherwise would be prohibited by sub.  
18 (2) (b), the partner's rights and obligations arising from the transaction are the same  
19 as those of a person that is not a partner.

20           **178.0410 Actions by partnership and partners.** **(1)** A partnership may  
21 maintain an action against a partner for a breach of the partnership agreement, or  
22 for the violation of a duty to the partnership, causing harm to the partnership.

23           **(2)** A partner may maintain an action against the partnership or another  
24 partner, with or without an accounting as to partnership business, to enforce the  
25 partner's rights and protect the partner's interests, including rights and interests

**ASSEMBLY BILL 837****SECTION 18**

1 under the partnership agreement or this chapter or arising independently of the  
2 partnership relationship.

3 (3) A right to an accounting on dissolution and winding up does not revive a  
4 claim barred by law.

5 **178.0411 Continuation of partnership beyond definite term or**  
6 **particular undertaking.** (1) If a partnership for a definite term or particular  
7 undertaking is continued, without an express agreement, after the expiration of the  
8 term or completion of the undertaking, the rights and duties of the partners remain  
9 the same as they were at the expiration or completion, so far as is consistent with a  
10 partnership at will.

11 (2) If the partners, or those of them who habitually acted in the business during  
12 the term or undertaking, continue the business without any settlement or  
13 liquidation of the partnership, they are presumed to have agreed that the  
14 partnership will continue.

15 SUBCHAPTER V

16 TRANSFERABLE INTERESTS AND

17 RIGHTS OF TRANSFEREES AND

18 CREDITORS

19 **178.0501 Partner not co-owner of partnership property.** A partner is not  
20 a co-owner of partnership property and has no interest in partnership property  
21 which can be transferred, either voluntarily or involuntarily.

22 **178.0502 Nature of transferable interest.** A transferable interest is  
23 personal property.

24 **178.0503 Transfer of transferable interest.** (1) All of the following apply  
25 to a transfer, in whole or in part, of a transferable interest:

**ASSEMBLY BILL 837**

1 (a) It is permissible.

2 (b) It does not by itself cause a person's dissociation as a partner or a dissolution  
3 and winding up of the partnership business.

4 (c) Subject to s. 178.0505, it does not entitle the transferee to do any of the  
5 following:

6 1. Participate in the management or conduct of the partnership's business.

7 2. Except as otherwise provided in sub. (3), have access to records or other  
8 information concerning the partnership's business.

9 **(2)** A transferee has the right to all of the following:

10 (a) To receive, in accordance with the transfer, distributions to which the  
11 transferor would otherwise be entitled.

12 (b) To seek under s. 178.0801 (5) a judicial determination that it is equitable  
13 to wind up the partnership business.

14 **(3)** In a dissolution and winding up of a partnership, a transferee is entitled  
15 to an account of the partnership's transactions only from the date of dissolution.

16 **(4)** A partnership need not give effect to a transferee's rights under this section  
17 until the partnership knows or has notice of the transfer.

18 **(5)** A transfer of a transferable interest in violation of a valid restriction on  
19 transfer contained in the partnership agreement is ineffective if the intended  
20 transferee has knowledge or notice of the restriction at the time of transfer.

21 **(6)** Except as otherwise provided in s. 178.0601 (4) (b), if a partner transfers  
22 a transferable interest, the transferor retains the rights of a partner other than the  
23 transferable interest transferred and retains all the duties and obligations of a  
24 partner.

**ASSEMBLY BILL 837****SECTION 18**

1           (7) If a partner transfers a transferable interest to a person that becomes a  
2 partner with respect to the transferred interest, the transferee is liable for the  
3 partner's obligations under ss. 178.0404 and 178.0407 known to the transferee when  
4 the transferee becomes a partner.

5           **178.0504 Charging order.** (1) On application by a judgment creditor of a  
6 partner or transferee, a court may enter a charging order against the transferable  
7 interest of the judgment debtor for the unsatisfied amount of the judgment. A  
8 charging order constitutes a lien on a judgment debtor's transferable interest and  
9 requires the partnership to pay over to the person to which the charging order was  
10 issued any distribution that otherwise would be paid to the judgment debtor.

11           (2) To the extent necessary to effectuate the collection of distributions pursuant  
12 to a charging order in effect under sub. (1), the court may do any of the following:

13           (a) Appoint a receiver of the distributions subject to the charging order, with  
14 the power to make all inquiries the judgment debtor might have made.

15           (b) Make all other orders necessary to give effect to the charging order.

16           (3) Upon a showing that distributions under a charging order will not pay the  
17 judgment debt within a reasonable time, the court may foreclose the lien and order  
18 the sale of the transferable interest. The purchaser at the foreclosure sale obtains  
19 only the transferable interest, does not thereby become a partner, and is subject to  
20 s. 178.0503.

21           (4) At any time before foreclosure under sub. (3), the partner or transferee  
22 whose transferable interest is subject to a charging order under sub. (1) may  
23 extinguish the charging order by satisfying the judgment and filing a certified copy  
24 of the satisfaction with the court that issued the charging order.



**ASSEMBLY BILL 837****SECTION 18**

1           (4) The person is expelled as a partner by the affirmative vote or consent of all  
2 the other partners if any of the following applies:

3           (a) It is unlawful to carry on the partnership business with the person as a  
4 partner.

5           (b) There has been a transfer of all of the person's transferable interest in the  
6 partnership, other than a transfer for security purposes or the entry of a charging  
7 order that is in effect under s. 178.0504 and that has not been foreclosed.

8           (c) The person is an entity and all of the following apply:

9           1. The partnership notifies the person that it will be expelled as a partner  
10 because the person has filed a statement of dissolution or the equivalent, the person  
11 has been administratively dissolved, the person's charter or the equivalent has been  
12 revoked, or the person's right to conduct business has been suspended by the  
13 jurisdiction of the person's governing law.

14           2. The statement of dissolution or the equivalent has not been withdrawn,  
15 rescinded, or revoked, or the person's charter or the equivalent or right to conduct  
16 business has not been reinstated, within 90 days after the notification under subd.  
17 1.

18           (d) The person is an unincorporated entity that has been dissolved and whose  
19 activities and affairs are being wound up.

20           (5) On application by the partnership or another partner, the person is expelled  
21 as a partner by judicial order because the person has done any of the following:

22           (a) Engaged, or is engaging, in wrongful conduct that has affected adversely  
23 and materially, or will affect adversely and materially, the partnership's business.

**ASSEMBLY BILL 837**

1           (b) Committed willfully or persistently, or is committing willfully or  
2 persistently, a material breach of the partnership agreement or a duty or obligation  
3 under s. 178.0409.

4           (c) Engaged, or is engaging, in conduct relating to the partnership's business  
5 which makes it not reasonably practicable to carry on the business with the person  
6 as a partner.

7           **(6)** Any of the following applies to the person:

8           (a) The person becomes a debtor in bankruptcy.

9           (b) The person signs an assignment for the benefit of creditors.

10          (c) The person seeks, consents to, or acquiesces in the appointment of a trustee,  
11 receiver, or liquidator of the person or of all or substantially all the person's property.

12          **(7)** In the case of an individual, any of the following applies to the individual:

13          (a) The individual dies.

14          (b) A guardian or general conservator for the individual is appointed.

15          (c) A court orders that the individual has otherwise become incapable of  
16 performing the individual's duties as a partner under this chapter or the partnership  
17 agreement.

18          **(8)** In the case of a person that is a testamentary or living trust or is acting as  
19 a partner by virtue of being a trustee of such a trust, the trust's entire transferable  
20 interest in the partnership is distributed.

21          **(9)** In the case of a person that is an estate or is acting as a partner by virtue  
22 of being a personal representative of an estate, the estate's entire transferable  
23 interest in the partnership is distributed.

24          **(10)** In the case of a person that is not an individual, the existence of the person  
25 terminates.

**ASSEMBLY BILL 837****SECTION 18**

1           **(15)** The partnership dissolves and completes winding up.

2           **178.0602 Power to dissociate as partner; wrongful dissociation.** (1) A  
3 person has the power to dissociate as a partner at any time, rightfully or wrongfully,  
4 by withdrawing as a partner by express will under s. 178.0601 (1).

5           **(2)** A person's dissociation as a partner is wrongful only if any of the following  
6 applies:

7           (a) The dissociation is in breach of an express provision of the partnership  
8 agreement.

9           (b) In the case of a partnership for a definite term or particular undertaking,  
10 the dissociation occurs before the expiration of the term or the completion of the  
11 undertaking and any of the following applies:

12           1. The person withdraws as a partner by express will, unless the withdrawal  
13 follows not later than 90 days after another person's dissociation by death or  
14 otherwise under s. 178.0601 (6) to (10) or wrongful dissociation under this  
15 subsection.

16           2. The person is expelled as a partner by judicial order under s. 178.0601 (5).

17           3. The person is dissociated under s. 178.0601 (6).

18           4. In the case of a person that is not a trust other than a business trust, an  
19 estate, or an individual, the person is expelled or otherwise dissociated because it  
20 willfully dissolved or terminated.

21           **(3)** A person that wrongfully dissociates as a partner is liable to the partnership  
22 and to the other partners for damages caused by the dissociation. The liability is in  
23 addition to any debt, obligation, or other liability of the partner to the partnership  
24 or the other partners.





**ASSEMBLY BILL 837****SECTION 18**

1 were wound up, with the sale price equal to the greater of the liquidation value or  
2 the value based on a sale of the entire business as a going concern without the person.

3 (3) Interest accrues on the buyout price from the date of dissociation to the date  
4 of payment, but damages for wrongful dissociation under s. 178.0602 (2), and, at the  
5 option of the partnership, some or all other amounts owing, whether or not presently  
6 due, from the person dissociated as a partner to the partnership, must be offset  
7 against the buyout price.

8 (4) A partnership shall defend, indemnify, and hold harmless a person  
9 dissociated as a partner whose interest is being purchased against all partnership  
10 liabilities, whether incurred before or after the dissociation, except liabilities  
11 incurred by an act of the person under s. 178.0702.

12 (5) If no agreement for the purchase of the interest of a person dissociated as  
13 a partner is reached within 120 days after a written demand for payment, the  
14 partnership shall pay, or cause to be paid, in money to the person the amount the  
15 partnership estimates to be the buyout price and accrued interest, reduced by any  
16 offsets and accrued interest under sub. (3).

17 (6) If a deferred payment is authorized under sub. (8), the partnership may  
18 tender a written offer to pay the amount it estimates to be the buyout price and  
19 accrued interest, reduced by any offsets under sub. (3), stating the time of payment,  
20 the amount and type of security for payment, and the other terms and conditions of  
21 the obligation.

22 (7) The payment or tender required by sub. (5) or (6) must be accompanied by  
23 the following:

24 (a) A statement of partnership assets and liabilities as of the date of  
25 dissociation.

**ASSEMBLY BILL 837**

1 (b) The latest available partnership balance sheet and income statement, if  
2 any.

3 (c) An explanation of how the estimated amount of the payment was calculated.

4 (d) Written notice that the payment is in full satisfaction of the obligation to  
5 purchase unless, not later than 120 days after the written notice, the person  
6 dissociated as a partner commences an action to determine the buyout price, any  
7 offsets under sub. (3), or other terms of the obligation to purchase.

8 (8) A person that wrongfully dissociates as a partner before the expiration of  
9 a definite term or the completion of a particular undertaking is not entitled to  
10 payment of any part of the buyout price until the expiration of the term or completion  
11 of the undertaking, unless the person establishes to the satisfaction of the court that  
12 earlier payment will not cause undue hardship to the business of the partnership.  
13 A deferred payment must be adequately secured and bear interest.

14 (9) A person dissociated as a partner may maintain an action against the  
15 partnership, pursuant to s. 178.0410 (2), to determine the buyout price of that  
16 person's interest, any offsets under sub. (3), or other terms of the obligation to  
17 purchase. The action must be commenced not later than 120 days after the  
18 partnership has tendered payment or an offer to pay in accordance with subs. (5) to  
19 (8) to the extent applicable or within one year after written demand for payment if  
20 no payment or offer to pay is tendered. The court shall determine the buyout price  
21 of the person's interest, any offset due under sub. (3), and accrued interest, and enter  
22 judgment for any additional payment or refund. If deferred payment is authorized  
23 under sub. (8), the court shall also determine the security for payment and other  
24 terms of the obligation to purchase. The court may assess reasonable attorney fees  
25 and the fees and expenses of appraisers or other experts for a party to the action, in

**ASSEMBLY BILL 837****SECTION 18**

1 amounts the court finds equitable, against a party that the court finds acted  
2 arbitrarily, vexatiously, or not in good faith. The finding may be based on the  
3 partnership's failure to tender payment or an offer to pay or to comply with sub. (7).

4 **178.0702 Power to bind and liability of person dissociated as partner.**

5 (1) After a person is dissociated as a partner without the dissociation resulting in  
6 a dissolution and winding up of the partnership business and before the partnership  
7 is merged out of existence or converted under subch. XI, or dissolved, the partnership  
8 is bound by an act of the person with respect to a transaction with another party only  
9 if all of the following apply:

10 (a) The act would have bound the partnership under s. 178.0301 before  
11 dissociation.

12 (b) At the time the other party enters into the transaction, less than 2 years has  
13 passed since the dissociation.

14 (c) At the time the other party enters into the transaction, the other party does  
15 not know or have notice of the dissociation and reasonably believes that the person  
16 is a partner.

17 (2) If a partnership is bound under sub. (1), the person dissociated as a partner  
18 which caused the partnership to be bound is liable to all of the following:

19 (a) The partnership, for any damage caused to the partnership arising from the  
20 obligation incurred under sub. (1).

21 (b) If a partner or another person dissociated as a partner is liable for the  
22 obligation, the partner or other person, for any damage caused to the partner or other  
23 person arising from the liability.

**ASSEMBLY BILL 837****178.0703 Liability of person dissociated as partner to other persons.**

(1) Except as otherwise provided in sub. (2) or s. 178.0308 (1), a person dissociated as a partner is not liable for a partnership obligation incurred after dissociation.

(2) A person that is dissociated as a partner is liable to a party on a transaction entered into by the partnership after the dissociation only if all of the following apply:

(a) The person would have been liable on the transaction had the person not been dissociated.

(b) At the time the other party enters into the transaction, less than 2 years has passed since the dissociation.

(c) At the time the other party enters into the transaction, the other party does not have knowledge or notice of the dissociation and reasonably believes that the person is a partner.

(3) By agreement with a creditor of a partnership and the partnership, a person dissociated as a partner may be released from liability for a debt, obligation, or other liability of the partnership.

(4) A person dissociated as a partner is released from liability for a debt, obligation, or other liability of the partnership if the partnership's creditor, with knowledge or notice of the person's dissociation but without the person's consent, agrees to a material alteration in the nature or time of payment of the debt, obligation, or other liability.

**178.0704 Statement of dissociation.** (1) A person dissociated as a partner or the partnership may deliver to the department for filing a statement of dissociation stating the name of the partnership and that the person has dissociated from the partnership.



**ASSEMBLY BILL 837**

1           (b) The affirmative vote or consent of all the partners to wind up the  
2 partnership business.

3           (c) The expiration of the term or the completion of the undertaking.

4           **(3)** An event or circumstance that the partnership agreement states causes  
5 dissolution.

6           **(4)** On application by a partner, the entry by the circuit court of an order  
7 dissolving the partnership on any of the following grounds:

8           (a) That the conduct of all or substantially all the partnership's business is  
9 unlawful.

10          (b) That the economic purpose of the partnership is likely to be unreasonably  
11 frustrated.

12          (c) That another partner has engaged in conduct relating to the partnership  
13 business which makes it not reasonably practicable to carry on the business in  
14 partnership with that partner.

15          (d) That it is otherwise not reasonably practicable to carry on the partnership  
16 business in conformity with the partnership agreement.

17          **(5)** On application by a transferee, the entry by the circuit court of an order  
18 dissolving the partnership on the ground that it is equitable to wind up the  
19 partnership business under any of the following circumstances:

20          (a) After the expiration of the term or completion of the undertaking, if the  
21 partnership was for a definite term or particular undertaking at the time of the  
22 transfer or entry of the charging order that gave rise to the transfer.

23          (b) At any time, if the partnership was a partnership at will at the time of the  
24 transfer or entry of the charging order that gave rise to the transfer.

**ASSEMBLY BILL 837****SECTION 18**

1           **(6)** The passage of 90 consecutive days during which the partnership does not  
2 have at least 2 partners.

3           **178.0802 Winding up. (1)** A dissolved partnership shall wind up its business  
4 and, except as otherwise provided in s. 178.0803, the partnership continues after  
5 dissolution only for the purpose of winding up.

6           **(2)** (a) In winding up its business, the partnership shall discharge the  
7 partnership's debts, obligations, and other liabilities, settle and close the  
8 partnership's business, and marshal and distribute the assets of the partnership.

9           (b) In winding up its business, the partnership may do any of the following:

10           1. Deliver to the department for filing a statement of dissolution stating the  
11 name of the partnership and that the partnership is dissolved.

12           2. Preserve the partnership business and property as a going concern for a  
13 reasonable time.

14           3. Prosecute and defend actions and proceedings, whether civil, criminal, or  
15 administrative.

16           4. Transfer the partnership's property.

17           5. Settle disputes by mediation or arbitration.

18           6. Deliver to the department for filing a statement of termination stating the  
19 name of the partnership and that the partnership is terminated.

20           7. Perform other acts necessary or appropriate to the winding up.

21           **(3)** A person whose dissociation as a partner resulted in dissolution may  
22 participate in winding up as if still a partner, unless the dissociation was wrongful.

23           **(4)** If a dissolved partnership does not have a partner and no person has the  
24 right to participate in winding up under sub. (3), the personal or legal representative  
25 of the last person to have been a partner may wind up the partnership's business.



**ASSEMBLY BILL 837**

1 If no person has or exercises the right to participate in winding up, a person to wind  
2 up the partnership's business may be appointed by the affirmative vote or consent  
3 of transferees owning a majority of the rights to receive distributions at the time the  
4 consent is to be effective. A person appointed under this subsection has the powers  
5 of a partner under s. 178.0804 but is not liable for the debts, obligations, and other  
6 liabilities of the partnership solely by reason of having or exercising those powers or  
7 otherwise acting to wind up the partnership's business.

8 (5) On the application of any partner or person entitled under sub. (3) to  
9 participate in winding up, the circuit court may order judicial supervision of the  
10 winding up of a dissolved partnership, including the appointment of a person to wind  
11 up the partnership's business, if any of the following applies:

12 (a) The partnership does not have a partner and within a reasonable time  
13 following the dissolution no person has been appointed under sub. (4).

14 (b) The applicant establishes other good cause.

15 **178.0803 Rescinding dissolution.** (1) A partnership may rescind its  
16 dissolution, unless a statement of termination applicable to the partnership has  
17 become effective or the circuit court has entered an order under s. 178.0801 (4) or (5)  
18 dissolving the partnership.

19 (2) Rescinding dissolution under this section requires all of the following:

20 (a) The affirmative vote or consent of each partner.

21 (b) If the partnership has delivered to the department for filing a statement of  
22 dissolution, delivery to the department for filing of one of the following additional  
23 statements:

24 1. If the statement of dissolution has not become effective, a statement of  
25 withdrawal under s. 178.0115 applicable to the statement of dissolution.

**ASSEMBLY BILL 837****SECTION 18**

1           2. If the statement of dissolution has become effective, a statement of rescission  
2           stating the name of the partnership and that dissolution has been rescinded under  
3           this section.

4           **(3)** If a partnership rescinds its dissolution, all of the following apply:

5           (a) The partnership resumes carrying on its business as if dissolution had never  
6           occurred.

7           (b) Subject to par. (c), any liability incurred by the partnership after the  
8           dissolution and before the rescission has become effective is determined as if  
9           dissolution had never occurred.

10          (c) The rights of a third party arising out of conduct in reliance on the  
11          dissolution before the third party knew or had notice of the rescission may not be  
12          adversely affected.

13          **178.0804 Power to bind partnership after dissolution.** (1) A partnership  
14          is bound by a partner's act with respect to a transaction with another person after  
15          dissolution if any of the following applies:

16          (a) The act is appropriate for winding up the partnership business, unless the  
17          partner did not have authority to act for the partnership in the particular matter and  
18          the person with which the partner was dealing knew or had notice that the partner  
19          lacked authority.

20          (b) The act would have bound the partnership under s. 178.0301 before  
21          dissolution if, at the time the other party enters into the transaction, the other party  
22          does not know or have notice of the dissolution.

23          **(2)** A person dissociated as a partner binds a partnership with respect to a  
24          transaction with another party through an act occurring after dissolution if all of the  
25          following apply:

**ASSEMBLY BILL 837**

1           (a) At the time the other party enters into the transaction, less than 2 years has  
2 passed since the dissociation.

3           (b) At the time the other party enters into the transaction, the other party does  
4 not know or have notice of the dissociation and reasonably believes that the person  
5 is a partner.

6           (c) The act is appropriate for winding up the partnership's business or the act  
7 would have bound the partnership under s. 178.0301 before dissolution and at the  
8 time the other party enters into the transaction the other party does not know or have  
9 notice of the dissolution.

10           **178.0805 Liability after dissolution of partner and person dissociated**  
11 **as partner. (1)** If a partner having knowledge of the dissolution causes a  
12 partnership to incur an obligation under s. 178.0804 (1) by an act that is not  
13 appropriate for winding up the partnership business, the partner is liable to all of  
14 the following:

15           (a) The partnership, for any damage caused to the partnership arising from the  
16 obligation.

17           (b) If another partner or person dissociated as a partner is liable for the  
18 obligation, that other partner or person, for any damage caused to that other partner  
19 or person arising from the liability.

20           **(2)** Except as otherwise provided in sub. (3), if a person dissociated as a partner  
21 causes a partnership to incur an obligation under s. 178.0804 (2), the person is liable  
22 to all of the following:

23           (a) The partnership, for any damage caused to the partnership arising from the  
24 obligation.

**ASSEMBLY BILL 837****SECTION 18**

1 (b) If a partner or another person dissociated as a partner is liable for the  
2 obligation, the partner or other person, for any damage caused to the partner or other  
3 person arising from the liability.

4 (3) A person dissociated as a partner is not liable under sub. (2) if all of the  
5 following apply:

6 (a) Section 178.0802 (3) permits the person to participate in winding up.

7 (b) The act that causes the partnership to be bound under s. 178.0804 (2) is  
8 appropriate for winding up the partnership's business.

9 **178.0806 Disposition of assets in winding up; when contributions**  
10 **required.** (1) In winding up its business, a partnership shall apply its assets,  
11 including the contributions required by this section, to discharge the partnership's  
12 obligations to creditors, including partners that are creditors.

13 (2) After a partnership complies with sub. (1), any surplus must be distributed  
14 in the following order, subject to any charging order in effect under s. 178.0504:

15 (a) To each person owning a transferable interest that reflects contributions  
16 made and not previously returned, an amount equal to the value of the unreturned  
17 contributions.

18 (b) Among persons owning transferable interests, in proportion to their  
19 respective rights to share in distributions immediately before the dissolution of the  
20 partnership.

21 (3) If a partnership's assets are insufficient to satisfy all its obligations under  
22 sub. (1), with respect to each unsatisfied obligation incurred when the partnership  
23 was not a limited liability partnership, the following rules apply:

24 (a) Each person that was a partner when the obligation was incurred and that  
25 has not been released from the obligation under s. 178.0703 (3) or (4) shall contribute

**ASSEMBLY BILL 837**

1 to the partnership for the purpose of enabling the partnership to satisfy the  
2 obligation. The contribution due from each of those persons is in proportion to the  
3 right to receive distributions in the capacity of a partner in effect for each of those  
4 persons when the obligation was incurred.

5 (b) If a person does not contribute the full amount required under par. (a) with  
6 respect to an unsatisfied obligation of the partnership, the other persons required to  
7 contribute by par. (a) on account of the obligation shall contribute the additional  
8 amount necessary to discharge the obligation. The additional contribution due from  
9 each of those other persons is in proportion to the right to receive distributions in the  
10 capacity of a partner in effect for each of those other persons when the obligation was  
11 incurred.

12 (c) If a person does not make the additional contribution required by par. (b),  
13 further additional contributions are determined and due in the same manner as  
14 provided in that paragraph.

15 (4) A person that makes an additional contribution under sub. (3) (b) or (c) may  
16 recover from any person whose failure to contribute under sub. (3) (a) or (b)  
17 necessitated the additional contribution. A person may not recover under this  
18 subsection more than the amount additionally contributed. A person's liability  
19 under this subsection may not exceed the amount the person failed to contribute.

20 (5) If a partnership does not have sufficient surplus to comply with sub. (2) (a),  
21 any surplus must be distributed among the owners of transferable interests in  
22 proportion to the value of the respective unreturned contributions.

23 (7) All distributions made under sub. (2) must be paid in money.

**178.0807 Known claims against dissolved limited liability partnership.**

24 (1) Except as otherwise provided in sub. (4), a dissolved limited liability partnership  
25

**ASSEMBLY BILL 837****SECTION 18**

1 may give notice of a known claim under sub. (2), which has the effect provided in sub.  
2 (3).

3 **(2)** A dissolved limited liability partnership may in a record notify its known  
4 claimants of the dissolution. The notice must do all of the following:

5 (a) Specify the information required to be included in a claim.

6 (b) State that a claim must be in writing and provide a mailing address to which  
7 the claim is to be sent.

8 (c) State the deadline for receipt of a claim, which may not be less than 120 days  
9 after the date the notice is received by the claimant.

10 (d) State that the claim will be barred if not received by the deadline.

11 (e) Unless the partnership has been throughout its existence a limited liability  
12 partnership, state that the barring of a claim against the partnership will also bar  
13 any corresponding claim against any partner or person dissociated as a partner  
14 which is based on s. 178.0306.

15 **(3)** A claim against a dissolved limited liability partnership is barred if the  
16 claim is a known claim and the notice requirements of sub. (2) are met with respect  
17 to the claim and any of the following applies:

18 (a) The claim is not received by the specified deadline.

19 (b) If the claim is timely received but rejected by the limited liability  
20 partnership, all of the following apply:

21 1. The partnership causes the claimant to receive a notice in a record stating  
22 that the claim is rejected and will be barred unless the claimant commences an action  
23 against the partnership to enforce the claim within 90 days after the claimant  
24 receives the notice.

**ASSEMBLY BILL 837**

1           2. The claimant does not commence the required action within 90 days after  
2 the claimant receives the notice.

3           (4) This section does not apply to a claim based on an event occurring after the  
4 date of dissolution or a liability that on that date is contingent.

5           (4r) The provisions of s. 178.0103 (6) shall apply to notices under this section.

6           **178.0808 Other claims against dissolved limited liability partnership.**

7           (1) A dissolved limited liability partnership may publish notice of its dissolution and  
8 request persons having claims against the partnership to present them in  
9 accordance with the notice.

10          (2) A notice under sub. (1) must satisfy all of the following:

11          (a) It must be published as a class 1 notice, under ch. 985, in a newspaper of  
12 general circulation in the county in this state in which the dissolved limited liability  
13 partnership's principal office is located or, if the principal office is not located in this  
14 state, in the county in which the office of the partnership's registered agent is or was  
15 last located.

16          (b) It must describe the information required to be contained in a claim, state  
17 that the claim must be in writing, and provide a mailing address to which the claim  
18 is to be sent.

19          (c) It must state that a claim against the partnership is barred unless an action  
20 to enforce the claim is commenced not later than 2 years after publication of the  
21 notice.

22          (d) Unless the partnership has been throughout its existence a limited liability  
23 partnership, it must state that the barring of a claim against the partnership will  
24 also bar any corresponding claim against any partner or person dissociated as a  
25 partner which is based on s. 178.0306.

**ASSEMBLY BILL 837****SECTION 18**

1           **(3)** If a dissolved limited liability partnership publishes a notice in accordance  
2 with sub. (2), the claim of each of the following claimants is barred unless the  
3 claimant commences an action to enforce the claim against the partnership not later  
4 than 2 years after the publication date of the notice:

5           (a) A claimant that did not receive notice in a record under s. 178.0807.

6           (b) A claimant whose claim was timely sent to the partnership but not acted  
7 on.

8           (c) A claimant whose claim is contingent at, or based on an event occurring  
9 after, the date of dissolution.

10          **(4)** A claim not barred under this section or s. 178.0807 may be enforced against  
11 any of the following:

12          (a) A dissolved limited liability partnership, to the extent of its undistributed  
13 assets.

14          (b) Except as otherwise provided in s. 178.0809, if assets of the partnership  
15 have been distributed after dissolution, a partner or transferee to the extent of that  
16 person's proportionate share of the claim or of the partnership's assets distributed  
17 to the partner or transferee after dissolution, whichever is less, but a person's total  
18 liability for all claims under this paragraph may not exceed the total amount of  
19 assets distributed to the person after dissolution.

20          (c) Any person liable on the claim under s. 178.0306, 178.0703, or 178.0805.

21          **178.0809 Court proceedings.** **(1)** A dissolved limited liability partnership  
22 that has published a notice under s. 178.0808 may file an application with the circuit  
23 court in the county where the partnership's principal office is located or, if the  
24 principal office is not located in this state, where the office of its registered agent is  
25 or was last located, for a determination of the amount and form of security to be



**ASSEMBLY BILL 837**

1 provided for payment of claims that are contingent or are not known to the  
2 partnership or that are based on an event occurring after the effective date of  
3 dissolution but that, based on the facts known to the partnership, are reasonably  
4 expected to arise after the effective date of dissolution.

5 (2) Provision need not be made for any claim that is or is reasonably anticipated  
6 to be barred under s. 178.0808.

7 (3) Not later than 10 days after the filing of an application under sub. (1), the  
8 dissolved limited liability partnership shall give notice of the proceeding to each  
9 claimant holding a contingent claim whose contingent claim is known to the  
10 partnership.

11 (4) In any proceeding under this section, the court may appoint a guardian ad  
12 litem to represent all claimants whose identities are unknown. The reasonable fees  
13 and expenses of the guardian, including all reasonable expert witness fees, must be  
14 paid by the dissolved limited liability partnership.

15 (5) A dissolved limited liability partnership that provides security in the  
16 amount and form ordered by the court under sub. (1) satisfies the partnership's  
17 obligations with respect to claims that are contingent, are not known to the  
18 partnership, or are based on an event occurring after the effective date of dissolution,  
19 and such claims may not be enforced against a partner or transferee on account of  
20 assets received in liquidation.

21 **178.0810 Liability of partner and person dissociated as partner when**  
22 **claim against partnership barred.** If a claim against a dissolved partnership is  
23 barred under s. 178.0807, 178.0808, or 178.0809, any corresponding claim under s.  
24 178.0306, 178.0703, or 178.0805 is also barred.

## LIMITED LIABILITY PARTNERSHIP

1  
2       **178.0901 Statement of qualification.** (1) A domestic partnership may  
3 become a limited liability partnership pursuant to this section.

4       (2) The terms and conditions on which a domestic partnership becomes a  
5 limited liability partnership must be approved by the affirmative vote or consent  
6 necessary to amend the partnership agreement except, in the case of a partnership  
7 agreement that expressly addresses obligations to contribute to the partnership, the  
8 affirmative vote or consent necessary to amend those provisions.

9       (3) After the approval required by sub. (2), a partnership may become a limited  
10 liability partnership by delivering to the department for filing a statement of  
11 qualification. The statement must contain all of the following:

12       (a) The name of the partnership, which name satisfies s. 178.0902.

13       (b) The street and mailing addresses of the partnership's principal office and,  
14 if different, the street address of an office in this state, if any.

15       (c) The street address of the partnership's registered office in this state and the  
16 name of its registered agent at that office.

17       (d) A statement that the partnership elects to become a limited liability  
18 partnership.

19       (4) The partnership's status as a limited liability partnership begins when its  
20 statement of qualification becomes effective as provided in s. 178.0114 and remains  
21 effective, regardless of changes in the partnership, until it is canceled pursuant to  
22 sub. (6) or administratively revoked pursuant to ss. 178.09031 and 178.09032.

23       (5) The status of a partnership as a limited liability partnership and the  
24 protection against liability of its partners for the debts, obligations, or other  
25 liabilities of the partnership while it is a limited liability partnership is not affected

**ASSEMBLY BILL 837**

1 by errors or later changes in the information required to be contained in the  
2 statement of qualification.

3 (5r) A partnership that becomes, or ceases to be, a limited liability partnership  
4 is for all purposes the same partnership that existed before such change in status and  
5 continues to be a partnership under this chapter.

6 (6) A limited liability partnership may amend or cancel its statement of  
7 qualification by delivering to the department for filing a statement of amendment or  
8 cancellation. A statement of cancellation must be approved by the affirmative vote  
9 or consent of all the partners. A statement of amendment or cancellation shall state  
10 the name of the limited liability partnership and also state the following:

11 (a) In the case of an amendment, the text of the amendment.

12 (b) In the case of a cancellation, that the statement of qualification is canceled.

13 **178.0902 Permitted names.** (1) The name of a partnership that is not a  
14 limited liability partnership may not contain the phrase "Registered Limited  
15 Liability Partnership" or "Limited Liability Partnership" or the abbreviation  
16 "R.L.L.P.," "L.L.P.," "RLLP," or "LLP."

17 (2) The name of a limited liability partnership must contain the phrase  
18 "Registered Limited Liability Partnership" or "Limited Liability Partnership" or the  
19 abbreviation "R.L.L.P.," "L.L.P.," "RLLP," or "LLP."

20 (3) The name of a limited liability partnership, and the name under which a  
21 foreign limited liability partnership may register to do business in this state, must  
22 be distinguishable on the records of the department from all of the following:

23 (a) Any name of an existing person whose formation required the filing of a  
24 record by the department and which is not at the time administratively dissolved.

**ASSEMBLY BILL 837****SECTION 18**

1 (b) Any name of a limited liability partnership whose statement of qualification  
2 is in effect.

3 (c) Any name under which a person is registered to do business in this state by  
4 the filing of a record by the department.

5 (d) Any name that is reserved under s. 178.0906 or other law of this state  
6 providing for the reservation of a name by a filing of a record by the department.

7 (e) Any name that is registered under s. 178.0907 or other law of this state  
8 providing for the registration of a name by a filing of a record by the department.

9 **(4r)** A limited liability partnership or foreign limited liability partnership may  
10 apply to the department for authorization to use in this state a name that is not  
11 distinguishable upon the records of the department from one or more of the names  
12 described in sub. (3). The department shall authorize use of the name applied for if  
13 any of the following occurs:

14 (a) The corporation, limited liability company, nonstock corporation, limited  
15 partnership, limited liability partnership, foreign limited liability partnership,  
16 general cooperative association, or limited cooperative association that has or has  
17 registered or reserved the name consents in writing to the use and submits an  
18 undertaking in a form satisfactory to the department to change its name to a name  
19 that is distinguishable upon the records of the department from the name of the  
20 applicant, or to cancel the registration or reservation.

21 (b) The applicant delivers to the department a certified copy of a final judgment  
22 of a court of competent jurisdiction establishing the applicant's right to use the name  
23 applied for in this state.

24 **(5)** In determining whether a name is the same as or not distinguishable on the  
25 records of the department from the name of another person, words, phrases, or

**ASSEMBLY BILL 837**

1 abbreviations indicating a type of entity, such as “corporation,” “Corp.,”  
2 “incorporated,” “Inc.,” “Limited,” “Ltd.,” “limited partnership,” “LP,” “L.P.,” “limited  
3 liability partnership,” “LLP,” “L.L.P.,” “limited liability limited partnership,” “LLLLP,”  
4 “L.L.L.P.,” “registered limited liability limited partnership,” “RLLLLP,” “R.L.L.L.P.,”  
5 “limited liability company,” “LLC,” “L.L.C.,” “cooperative association,” or  
6 “cooperative” may not be taken into account.

7 (7) The name of a limited liability partnership or foreign limited liability  
8 partnership may not contain language stating or implying that the entity is  
9 organized for a purpose subject to regulation under another statute of this state,  
10 unless its purpose is not prohibited by, and the entity is subject to all the limitations  
11 of, the other statute.

12 (8r) A limited liability partnership or foreign limited liability partnership may  
13 use in this state the name, including the fictitious name, that is used in this state by  
14 a corporation, limited liability company, nonstock corporation, limited partnership,  
15 limited liability partnership, foreign limited liability partnership, general  
16 cooperative association, or limited cooperative association if the limited liability  
17 partnership or foreign limited liability partnership proposing to use the name has  
18 done any of the following:

19 (a) Merged with the other business entity.

20 (b) Been formed by reorganization of the other business entity.

21 (c) Acquired all or substantially all of the assets, including the name, of the  
22 other business entity.

23 **178.09031 Grounds for revocation.** The department may bring a  
24 proceeding under s. 178.09032 to administratively revoke the statement of  
25 qualification of a limited liability partnership if any of the following occurs:

**ASSEMBLY BILL 837****SECTION 18**

1           (1) The partnership does not pay, within one year after they are due, any fees  
2 or penalties due the department under this chapter.

3           (2) The partnership does not have on file its annual report with the department  
4 within one year after it is due.

5           (3) The partnership is without a registered agent or registered office in this  
6 state for at least one year.

7           (4) The partnership does not notify the department within one year that its  
8 registered agent or registered office has been changed, that its registered agent has  
9 resigned, or that its registered office has been discontinued.

10           (5) The partnership violates s. 940.302 (2) or 948.051 (2).

11           **178.09032 Procedure for and effect of administrative revocation. (1)**

12 If the department determines that one or more grounds exist under s. 178.09031 for  
13 revoking a limited liability partnership's statement of qualification, the department  
14 may give the partnership notice of the determination. The notice shall be in writing  
15 and addressed to the registered office of the partnership.

16           (2) (a) Within 60 days after the notice under sub. (1) takes effect under s.  
17 178.0103 (6), the partnership shall, with respect to each ground for revocation, either  
18 correct it or demonstrate to the reasonable satisfaction of the department that it does  
19 not exist.

20           (b) If the partnership fails to satisfy par. (a), the department may revoke the  
21 partnership's statement of qualification. The department shall enter a notation in  
22 its records to reflect each ground for revocation and the effective date of revocation  
23 and shall give the partnership notice of those facts. The notice shall be in writing and  
24 addressed to the registered office of the partnership.

**ASSEMBLY BILL 837**

1           **(3)** (a) If a notice under sub. (1) or (2) (b) is returned to the department as  
2 undeliverable, the department shall again give notice to the partnership. Except as  
3 provided under par. (b), this notice shall be in writing and addressed to the principal  
4 office of the partnership.

5           (b) If the notice under par. (a) is returned to the department as undeliverable  
6 or if the partnership's principal office cannot be determined from the records of the  
7 department, the department shall give the notice by posting the notice on the  
8 department's Internet site.

9           **(4)** A revocation under sub. (2) (b) affects only the partnership's status as a  
10 limited liability partnership and is not an event of dissolution of the partnership.

11           **(5)** The partnership's right to the exclusive use of its partnership name  
12 terminates on the effective date of the revocation of its statement of qualification.

13           **178.0904 Reinstatement following administrative revocation.** (1) A  
14 partnership whose statement of qualification is administratively revoked may apply  
15 to the department for reinstatement. The application shall include all of the  
16 following:

17           (a) The name of the partnership and the effective date of the revocation of its  
18 statement of qualification.

19           (b) A statement that each ground for revocation either did not exist or has been  
20 cured.

21           (c) A statement that the partnership's name satisfies s. 178.0902.

22           **(2)** (a) Upon application, the department shall reinstate a partnership's  
23 statement of qualification if the department determines all of the following:

24           1. That the application contains the information required by sub. (1) and the  
25 information is correct.

**ASSEMBLY BILL 837****SECTION 18**

1           2. That all fees and penalties owed by the partnership to the department under  
2 this chapter have been paid.

3           (b) Upon reinstatement of a partnership's statement of qualification under par.  
4 (a), the department shall enter a notation in its records revising the notation  
5 specified in s. 178.09032 (2) (b) to reflect cancellation of the revocation and  
6 reinstatement of the partnership's statement of qualification. The notation shall  
7 state both the department's determination under par (a) and the effective date of  
8 reinstatement. The department shall provide notice of the reinstatement to the  
9 partnership or its representative.

10           (4) When the reinstatement under this section is effective, all of the following  
11 shall apply:

12           (a) Except as provided in par. (c), the reinstatement relates back to and takes  
13 effect as of the effective date of the administrative revocation.

14           (b) Except as provided in par. (c), the partnership's status as a limited liability  
15 partnership continues as if the revocation had never occurred.

16           (c) The rights of a person arising out of an act or omission in reliance on the  
17 revocation before the person knew or had notice of the reinstatement are unaffected.

18           **178.0905 Appeal from denial of reinstatement.** (1) If the department  
19 denies a partnership's application for reinstatement under s. 178.0904, the  
20 department shall serve the partnership with a written notice, addressed to the  
21 registered office of the partnership, that explains each reason for denial.

22           (2) The partnership may appeal the denial of reinstatement to the circuit court  
23 for the county where the partnership's principal office or, if none in this state, its  
24 registered office is located, within 30 days after service of the notice of denial is  
25 perfected. To appeal, the partnership shall petition the court to set aside the



**ASSEMBLY BILL 837**

1 revocation and attach to the petition copies of the department's notice of revocation  
2 under s. 178.09032 (2) (b), the partnership's application for reinstatement under s.  
3 178.0904 (1), and the department's notice of denial under sub. (1).

4 (3) The court may order the department to reinstate the partnership's  
5 statement of qualification or may take other action that the court considers  
6 appropriate.

7 (4) The court's final decision may be appealed as in other civil proceedings.

8 **178.0906 Reservation of name.** (1) A person may reserve the exclusive use  
9 of a name that complies with s. 178.0902, including a fictitious name for a foreign  
10 limited liability partnership whose partnership name is not available, by delivering  
11 an application to the department for filing. The application shall include the name  
12 and address of the applicant and the name proposed to be reserved. If the  
13 department finds that the name is available, the department shall reserve the name  
14 for the applicant's exclusive use for a 120-day period, which may be renewed by the  
15 applicant or a transferee under sub. (2) from time to time.

16 (2) The person who has the right to exclusive use of a reserved name under sub.  
17 (1) may transfer the reservation to another person by delivering to the department  
18 a signed notice in a record of the transfer which states the name and address of the  
19 person to which the reservation is being transferred.

20 **178.0907 Registration of name.** (1) A foreign limited liability partnership  
21 not registered to do business in this state under subch. X may register its name, or  
22 a fictitious name adopted pursuant to s. 178.1006 (1), if the name is distinguishable  
23 on the records of the department from the names that are not available under s.  
24 178.0902.

**ASSEMBLY BILL 837****SECTION 18**

1           **(2)** To register its name or a fictitious name adopted pursuant to s. 178.1006  
2           (1), a foreign limited liability partnership must deliver to the department for filing  
3           an application stating the partnership's name, the jurisdiction and date of its  
4           formation, and any fictitious name adopted pursuant to s. 178.1006 (1). If the  
5           department finds that the name applied for is available, the department shall  
6           register the name for the applicant's exclusive use.

7           **(3)** The registration of a name under this section expires annually on December  
8           31.

9           **(4)** A foreign limited liability partnership whose name registration is effective  
10          may renew the registration by delivering to the department for filing, between  
11          October 31 and December 31 of each year that the registration is in effect, a renewal  
12          application that complies with this section. When filed, the renewal application  
13          renews the registration for the next year.

14          **(5)** A foreign limited liability partnership whose name registration is effective  
15          may register as a foreign limited liability partnership under the registered name or  
16          consent in a signed record to the use of that name by another person that is not an  
17          individual.

18          **178.0908 Registered agent and registered office.** **(1)** Each limited  
19          liability partnership and each registered foreign limited liability partnership shall  
20          designate and maintain a registered agent and registered office in this state. The  
21          designation of a registered agent is an affirmation of fact by the partnership or  
22          foreign partnership that the agent has consented to serve.

23          **(1m)** The registered office of a limited liability partnership or registered  
24          foreign limited liability partnership may, but need not, be the same as any of the  
25          partnership's places of business. The registered office must be an actual physical

**ASSEMBLY BILL 837**

1 location with a street address and not solely a post office box, mailbox service, or  
2 telephone answering service. The registered agent of a limited liability partnership  
3 or registered foreign limited liability partnership shall be any of the following:

4 (a) A natural person who resides in this state and whose business office is  
5 identical with the registered office.

6 (b) A domestic corporation, nonstock corporation, limited liability company,  
7 limited partnership, or registered limited liability partnership whose business office  
8 is identical with the registered office.

9 (c) A foreign corporation, nonstock corporation, limited liability company,  
10 limited partnership, or registered limited liability partnership if that entity is  
11 authorized to transact business in this state and the entity's business office is  
12 identical with the registered office.

13 **(2)** A registered agent for a limited liability partnership or registered foreign  
14 limited liability partnership must have a place of business in this state.

15 **(3)** The only duties under this chapter of a registered agent that has complied  
16 with this chapter are the following:

17 (a) To forward to the limited liability partnership or registered foreign limited  
18 liability partnership at the address most recently supplied to the agent by the  
19 partnership or foreign partnership any process, notice, or demand pertaining to the  
20 partnership or foreign partnership which is served on or received by the agent.

21 (b) If the registered agent resigns, to provide the notice required by s. 178.0910  
22 (3) to the partnership or foreign partnership at the address most recently supplied  
23 to the agent by the partnership or foreign partnership.

24 (c) To keep current the information with respect to the agent in the statement  
25 of qualification or foreign registration statement.

**ASSEMBLY BILL 837****SECTION 18**

1           **178.0909 Change of registered agent or registered office by limited**  
2 **liability partnership.** (1) A limited liability partnership or registered foreign  
3 limited liability partnership may change its registered agent or registered office as  
4 provided in s. 178.0913 (5) or by delivering to the department for filing a statement  
5 of change that states all of the following:

6           (a) The name of the partnership or foreign partnership.

7           (b) The information that is to be in effect as a result of the filing of the statement  
8 of change.

9           **(2)** The partners of a limited liability partnership need not approve the filing  
10 of any of the following:

11           (a) A statement of change under this section.

12           (b) A similar filing changing the registered agent or registered office, if any, of  
13 the partnership in any other jurisdiction.

14           **(3)** A statement of change under this section designating a new registered  
15 agent is an affirmation of fact by the limited liability partnership or registered  
16 foreign limited liability partnership that the agent has consented to serve.

17           **(4)** As an alternative to using the procedure in this section, a limited liability  
18 partnership may amend its statement of qualification.

19           **178.0910 Resignation of registered agent.** (1) A registered agent may  
20 resign as an agent for a limited liability partnership or registered foreign limited  
21 liability partnership by delivering to the department for filing a statement of  
22 resignation that states all of the following:

23           (a) The name of the partnership or foreign partnership.

24           (b) The name of the agent.

**ASSEMBLY BILL 837**

1 (c) That the agent resigns from serving as registered agent for the partnership  
2 or foreign partnership.

3 (d) The address of the partnership or foreign partnership to which the agent  
4 will send the notice required by sub. (3).

5 (2) The resignation under sub. (1) is effective and, if applicable, the registered  
6 office is discontinued on the earlier of the following:

7 (a) Sixty days after the department receives the statement of resignation for  
8 filing.

9 (b) The date on which the appointment of a successor registered agent is  
10 effective.

11 (3) A registered agent promptly shall furnish to the limited liability  
12 partnership or registered foreign limited liability partnership notice in a record of  
13 the date on which a statement of resignation was filed.

14 (4) When a statement of resignation takes effect, the registered agent ceases  
15 to have responsibility under this chapter for any matter thereafter tendered to it as  
16 agent for the limited liability partnership or registered foreign limited liability  
17 partnership. The resignation does not affect any contractual rights the partnership  
18 or foreign partnership has against the agent or that the agent has against the  
19 partnership or foreign partnership.

20 (5) A registered agent may resign with respect to a limited liability partnership  
21 or registered foreign limited liability partnership whether or not the partnership or  
22 foreign partnership is in good standing.

23 **178.0911 Change of name or address by registered agent.** (1) If the name  
24 of a registered agent changes or if the street address of a registered agent's office  
25 changes, the registered agent may change the name of the registered agent or street

**ASSEMBLY BILL 837****SECTION 18**

1 address of the registered office of any limited liability partnership or foreign limited  
2 liability partnership for which he, she, or it is the registered agent. To make the  
3 change under this subsection, the registered agent shall notify the partnership or  
4 foreign partnership in writing of the change and deliver to the department for filing  
5 a statement of change that recites that the partnership or foreign partnership has  
6 been notified of the change and states all of the following:

7 (a) The name of the partnership or foreign partnership represented by the  
8 registered agent.

9 (b) The name and address of the agent as currently shown in the records of the  
10 department for the partnership or foreign partnership.

11 (c) The new name, new address, or both, of the agent.

12 (2) A registered agent promptly shall furnish notice to the represented limited  
13 liability partnership or registered foreign limited liability partnership of the filing  
14 by the department of the statement of change and the changes made by the  
15 statement.

16 **178.0912 Service of process, notice, or demand.** (1) A limited liability  
17 partnership or registered foreign limited liability partnership may be served with  
18 any process, notice, or demand required or permitted by law by serving its registered  
19 agent.

20 (2) Except as provided in sub. (3), if a limited liability partnership or registered  
21 foreign limited liability partnership has no registered agent, or its registered agent  
22 cannot with reasonable diligence be served, the partnership or foreign partnership  
23 may be served by registered or certified mail, return receipt requested, or by similar  
24 commercial delivery service, addressed to the partnership or foreign partnership at

**ASSEMBLY BILL 837**

1 its principal office, as shown on the records of the department on the date of sending.

2 Service is perfected under this subsection at the earliest of the following:

3 (a) The date the partnership or foreign partnership receives the mail or  
4 delivery by the commercial delivery service.

5 (b) The date shown on the return receipt, if signed on the behalf of the  
6 partnership or foreign partnership.

7 (c) Five days after it is deposited in the U.S. mail, or with the commercial  
8 delivery service, if correctly addressed and with sufficient postage or payment.

9 **(3)** If process, notice, or demand in an action cannot be served on a limited  
10 liability partnership or registered foreign limited liability partnership pursuant to  
11 sub. (1) or (2), service may be made by handing a copy to the individual in charge of  
12 any regular place of business of the partnership or foreign partnership if the  
13 individual served is not a plaintiff in the action. If the address of the partnership's  
14 or foreign partnership's principal office cannot be determined from the records of the  
15 department, the partnership or foreign partnership may be served by publishing a  
16 class 3 notice, under ch. 985, in the community where the partnership's or foreign  
17 partnership's principal office or registered office, as most recently designated in the  
18 records of the department, is located.

19 **(4)** Service of process, notice, or demand on a registered agent must be in a  
20 written record.

21 **(5)** Service of process, notice, or demand may be made by other means under  
22 law other than this chapter.

23 **178.0913 Annual report for department.** (1) A limited liability  
24 partnership or registered foreign limited liability partnership shall deliver to the  
25 department for filing an annual report that states all of the following:

**ASSEMBLY BILL 837****SECTION 18**

1 (a) The name of the partnership or registered foreign partnership.

2 (b) The street address of its registered office in this state and the name of its  
3 registered agent at that office.

4 (c) The street address of its principal office.

5 (d) The name of at least one partner.

6 (e) In the case of a foreign partnership, the jurisdiction of its governing law and  
7 any fictitious name adopted under s. 178.1006 (1).

8 **(2)** Information in the annual report must be current as of the date the report  
9 is signed by the limited liability partnership or registered foreign limited liability  
10 partnership.

11 **(3)** (a) A domestic limited liability partnership shall deliver its annual report  
12 to the department in each year following the calendar year in which the domestic  
13 limited liability partnership's statement of qualification became effective, during the  
14 calendar year quarter in which the anniversary date of the statement of  
15 qualification's effective date occurs.

16 (b) A registered foreign limited liability partnership shall deliver its annual  
17 report to the department during the first calendar quarter of each year following the  
18 calendar year in which the foreign limited liability partnership registered to do  
19 business in this state.

20 **(4)** If an annual report does not contain the information required by this  
21 section, the department promptly shall notify the reporting limited liability  
22 partnership or registered foreign limited liability partnership in a record and return  
23 the report to it for correction. If the annual report is corrected to contain the  
24 information required by this section and delivered to the department within 30 days



**ASSEMBLY BILL 837**

1 after the effective date of the notice under s. 178.0103 (6), the annual report is timely  
2 filed.

3 (5) If an annual report contains a registered office or registered agent which  
4 differs from the information shown in the records of the department immediately  
5 before the report becomes effective, the differing information is considered a  
6 statement of change under s. 178.0909.

## SUBCHAPTER X

## FOREIGN LIMITED

## LIABILITY PARTNERSHIP

7  
8  
9  
10 **178.1001 Governing law.** (1) The governing law of a foreign limited liability  
11 partnership governs all of the following:

12 (a) The internal affairs of the partnership.

13 (b) The liability of a partner as partner for a debt, obligation, or other liability  
14 of the foreign partnership.

15 (2) A foreign limited liability partnership is not precluded from registering to  
16 do business in this state because of any difference between its governing law and the  
17 law of this state.

18 (3) Registration of a foreign limited liability partnership to do business in this  
19 state does not authorize the foreign partnership to engage in any business or exercise  
20 any power that a limited liability partnership may not engage in or exercise in this  
21 state.

22 **178.1002 Registration to do business in this state.** (1) A foreign limited  
23 liability partnership may not do business in this state until it registers with the  
24 department under this chapter.

**ASSEMBLY BILL 837****SECTION 18**

1           **(2)** A foreign limited liability partnership doing business in this state may not  
2 maintain an action or proceeding in this state unless it has registered to do business  
3 in this state.

4           **(3)** The failure of a foreign limited liability partnership to register to do  
5 business in this state does not impair the validity of a contract or act of the foreign  
6 partnership or its title to property in this state or preclude it from defending an action  
7 or proceeding in this state.

8           **(4)** A limitation on the liability of a partner of a foreign limited liability  
9 partnership is not waived solely because the foreign partnership does business in  
10 this state without registering to do business in this state.

11           **(5)** Section 178.1001 (1) and (2) applies even if a foreign limited liability  
12 partnership fails to register under this subchapter.

13           **(5m)** (a) A foreign limited liability partnership that does business in this state  
14 without registering to do business in this state is liable to this state, for each year  
15 or any part of a year during which it did business in this state without registration,  
16 in an amount equal to all of the following:

17           1. All fees and other charges that would have been imposed by this chapter on  
18 the foreign limited liability partnership had it properly filed a foreign registration  
19 statement as required by this section and thereafter filed all reports required by this  
20 chapter.

21           2. Fifty percent of the amount owed under subd. 1 or \$5,000, whichever is less.

22           (b) The foreign limited liability partnership shall pay the amount owed under  
23 par. (a) to the department, and the department may not file a foreign registration  
24 statement for the foreign limited liability partnership until the amount owed is paid.

**ASSEMBLY BILL 837**

1 The attorney general may enforce a foreign limited liability partnership's obligation  
2 to pay to the department any amount owed under this subsection.

3 **178.1003 Foreign registration statement.** To register to do business in this  
4 state, a foreign limited liability partnership must deliver a foreign registration  
5 statement to the department for filing. The statement must state all of the following:

6 (1) The name of the partnership and, if the name does not comply with s.  
7 178.0902 (3), a fictitious name adopted pursuant to s. 178.1006 (1).

8 (2) That the partnership is a foreign limited liability partnership.

9 (3) The jurisdiction of the partnership's governing law.

10 (4) The street and mailing addresses of the partnership's principal office and,  
11 if the partnership's governing law requires the partnership to maintain an office in  
12 the jurisdiction of such governing law, the street and mailing addresses of the  
13 required office.

14 (5) The address of the partnership's registered office in this state and the name  
15 of its registered agent at that office.

16 **178.1004 Amendment or cancellation of foreign registration**  
17 **statement.** A registered foreign limited liability partnership shall deliver to the  
18 department for filing an amendment to, or cancellation of, as appropriate, its foreign  
19 registration statement if there is a change in any of the following:

20 (1) The name of the partnership.

21 (1r) The cessation of the partnership's status as a foreign limited liability  
22 partnership.

23 (2) The jurisdiction of the partnership's governing law.

24 (3) An address required by s. 178.1003 (4).

**ASSEMBLY BILL 837****SECTION 18**

1           (4) The information required by s. 178.1003 (5), unless such information has  
2 previously been changed pursuant to s. 178.0909 or 178.0913 (5).

3           **178.1005 Activities not constituting doing business.** (1) Activities of a  
4 foreign limited liability partnership which do not constitute doing business in this  
5 state under this subchapter include all of the following:

6           (a) Maintaining, defending, mediating, arbitrating, or settling an action or  
7 proceeding.

8           (b) Carrying on any activity concerning its internal affairs, including holding  
9 meetings of its partners.

10          (c) Maintaining accounts in financial institutions.

11          (d) Maintaining offices or agencies for the transfer, exchange, and registration  
12 of securities of the partnership or maintaining trustees or depositaries with respect  
13 to those securities.

14          (e) Selling through independent contractors.

15          (f) Soliciting or obtaining orders by any means if the orders require acceptance  
16 outside this state before they become contracts.

17          (g) Creating or acquiring indebtedness, mortgages, or security interests in  
18 property.

19          (h) Securing or collecting debts or enforcing mortgages or security interests in  
20 property securing the debts and holding, protecting, or maintaining property.

21          (i) Conducting an isolated transaction that is not in the course of similar  
22 transactions.

23          (j) Owning, without more, property.

24          (k) Doing business in interstate commerce.

**ASSEMBLY BILL 837**

1           (2) A person does not do business in this state solely by being a partner of a  
2 foreign limited liability partnership that does business in this state.

3           (3) This section does not apply in determining the contacts or activities that  
4 may subject a foreign limited liability partnership to service of process, taxation, or  
5 regulation under law of this state other than this chapter.

**178.1006 Noncomplying name of foreign limited liability partnership.**

6           (1) A foreign limited liability partnership whose name does not comply with s.  
7 178.0902 (3) may not register to do business in this state until it adopts, for the  
8 purpose of doing business in this state, a fictitious name that complies with s.  
9 178.0902 (3). After registering to do business in this state with a fictitious name, the  
10 partnership shall only do business in this state under the fictitious name.

11           (2) If a registered foreign limited liability partnership changes its name to one  
12 that does not comply with s. 178.0902 (3), it may not do business in this state until  
13 it complies with sub. (1) by amending its registration to adopt a fictitious name that  
14 complies with s. 178.0902 (3).  
15

16           **178.1007 Withdrawal deemed on conversion to or merger into**  
17 **domestic filing entity or domestic limited liability partnership.** A registered  
18 foreign limited liability partnership that converts to, or merges into, a domestic  
19 limited liability partnership or to or into a domestic entity whose formation requires  
20 the delivery of a record to the department for filing is deemed to have withdrawn its  
21 registration on the effective date of the conversion or merger, unless the registration  
22 is transferred to such partnership pursuant to s. 178.1009.

23           **178.1008 Withdrawal on dissolution or conversion to nonfiling entity**  
24 **other than limited liability partnership.** (1) (a) A registered foreign limited  
25 liability partnership that has dissolved and completed winding up or has converted

**ASSEMBLY BILL 837****SECTION 18**

1 to, or merged into, a domestic or foreign entity whose formation does not require the  
2 delivery of a record for filing by the department, other than a limited liability  
3 partnership, shall deliver a statement of withdrawal to the department for filing, as  
4 provided in s. 178.1011.

5 (b) In the case of a merger or conversion, the statement under par. (a) must also  
6 state the name and type of entity to which or into which the partnership has  
7 converted or merged and the jurisdiction of its governing law.

8 (2) After a withdrawal under this section is effective, service of process in any  
9 action or proceeding based on a cause of action arising during the time the foreign  
10 limited liability partnership was registered to do business in this state may be made  
11 pursuant to s. 178.0912, as provided in s. 178.1011 (2).

12 **178.1009 Transfer of registration.** (1) When a registered foreign limited  
13 liability partnership has merged into a foreign entity that is not registered to do  
14 business in this state or has converted to a foreign entity required to register with  
15 the department to do business in this state, the foreign entity shall deliver to the  
16 department for filing an application for transfer of registration. The application  
17 must state all of the following:

18 (a) The name of the registered foreign limited partnership before the merger  
19 or conversion.

20 (b) That before the merger or conversion the registration pertained to a foreign  
21 limited liability partnership.

22 (c) The name of the applicant foreign entity into which the foreign limited  
23 liability partnership has merged or to which it has been converted and, if the name  
24 does not comply with s. 178.0902 (3), a fictitious name adopted pursuant to s.  
25 178.1006 (1).

**ASSEMBLY BILL 837**

1 (d) The type of entity of the applicant foreign entity and the jurisdiction of its  
2 governing law.

3 (e) The street and mailing addresses of the principal office of the applicant  
4 foreign entity and, if the partnership's governing law requires the entity to maintain  
5 an office in the jurisdiction of that governing law, the street and mailing addresses  
6 of that office.

7 (f) The street address of the applicant foreign entity's registered office in this  
8 state and the name of its registered agent at that address.

9 (2) When an application for transfer of registration takes effect, the  
10 registration of the foreign limited liability partnership to do business in this state is  
11 transferred without interruption to the foreign entity into which the partnership has  
12 merged or to which it has been converted.

13 **178.10101 Grounds for revocation.** (1) Except as provided in sub. (2), the  
14 department may bring a proceeding under s. 178.10102 to revoke the statement of  
15 foreign registration of a foreign limited liability partnership authorized to do  
16 business in this state if any of the following applies:

17 (a) The foreign limited liability partnership fails to file its annual report with  
18 the department within 4 months after it is due.

19 (b) The foreign limited liability partnership does not pay, within 4 months after  
20 they are due, any fees or penalties due the department under this chapter.

21 (c) The foreign limited liability partnership is without a registered agent or  
22 registered office in this state for at least 6 months.

23 (d) The foreign limited liability partnership does not inform the department  
24 under s. 178.0909 or 178.0910 that its registered agent or registered office has

**ASSEMBLY BILL 837****SECTION 18**

1 changed, that its registered agent has resigned, or that its registered office has been  
2 discontinued, within 6 months of the change, resignation, or discontinuance.

3 (e) The foreign limited liability partnership's statement of foreign registration  
4 contains fraudulent or materially false information.

5 (f) The department receives a duly authenticated certificate from the secretary  
6 of state or other official having custody of partnership records in the jurisdiction of  
7 the foreign limited liability partnership's governing law stating that it has been  
8 dissolved or disappeared as the result of a merger or other event.

9 (g) The foreign limited liability partnership violates s. 940.302 (2) or 948.051  
10 (2).

11 (2) If the department receives a certificate under sub. (1) (f) and a statement  
12 by the foreign limited liability partnership that the certificate is submitted to  
13 terminate its authority to do business in this state, the department shall revoke the  
14 foreign limited liability partnership's foreign registration statement under s.  
15 178.10102 (2) (b).

16 (3) A court may revoke under s. 946.87 the statement of foreign registration  
17 of a foreign limited liability partnership authorized to transact business in this state.  
18 The court shall notify the department of the action, and the department shall revoke  
19 the foreign limited liability partnership's statement of foreign registration under s.  
20 178.10102.

21 **178.10102 Procedure for and effect of revocation.** (1) If the department  
22 determines that one or more grounds exist under s. 178.10101 for revocation of a  
23 statement of foreign registration, the department may give the foreign limited  
24 liability partnership notice of the determination. The notice shall be in writing and  
25 addressed to the registered office of the foreign limited liability partnership.



**ASSEMBLY BILL 837**

1           **(2)** (a) Within 60 days after the notice under sub. (1) takes effect under s.  
2           178.0103 (6), the foreign limited liability partnership shall, with respect to each  
3           ground for revocation, either correct it or demonstrate to the reasonable satisfaction  
4           of the department that it does not exist.

5           (b) If the foreign limited liability partnership fails to satisfy par. (a), the  
6           department may revoke the foreign limited liability partnership's statement of  
7           foreign registration by entering a notation in the department's records to reflect each  
8           ground for revocation and the effective date of the revocation. The department shall  
9           give the foreign limited liability partnership notice of each ground for revocation and  
10          the effective date of the revocation. The notice shall be in writing and addressed to  
11          the registered office of the foreign limited liability partnership.

12          (c) 1. The department shall reinstate the statement of foreign registration if the  
13          foreign limited liability partnership does all of the following within 6 months after  
14          the effective date of the revocation:

15               a. Corrects each ground for revocation.

16               b. Pays any fees or penalties due the department under this chapter or \$5,000,  
17          whichever is less.

18          2. A reinstatement under this paragraph shall relate back to and take effect  
19          as of the effective date of the revocation, and the foreign limited liability partnership  
20          may resume carrying on its business as if the revocation never occurred.

21          **(3)** (a) If a notice under sub. (1) or (2) (b) is returned to the department as  
22          undeliverable, the department shall again give notice to the foreign limited liability  
23          partnership. Except as provided under par. (b), the notice shall be in writing and  
24          addressed to the principal office of the foreign limited liability partnership.

**ASSEMBLY BILL 837****SECTION 18**

1 (b) If the notice under par. (a) is returned to the department as undeliverable  
2 or if the foreign limited liability partnership's principal office cannot be determined  
3 from the records of the department, the department shall give notice by posting the  
4 notice on the department's Internet site.

5 (4) The authority of a foreign limited liability partnership to transact business  
6 in this state, other than as provided in s. 178.1005 (1) and (2), ends on the effective  
7 date of the revocation of its statement of foreign registration.

8 (5) If the department or a court revokes a foreign limited liability partnership's  
9 statement of foreign registration, the foreign limited liability partnership may be  
10 served under 178.0912 (2) or (3) or the foreign limited liability partnership's  
11 registered agent may be served until the registered agent's authority is terminated,  
12 in any civil, criminal, administrative, or investigatory proceeding based on a cause  
13 of action which arose while the foreign limited liability partnership was authorized  
14 to do business in this state.

15 (6) Revocation of a foreign limited liability partnership's statement of foreign  
16 registration does not terminate the authority of its registered agent.

17 **178.10103 Appeal from revocation.** (1) A foreign limited liability  
18 partnership may appeal the department's revocation of its statement of foreign  
19 registration under s. 178.10102 to the circuit court for the county where the foreign  
20 limited liability partnership's principal office or, if none in this state, its registered  
21 office is located, within 30 days after the notice of revocation takes effect under s.  
22 178.0103 (6). The foreign limited liability partnership shall appeal by petitioning the  
23 court to set aside the revocation and attaching to the petition copies of its statement  
24 of foreign registration and the department's notice of revocation.

**ASSEMBLY BILL 837**

1           (2) The court may order the department to reinstate the statement of foreign  
2 registration or may take any other action that the court considers appropriate.

3           (3) The court's final decision may be appealed as in other civil proceedings.

4           **178.1011 Withdrawal of registration of registered foreign limited**  
5 **liability partnership.** (1) A registered foreign limited liability partnership may  
6 withdraw its registration by delivering a statement of withdrawal to the department  
7 for filing. The statement of withdrawal must state all of the following:

8           (a) The name of the partnership and the jurisdiction of its governing law.

9           (b) That the partnership is not doing business in this state and that it  
10 withdraws its registration to do business in this state.

11           (c) That the partnership revokes the authority of its registered agent to accept  
12 service on its behalf and that it consents to service of process under sub. (2) in any  
13 civil, criminal, administrative, or investigatory proceeding based on a cause of action  
14 arising during the time the partnership was registered to do business in this state.

15           (d) The mailing address of its principal office or, if it has no principal office, an  
16 address to which service of process may be made under sub. (2), and a commitment  
17 to notify the department in the future of any change in such address.

18           (2) After the withdrawal of the registration of a foreign limited liability  
19 partnership, service of process in any action or proceeding based on a cause of action  
20 arising during the time the partnership was registered to do business in this state  
21 may be made pursuant to s. 178.0912.

22           **178.1012 Action by attorney general.** The attorney general may maintain  
23 an action to enjoin a foreign limited liability partnership from doing business in this  
24 state in violation of this subchapter.

**ASSEMBLY BILL 837**

MERGER, INTEREST EXCHANGE,  
CONVERSION, AND DOMESTICATION

**178.1101 Definitions.** In this subchapter:

(1) “Acquired entity” means the entity all of one or more classes or series of interests of which are acquired in an interest exchange.

(2) “Acquiring entity” means the entity that acquires all of one or more classes or series of interests of the acquired entity in an interest exchange.

(2m) “Constituent entity” means a merging entity or a surviving entity in a merger.

(3) “Conversion” means a transaction authorized by ss. 178.1141 to 178.1145.

(4) “Converted entity” means the converting entity as it continues in existence after a conversion.

(5) “Converting entity” means an entity that engages in a conversion.

(8) “Domesticated entity” means the domesticating entity as it continues in existence after a domestication.

(9) “Domesticating entity” means either a non-United States entity or a Wisconsin partnership that engages in a domestication.

(10) “Domestication” means a transaction authorized by ss. 178.1151 to 178.1155.

(16) “Interest” means any of the following:

(a) A share in a business corporation.

(b) A membership in a nonprofit corporation.

(c) A partnership interest in a general partnership.

(d) A partnership interest in a limited partnership.

(e) A membership interest in a limited liability company.

**ASSEMBLY BILL 837**

- 1 (f) A membership interest or stock in a general cooperative association.
- 2 (g) A membership interest in a limited cooperative association.
- 3 (h) A membership in an unincorporated nonprofit association.
- 4 (i) A beneficial interest in a statutory trust, business trust, or common-law  
5 business trust.
- 6 (j) A comparable interest in any other type of unincorporated entity.
- 7 **(17)** “Interest exchange” means a transaction authorized by ss. 178.1131 to  
8 178.1135.
- 9 **(18)** “Interest holder” means any of the following:
- 10 (a) A shareholder of a business corporation.
- 11 (b) A member of a nonprofit corporation.
- 12 (c) A general partner of a general partnership.
- 13 (d) A general partner of a limited partnership.
- 14 (e) A limited partner of a limited partnership.
- 15 (f) A member of a limited liability company.
- 16 (g) A member or stockholder of a general cooperative association.
- 17 (h) A member of a limited cooperative association.
- 18 (i) A member of an unincorporated nonprofit association.
- 19 (j) A beneficiary or beneficial owner of a statutory trust, business trust, or  
20 common-law business trust.
- 21 (k) Any other direct holder of an interest.
- 22 **(19)** “Interest holder liability” means any of the following:
- 23 (a) Personal liability for a debt, obligation, or other liability of an entity which  
24 is imposed on a person under any of the following circumstances:

**ASSEMBLY BILL 837****SECTION 18**

1           1. Solely by reason of the status of the person as an interest holder of the entity  
2 under its governing law.

3           2. Under the organizational documents of the entity in accordance with its  
4 governing law which make one or more specified interest holders or categories of  
5 interest holders liable in their capacity as interest holders for all or specified  
6 liabilities of the entity.

7           (b) An obligation of an interest holder of an entity under its organizational  
8 documents to contribute to the entity.

9           **(20)** “Merger” means a transaction authorized by ss. 178.1121 to 178.1125.

10          **(21)** “Merging entity” means an entity that is a party to a merger and exists  
11 immediately before the merger becomes effective.

12          **(22m)** “Non-United States entity” means an entity whose governing law is the  
13 law of any jurisdiction other than the United States or any state, but does not include  
14 an entity that has domesticated under the law of any other state.

15          **(23m)** “Organizational documents” means, with respect to an entity, whether  
16 in a record or, to the extent permitted under the entity’s governing law, other than  
17 in a record, the following or its equivalent under the entity’s governing law:

18           (a) For a domestic or foreign corporation, whether or not for profit, its articles  
19 of incorporation and bylaws.

20           (b) For a domestic or foreign partnership, its partnership agreement and, in the  
21 case of a domestic or foreign limited liability partnership, its statement of  
22 qualification as a limited liability partnership or foreign limited liability  
23 partnership.

24           (c) For a domestic or foreign limited partnership, its certificate of limited  
25 partnership and partnership agreement.

**ASSEMBLY BILL 837**

1 (d) For a domestic or foreign limited liability company, its certificate or articles  
2 of organization and operating agreement.

3 (e) For a business trust, its agreement of trust and declaration of trust.

4 (f) For any other entity, the basic records, agreements, or other items that  
5 create the entity and control its internal governance and the relations among its  
6 interest holders.

7 **(24)** “Plan” means a plan of merger under s. 178.1122, a plan of interest  
8 exchange under s. 178.1132, a plan of conversion under s. 178.1142, or a plan of  
9 domestication under s. 178.1152.

10 **(37)** “Surviving entity” means the entity that continues in existence after or is  
11 created by a merger.

12 **(38)** “Type of entity” means a generic form of entity that is any of the following:

13 (a) Recognized at common law.

14 (b) Recognized under a governing law.

15 **178.1102 Relationship of subchapter to other laws.** (1) This subchapter  
16 does not authorize an act prohibited by, and does not affect the application or  
17 requirements of, law other than this subchapter.

18 **(2)** A transaction effected under this chapter may not create or impair a right,  
19 duty, or obligation of a person under the law of this state, other than this subchapter,  
20 relating to a change in control, takeover, business combination, control-share  
21 acquisition, or similar transaction involving a domestic constituent, acquired, or  
22 converting entity.

23 **178.1103 Existing purpose.**

24 **(2)** Property held for a charitable purpose under the law of this state by a  
25 domestic or foreign entity immediately before a transaction under this subchapter

**ASSEMBLY BILL 837****SECTION 18**

1 becomes effective may not, as a result of the transaction, be diverted from the objects  
2 for which it was donated, granted, devised, or otherwise transferred. An entity that  
3 is or plans to be engaged in a transaction covered by this subchapter may apply to  
4 the circuit court for a determination regarding the transaction's compliance with cy  
5 pres or other law dealing with nondiversion of charitable assets.

6 (3) A bequest, devise, gift, grant, or promise contained in a will or other  
7 instrument of donation, subscription, or conveyance that is made to a merging entity  
8 which is not the surviving entity and that takes effect or remains payable after the  
9 merger inures to the surviving entity.

10 (4) A trust obligation that would govern property if transferred to a  
11 nonsurviving entity applies to property that is transferred to the surviving entity  
12 under this section.

13 **178.1104 Nonexclusivity.** The fact that a transaction under this subchapter  
14 produces a certain result does not preclude the same result from being accomplished  
15 in any other manner permitted by law other than this subchapter.

16 **178.1105 Reference to external facts.** A plan may refer to facts  
17 ascertainable outside the plan if the manner in which the facts will operate upon the  
18 plan is specified in the plan. The facts may include the occurrence of an event or a  
19 determination or action by a person, whether or not the event, determination, or  
20 action is within the control of a party to the transaction.

21 **178.1121 Merger authorized.** (1) One or more domestic partnerships may  
22 merge with or into one or more other constituent entities pursuant to ss. 178.1121  
23 to 178.1125 and a plan of merger if the merger is permitted under the governing law  
24 of each constituent entity and each constituent entity approves the plan of merger  
25 in the manner required by its governing law.



**ASSEMBLY BILL 837**

1           **(2)** One or more other domestic or foreign entities may merge with or into a  
2 domestic partnership pursuant to ss. 178.1121 to 178.1125 and a plan of merger if  
3 the merger is permitted under the governing law of each constituent entity and each  
4 constituent entity approves the plan of merger in the manner required by its  
5 governing law.

6           **178.1122 Plan of merger.** **(1)** A plan of merger must be in a record and  
7 contain all of the following:

8           (a) As to each constituent entity, its name, type of entity, and governing law.

9           (b) The terms and conditions of the merger.

10           (c) The manner and basis of converting the interests in each constituent entity  
11 into interests, securities, or obligations of the surviving entity, rights to acquire such  
12 interests or securities, money, other property, or any combination of the foregoing.

13           (d) If the surviving entity preexists the merger, any proposed amendments to  
14 its organizational documents that are to be in a record immediately after the merger  
15 becomes effective.

16           (e) If the surviving entity is to be created in the merger, any of its organizational  
17 documents that are to be in a record immediately after the merger becomes effective.

18           (f) Any other matters required under the governing law of any constituent  
19 entity.

20           **(2)** In addition to the requirements of sub. (1), a plan of merger may contain  
21 any other provision relating to the merger and not prohibited by law.

22           **178.1123 Approval of merger; amendment; abandonment.** **(1)** Subject  
23 to s. 178.1161, a plan of merger must be approved by a vote or consent of all the  
24 partners of each domestic partnership that is a constituent entity.

**ASSEMBLY BILL 837****SECTION 18**

1           (2) Subject to s. 178.1161, after a plan of merger is approved, and at any time  
2 before a merger becomes effective, the constituent entities may amend the plan of  
3 merger or abandon the merger as provided in the plan of merger or, except as  
4 otherwise provided in the plan of merger, with the same vote or consent as was  
5 required to approve the plan of merger.

6           (3) If, after articles of merger have been delivered to the department for filing  
7 and before the merger becomes effective, the plan of merger is amended in a manner  
8 that requires an amendment to the articles of merger or if the merger is abandoned,  
9 a statement of amendment or abandonment, signed by a constituent entity, must be  
10 delivered to the department for filing before the merger becomes effective. When the  
11 statement of abandonment becomes effective, the merger is abandoned and does not  
12 become effective. The statement of amendment or abandonment must contain all of  
13 the following:

14           (a) The name of each constituent entity.

15           (b) The date on which the articles of merger were filed by the department.

16           (c) The amendment to or the abandonment of the articles of merger.

17           (d) A statement that the amendment or abandonment was approved in  
18 accordance with this section.

19           (4) In addition to approval under sub. (1), a plan of merger must be approved  
20 by each constituent entity that is not a domestic partnership in accordance with any  
21 requirements of its governing law.

22           **178.1124 Filings required for merger; effective date.** (1) After a merger  
23 has been approved with respect to each constituent entity in accordance with its  
24 governing law, the constituent entities shall deliver, or cause to be delivered, to the  
25 department for filing articles of merger setting forth all of the following:

**ASSEMBLY BILL 837**

- 1 (a) The name, type of entity, and governing law of each constituent entity.
- 2 (b) The name, type of entity, and governing law of the surviving entity and, if  
3 the surviving entity is created by the merger, a statement to that effect.
- 4 (c) A statement that the plan of merger has been approved and adopted by each  
5 constituent entity in accordance with its governing law.
- 6 (d) 1. If the surviving entity preexists the merger, any amendments to its  
7 organizational documents under s. 178.1122 (1) (d) that are to be in a public record  
8 under its governing law or, if there are no such amendments, a statement to that  
9 effect.
- 10 2. If the surviving entity is to be created in the merger, any of its organizational  
11 documents under s. 178.1122 (1) (e) that are to be in a public record under its  
12 governing law, including, if the surviving entity is a domestic limited liability  
13 partnership, its statement of qualification.
- 14 (e) A statement that the plan of merger is on file at the principal office of the  
15 surviving entity.
- 16 (f) A statement that upon request the surviving entity will provide a copy of the  
17 plan of merger to any person that was an interest holder of a constituent entity.
- 18 **(2)** In addition to the requirements of sub. (1), the articles of merger may  
19 contain any other provisions relating to the merger, as determined by the constituent  
20 entities in accordance with the plan of merger.
- 21 **(3)** If the surviving entity is a foreign entity that will be required to register to  
22 do business in this state immediately after the merger and it has not previously  
23 registered to do so or been assigned a registration to do so under s. 178.1009, it shall  
24 so register.
- 25 **(4)** A merger takes effect at the effective date and time of the articles of merger.

**ASSEMBLY BILL 837****SECTION 18**

1           **178.1125 Effect of merger. (1)** When a merger becomes effective, all of the  
2 following apply:

3           (a) Each merging entity merges into the surviving entity, and the separate  
4 existence of every constituent entity that is a party to the merger, except the  
5 surviving entity, ceases.

6           (am) 1. Except as provided in this paragraph, no interest holder shall have  
7 interest holder liability with respect to any of the constituent entities.

8           2. If, under the governing law of a constituent entity, one or more of the interest  
9 holders thereof had interest holder liability prior to the merger with respect to the  
10 entity, such interest holder or holders shall continue to have such liability and any  
11 associated contribution or other rights to the extent provided in such governing law  
12 with respect to debts, obligations, and other liabilities of the entity that accrued  
13 during the period or periods in which such interest holder or holders had such  
14 interest holder liability.

15           3. If, under the governing law of the surviving entity, one or more of the interest  
16 holders thereof will have interest holder liability after the merger with respect to the  
17 surviving entity, such interest holder or holders will have such liability and any  
18 associated contribution and other rights to the extent provided in such governing law  
19 with respect to the debts, obligations, and other liabilities of the surviving entity that  
20 accrue on or after the merger.

21           4. This paragraph does not affect liability under any taxation laws.

22           (b) The title to all property owned by each constituent entity is vested in the  
23 surviving entity without transfer, reversion, or impairment.

24           (c) The surviving entity has all debts, obligations, and other liabilities of each  
25 constituent entity.

**ASSEMBLY BILL 837**

1 (d) A civil, criminal, or administrative proceeding pending by or against any  
2 constituent entity may be continued as if the merger did not occur, or the surviving  
3 entity may be substituted in the proceeding for a constituent entity whose existence  
4 ceased.

5 (e) 1. If the surviving entity preexists the merger, its organizational documents  
6 are amended to the extent, if any, provided in the plan of merger and, to the extent  
7 such amendments are to be reflected in a public record, as provided in the articles  
8 of merger.

9 2. If the surviving entity is created in the merger, its organizational documents  
10 are as provided in the plan of merger and, to the extent such organizational  
11 documents are to be reflected in a public record, as provided in the articles of merger.

12 (f) The interests of each constituent entity that are to be converted into  
13 interests, securities, or obligations of the surviving entity, rights to acquire such  
14 interests or securities, money, other property, or any combination of the foregoing,  
15 are converted as provided in the plan of merger, and the former interest holders of  
16 the interests are entitled only to the rights provided to them in the plan of merger  
17 or to their rights, if any, under ss. 178.1161, 179.77, 180.1301 to 180.1331, or  
18 otherwise under the governing law of the constituent entity. All other terms and  
19 conditions of the merger also take effect.

20 (g) Except as prohibited by other law or as otherwise provided in the articles  
21 and plan of merger, all of the rights, privileges, immunities, powers, and purposes  
22 of each constituent entity vest in the surviving entity.

23 (h) Except as otherwise provided in the articles and plan of merger, if a merging  
24 entity is a partnership, limited liability company, or other entity subject to

**ASSEMBLY BILL 837****SECTION 18**

1 dissolution under its governing law, the merger does not dissolve the merging entity  
2 for the purposes of its governing law.

3 (2) (a) When a merger takes effect, the department is the agent of any foreign  
4 surviving entity for service of process in a proceeding to enforce any obligation or the  
5 rights of dissenting shareholders or other interest holders of each domestic  
6 constituent entity.

7 (b) When a merger takes effect, any foreign surviving entity shall promptly pay  
8 to the dissenting or dissociating interest holders of each domestic constituent entity  
9 the amount, if any, to which they are entitled under ss. 178.1161, 179.77, or 180.1301  
10 to 180.1331 or the corresponding provisions of the entity's other governing law.

11 **178.1131 Interest exchange authorized.** (1) A domestic partnership may  
12 acquire all of one or more classes or series of interests of another domestic or foreign  
13 entity pursuant to ss. 178.1131 to 178.1135 and a plan of interest exchange if the  
14 interest exchange is permitted under the governing law applicable to the  
15 partnership and the acquired entity.

16 (2) All of one or more classes or series of interests of a domestic partnership may  
17 be acquired by another domestic or foreign entity pursuant to ss. 178.1131 to  
18 178.1135 and a plan of interest exchange if the interest exchange is permitted under  
19 the governing law applicable to the acquiring entity and the partnership.

20 **178.1132 Plan of interest exchange.** (1) A plan of interest exchange must  
21 be in a record and contain all of the following:

22 (a) As to both the acquiring entity and the acquired entity, its name, type of  
23 entity, and governing law.

24 (b) The terms and conditions of the interest exchange.

**ASSEMBLY BILL 837**

1 (c) The manner and basis of exchanging the interests to be acquired for  
2 interests, securities, or obligations of the surviving entity, rights to acquire such  
3 interests or securities, money, other property, or any combination of the foregoing.

4 (d) Any proposed amendments to the organizational documents of the  
5 acquiring or acquired entity that will take effect when the interest exchange becomes  
6 effective.

7 (e) Any other matters required under the governing law of the acquired or  
8 acquiring entity.

9 (2) In addition to the requirements of sub. (1), a plan of interest exchange may  
10 contain any other provision relating to the interest exchange and not prohibited by  
11 law.

12 **178.1133 Approval of interest exchange; amendment; abandonment.**

13 (1) Subject to s. 178.1161, a plan of interest exchange must be approved by a vote  
14 or consent of all the partners of each domestic partnership that is an acquiring or  
15 acquired entity.

16 (2) Subject to s. 178.1161, after a plan of interest exchange is approved, and at  
17 any time before an interest exchange becomes effective, the acquiring and acquired  
18 entities may amend the plan of interest exchange or abandon the interest exchange  
19 as provided in the plan of interest exchange or, except as otherwise provided in the  
20 plan of interest exchange, with the same vote or consent as was required to approve  
21 the plan of interest exchange.

22 (3) If, after articles of interest exchange have been delivered to the department  
23 for filing and before the interest exchange becomes effective, the plan of interest  
24 exchange is amended in a manner that requires an amendment to the articles of  
25 interest exchange or if the interest exchange is abandoned, a statement of

**ASSEMBLY BILL 837****SECTION 18**

1 amendment or abandonment, signed by either the acquiring entity or the acquired  
2 entity, must be delivered to the department for filing before the interest exchange  
3 becomes effective. When a statement of abandonment becomes effective, the interest  
4 exchange is abandoned and does not become effective. The statement of amendment  
5 or abandonment must contain all of the following:

6 (a) The name of the acquiring and acquired entities.

7 (b) The date on which the articles of interest exchange were filed by the  
8 department.

9 (c) The amendment to or abandonment of the articles of interest exchange.

10 (d) A statement that the amendment or abandonment was approved in  
11 accordance with this section.

12 (4) In addition to approval under sub. (1), a plan of interest exchange must be  
13 approved by any acquiring or acquired entity that is not a domestic partnership in  
14 accordance with any requirements of its governing law.

15 **178.1134 Filings required for interest exchange; effective date. (1)**

16 After an interest exchange has been approved with respect to the acquiring and  
17 acquired entity in accordance with their governing laws, the acquiring entity shall  
18 deliver, or cause to be delivered, to the department for filing articles of interest  
19 exchange setting forth all of the following:

20 (a) The name, type of entity, and governing law of the acquired entity.

21 (b) The name, type of entity, and governing law of the acquiring entity.

22 (c) A statement that the plan of interest exchange has been approved by the  
23 acquired and acquiring entities in accordance with their respective governing laws.

24 (d) Any amendments to the organizational documents of the acquired or  
25 acquiring entity under s. 178.1132 (1) (d) that are to be in a public record under their



**ASSEMBLY BILL 837**

1       respective governing laws or, if there are no such amendments, a statement to that  
2       effect.

3           (e) A statement that the plan of interest exchange is on file at the principal  
4       office of the acquiring entity.

5           (f) A statement that upon request the acquiring entity will provide a copy of the  
6       plan of interest exchange to any person that was an interest holder of the acquired  
7       entity immediately prior to the interest exchange.

8           **(2)** In addition to the requirements of sub. (1), articles of interest exchange may  
9       contain any other provisions relating to the interest exchange, as determined by the  
10      acquiring entity in accordance with the plan of interest exchange.

11          **(3)** An interest exchange takes effect at the effective date and time of the  
12      articles of interest exchange.

13          **178.1135 Effect of interest exchange.** **(1)** When an interest exchange  
14      becomes effective, all of the following apply:

15           (a) The interests in the acquired entity which are the subject of the interest  
16      exchange are exchanged as provided in the plan of interest exchange, and the former  
17      interest holders of those interests are entitled only to the rights provided to them  
18      under the plan of interest exchange or to their rights, if any, under ss. 178.1161,  
19      179.77, 180.1301 to 180.1331, or otherwise under the governing law of the acquired  
20      entity. All other terms and conditions of the interest exchange also take effect.

21           (b) The acquiring entity becomes the interest holder of the interests which are  
22      the subject of the interest exchange as provided in the plan of interest exchange.

23           (c) The provisions of the organizational documents of the acquiring and  
24      acquired entity are amended to the extent, if any, provided in the plan of interest

**ASSEMBLY BILL 837****SECTION 18**

1 exchange and to the extent such amendments are to be reflected in a public record,  
2 as provided in the articles of interest exchange.

3 (2) Except as otherwise provided in the articles and plan of interest exchange,  
4 if the acquired entity is a domestic or foreign partnership, limited liability company,  
5 or other organization subject to dissolution under its governing law, the interest  
6 exchange does not dissolve the acquired entity.

7 (3) (a) Except as provided in this subsection, no interest holder shall have  
8 interest holder liability with respect to either the acquiring or acquired entity.

9 (b) If, under the governing law of either entity, one or more of the interest  
10 holders thereof had interest holder liability prior to the interest exchange with  
11 respect to the entity, such interest holder or holders shall continue to have such  
12 liability and any associated contribution and other rights to the extent provided in  
13 such governing law with respect to debts, obligations, and other liabilities of the  
14 entity that accrued during the period or periods in which such interest holder or  
15 holders had such interest holder liability.

16 (c) If, under the governing law of either entity, one or more of the interest  
17 holders thereof will have interest holder liability after the interest exchange with  
18 respect to the entity, such interest holder or holders shall have such liability and any  
19 associated contribution and other rights to the extent provided in such governing law  
20 with respect to the debts, obligations, and other liabilities of the entity that accrue  
21 on or after the interest exchange.

22 (d) This subsection does not affect liability under any taxation laws.

23 (5) (a) When an interest exchange takes effect, the department is the agent of  
24 any foreign acquiring entity for service of process in a proceeding to enforce any

**ASSEMBLY BILL 837**

1 obligation or the rights of dissenting or other owners of each domestic partnership  
2 that is a party to the interest exchange.

3 (b) When an interest exchange takes effect, any foreign acquiring entity shall  
4 promptly pay to any dissenting or other former owners of each acquired domestic  
5 partnership the amount, if any, to which they are entitled under ss. 178.1161 or  
6 180.1301 to 180.1331, and otherwise comply with the obligations of the acquired  
7 domestic partnership under its governing law.

8 **178.1141 Conversion authorized.** (1) A domestic partnership may convert  
9 to another type of domestic entity, other than a domestic partnership, or to any type  
10 of foreign entity, pursuant to ss. 178.1141 to 178.1145 and a plan of conversion if the  
11 conversion is permitted under the governing law of the converting entity and the  
12 governing law that is to apply to the converted entity.

13 (2) A foreign or domestic entity, other than a domestic partnership, may  
14 convert to a domestic partnership pursuant to ss. 178.1141 to 178.1145 and a plan  
15 of conversion if the conversion is permitted under the governing law of the converting  
16 entity and the converted entity will satisfy the definition of a partnership under this  
17 chapter immediately after the conversion.

18 **178.1142 Plan of conversion.** (1) A plan of conversion must be in a record  
19 and contain all of the following:

20 (a) The name, type of entity, and governing law of the converting entity.

21 (b) The name, type of entity, and governing law of the converted entity.

22 (c) The terms and conditions of the conversion.

23 (d) The manner and basis of converting the interests in the converting entity  
24 into interests, securities, or obligations of the surviving entity, rights to acquire such  
25 interests or securities, money, other property, or any combination of the foregoing.

**ASSEMBLY BILL 837****SECTION 18**

1 (e) The organizational documents of the converted entity that are to be in a  
2 record immediately after the conversion becomes effective.

3 (f) Any other matters required by the governing law of the converting entity.

4 **(2)** In addition to the requirements of sub. (1), a plan of conversion may contain  
5 any other provision relating to the conversion and not prohibited by law.

6 **178.1143 Approval of conversion; amendment; abandonment. (1)**

7 Subject to s. 178.1161, a plan of conversion must be approved by all the partners of  
8 a converting domestic partnership. A plan of conversion into a converted domestic  
9 partnership must be approved pursuant to the governing law of the converting  
10 entity.

11 **(2)** Subject to s. 178.1161, after a plan of conversion is approved, and at any  
12 time before a conversion becomes effective, the converting entity may amend the  
13 plan of conversion or abandon the conversion as provided in the plan of conversion  
14 or, except as otherwise provided in the plan of conversion, with the same vote or  
15 consent as was required to approve the plan of conversion.

16 **(3)** If, after articles of conversion have been delivered to the department for  
17 filing and before the conversion becomes effective, the plan of conversion is amended  
18 in a manner that requires an amendment to the articles of conversion or if the  
19 conversion is abandoned, a statement of amendment or abandonment, signed by the  
20 converting entity, must be delivered to the department for filing before the  
21 conversion becomes effective. When a statement of abandonment becomes effective,  
22 the conversion is abandoned and does not become effective. The statement of  
23 amendment or abandonment must contain all of the following:

24 (a) The name of the converting entity and the converted entity under the plan  
25 of conversion.

**ASSEMBLY BILL 837**

1 (b) The date on which the articles of conversion were filed by the department.

2 (c) The amendment to or abandonment of the articles of conversion.

3 (d) A statement that the amendment or abandonment was approved in  
4 accordance with this section.

5 **178.1144 Filings required for conversion; effective date. (1)** After the  
6 converting entity has approved a plan of conversion in accordance with its governing  
7 law, the converting entity shall deliver, or cause to be delivered, to the department  
8 for filing articles of conversion setting forth all of the following:

9 (a) The name, type of entity, and governing law the converting entity.

10 (b) The name, type of entity, and governing law of the converted entity.

11 (c) A statement that the plan of conversion has been approved and adopted by  
12 the converting entity in accordance with its governing law.

13 (d) Any organizational documents of the converted entity under s. 178.1142 (1)

14 (e) that are to be in a public record under its governing law, including, if the converted  
15 entity is a domestic limited liability partnership, its statement of qualification.

16 (e) A statement that the plan of conversion is on file at the principal office of  
17 the converted entity.

18 (f) A statement that upon request the converted entity will provide a copy of  
19 the plan of conversion to any person that was an interest holder of the converting  
20 entity.

21 **(2)** In addition to the requirements of sub. (1), the articles of conversion may  
22 contain any other provisions relating to the conversion, as determined by the  
23 converting entity in accordance with the plan of conversion.

24 **(3)** If the converted entity is a foreign entity that will be required to register  
25 to do business in this state immediately after the conversion and it has not previously

**ASSEMBLY BILL 837****SECTION 18**

1 registered to do so or been assigned a registration to do so under s. 178.1009, it shall  
2 so register.

3 (4) A conversion takes effect at the effective date and time of the articles of  
4 conversion.

5 **178.1145 Effect of conversion.** (1) When a conversion becomes effective, all  
6 of the following apply:

7 (a) The converting entity continues its existence in the form of the converted  
8 entity and is the same entity that existed before the conversion, except that the  
9 converting entity is no longer subject to the governing law that applied prior to the  
10 conversion and is subject to the governing law of the converted entity.

11 (am) 1. Except as provided in this paragraph, no interest holder shall have  
12 interest holder liability with respect to the converting or converted entity.

13 2. If, under the governing law of the converting entity, one or more of the  
14 interest holders thereof had interest holder liability prior to the conversion with  
15 respect to the converting entity, such interest holder or holders shall continue to have  
16 such liability and any associated contribution and other rights to the extent provided  
17 in such governing law with respect to the debts, obligations, and other liabilities of  
18 the converting entity that accrued during the period or periods in which such interest  
19 holder or holders had such interest holder liability.

20 3. If, under the governing law of the converted entity, one or more of the interest  
21 holders thereof will have interest holder liability after the conversion with respect  
22 to the converted entity, such interest holder or holders will have such liability and  
23 any associated contribution and other rights to the extent provided in such governing  
24 law with respect to the debts, obligations, and other liabilities of the converted entity  
25 that accrue after the conversion.

**ASSEMBLY BILL 837**

1           4. This paragraph does not affect liability under any taxation laws.

2           (b) The title to all property owned by the converting entity is vested in the  
3 converted entity without transfer, reversion, or impairment.

4           (c) The converted entity has all debts, obligations, and other liabilities of the  
5 converting entity.

6           (d) A civil, criminal, or administrative proceeding pending by or against the  
7 converting entity may be continued as if the conversion did not occur, or the  
8 converted entity may be substituted in the proceeding for the converting entity.

9           (e) The organizational documents of the converted entity are as provided in the  
10 plan of conversion and, to the extent such organizational documents are to be  
11 reflected in a public record, as provided in the articles of conversion.

12           (f) The interests of the converting entity that are to be converted into interests,  
13 securities, or obligations of the surviving entity, rights to acquire such interests or  
14 securities, money, other property, or any combination of the foregoing, are converted  
15 as provided in the plan of conversion, and the former interest holders of the  
16 converting entity are entitled only to the rights provided in the plan of conversion or  
17 to their rights, if any, under ss. 178.1161, 179.77, 180.0301 to 180.1331, or otherwise  
18 under the governing law of the converting entity. All other terms and conditions of  
19 the conversion also take effect.

20           (g) Except as prohibited by other law or as otherwise provided in the articles  
21 and plan of conversion, all of the rights, privileges, immunities, powers, and  
22 purposes of the converting entity vest in the converted entity.

23           (h) Except as otherwise provided in the articles and plan of conversion, if the  
24 converting entity is a partnership, limited liability company, or other entity subject

**ASSEMBLY BILL 837****SECTION 18**

1 to dissolution under its governing law, the conversion does not dissolve the  
2 converting entity for the purposes of its governing law.

3 (2) (a) When a conversion takes effect, the department is the agent of any  
4 foreign converted entity for service of process in a proceeding to enforce any  
5 obligation or the rights of dissenting shareholders or other interest holders of any  
6 domestic converting entity.

7 (b) When a conversion takes effect, any foreign converted entity shall promptly  
8 pay to the dissenting or dissociating interest holders of any domestic converting  
9 entity the amount, if any, to which they are entitled under s. 178.1161 or ss.180.1301  
10 to 180.1331 or the corresponding provisions of the entity's other governing law.

11 **178.1151 Domestication authorized.** A domestic partnership may  
12 domesticate as a non-United States entity subject to non-United States governing  
13 law while continuing to be a domestic partnership, and a non-United States entity  
14 may domesticate as a domestic partnership subject to this chapter while continuing  
15 to be an entity subject to its non-United States governing law pursuant to ss.  
16 178.1151 to 178.1155 and a plan of domestication, if the domestication is permitted  
17 under the governing law of the domesticating entity and permitted under the  
18 governing law of the domesticated entity.

19 **178.1152 Plan of domestication. (1)** A plan of domestication must be in a  
20 record and contain all of the following:

21 (a) The name, type of entity, and governing law of the domesticating entity.

22 (b) The name, type of entity, and governing law of the domesticated entity.

23 (c) The terms and conditions of the domestication.

24 (d) The organizational documents of the domesticated entity that are to be in  
25 a record immediately after the domestication becomes effective, including any



**ASSEMBLY BILL 837**

1 proposed amendments to the organizational documents of the domesticating entity  
2 that are to be in a record immediately after the domestication becomes effective.

3 (2) In addition to the requirements of sub. (1), a plan of domestication may  
4 contain any other provision relating to the domestication and not prohibited by law.

5 **178.1153 Approval of domestication; amendment; abandonment. (1)**  
6 Subject to s. 178.1161, a plan of domestication must be approved by all the partners  
7 of a domesticating Wisconsin partnership. A plan of domestication of a  
8 domesticating non-United States entity must be approved pursuant to the  
9 governing law of the domesticating entity.

10 (2) Subject to s. 178.1161, after a plan of domestication is approved, and at any  
11 time before a domestication becomes effective, the domesticating entity may amend  
12 the plan of domestication or abandon the domestication as provided in the plan of  
13 domestication or, except as otherwise provided in the plan of domestication, with the  
14 same vote or consent as was required to approve the plan of domestication.

15 (3) If, after articles of domestication have been delivered to the department for  
16 filing and before the domestication becomes effective, the plan of domestication is  
17 amended in a manner that requires an amendment to the articles of domestication  
18 or if the domestication is abandoned, a statement of amendment or abandonment,  
19 signed by the domesticating entity, must be delivered to the department for filing  
20 before the domestication becomes effective. When a statement of abandonment  
21 becomes effective, the domestication is abandoned and does not become effective.

22 The statement of amendment or abandonment must contain all of the following:

23 (a) The name of the domesticating entity and the domesticated entity under the  
24 plan of domestication.

**ASSEMBLY BILL 837****SECTION 18**

1 (b) The date on which the articles of domestication were filed by the  
2 department.

3 (c) The amendment to or abandonment of the articles of domestication.

4 (d) A statement that the amendment or abandonment was approved in  
5 accordance with this section.

6 **178.1154 Filings required for domestication; effective date.** (1) After  
7 the domesticating entity has approved a plan of domestication in accordance with its  
8 governing law, the domesticating entity shall deliver, or cause to be delivered, to the  
9 department for filing articles of domestication setting forth all of the following:

10 (a) The name, type of entity, and governing law of the domesticating entity.

11 (b) The name, type of entity, and governing law of the domesticated entity.

12 (c) A statement that a plan of domestication has been approved and adopted  
13 by the domesticating entity in accordance with its governing law.

14 (d) Any amendments to the organizational documents of the domesticating  
15 entity and any organizational documents of the domesticated entity under s.  
16 178.1152 (1) (d) that are to be in a public record under their respective governing  
17 laws.

18 (e) A statement that the plan of domestication is on file at the principal office  
19 of the domesticated entity.

20 (f) A statement that upon request the domesticated entity will provide a copy  
21 of the plan of domestication to any person that was an interest holder in the  
22 domesticating entity at the time of the domestication.

23 (2) In addition to the requirements of sub. (1), the articles of domestication may  
24 contain any other provisions relating to the domestication, as determined by the  
25 domesticating entity in accordance with the plan of domestication.

**ASSEMBLY BILL 837**

1           **(3)** A domestication takes effect at the effective date and time of the articles of  
2 domestication.

3           **178.1155 Effect of domestication. (1)** When a domestication becomes  
4 effective, all of the following apply:

5           (a) The domesticating entity becomes a domestic entity under and becomes  
6 subject to the governing law of the jurisdiction in which it has domesticated while  
7 continuing to be a domestic organization under and subject to the governing law of  
8 the domesticating entity.

9           (am) 1. Except as provided in this paragraph, no interest holder shall have  
10 interest holder liability with respect to the domesticating or domesticated entity.

11           2. If, under the governing law of the domesticating entity, one or more of the  
12 interest holders thereof has interest holder liability with respect to the  
13 domesticating entity, such interest holder or holders shall continue to have such  
14 liability and any associated contribution and other rights to the extent provided in  
15 such governing law with respect to the debts, obligations, and other liabilities of the  
16 domesticating entity.

17           3. If, under the governing law of the domesticated entity, one or more of the  
18 interest holders thereof will have interest holder liability after the domestication  
19 with respect to the domesticated entity, such interest holder or holders will have such  
20 liability and associated contribution and other rights to the extent provided in such  
21 governing law with respect to the debts, obligations, and other liabilities of the  
22 domesticated entity that accrue after the domestication.

23           4. This paragraph does not affect liability under any taxation laws.

24           (b) The title to all property owned by the domesticating entity is vested in the  
25 domesticated entity without transfer, reversion, or impairment.

**ASSEMBLY BILL 837****SECTION 18**

1           (c) The domesticated entity has all debts, obligations, or other liabilities of the  
2 domesticating entity.

3           (d) A civil, criminal, or administrative proceeding pending by or against the  
4 domesticating entity may be continued as if the domestication did not occur, or the  
5 domesticated entity may be substituted in the proceeding for the domesticating  
6 entity.

7           (e) The non-United States organizational documents of the domesticated  
8 entity are amended to the extent, if any, provided in the plan of domestication and,  
9 to the extent such amendments are to be reflected in a public record, as provided in  
10 the articles of domestication.

11           (f) The United States organizational documents of the domesticated entity are  
12 as provided in the plan of domestication and, to the extent such organizational  
13 documents are to be reflected in a public record, as provided in the articles of  
14 domestication.

15           (g) Except as prohibited by other law or as otherwise provided in the articles  
16 and plan of domestication, all of the rights, privileges, immunities, powers, and  
17 purposes of the domesticating entity vest in the domesticated entity.

18           **(2)** Except as otherwise provided in the articles and plan of domestication, if  
19 the domesticating entity is a partnership, limited liability company, or other entity  
20 subject to dissolution under its governing law, the domestication does not dissolve  
21 the domesticating entity for the purposes of its governing law.

22           **(3)** A domesticated Wisconsin entity consents to the jurisdiction of the courts  
23 of this state to enforce any debt, obligation, or other liability owed by the  
24 domesticating or domesticated entity.

**ASSEMBLY BILL 837**

1           **178.1161 Restrictions on approval of mergers, interest exchanges,**  
2           **conversions and domestications.** (1) Except as provided in sub. (2), a merger,  
3           interest exchange, conversion, or domestication of a domestic partnership may not  
4           do any of the following with respect to a partner:

5           (a) Materially increase the current or potential obligations of the partner in the  
6           constituent, acquiring, acquired, converting, or domesticating partnership, whether  
7           as a result of becoming subject to interest holder liability with respect to the  
8           obligations of the surviving, acquiring, converted, or domesticated entity as a  
9           consequence of being an owner of the entity, becoming subject to affirmative or  
10          negative obligations under the organizational documents of the entity, becoming  
11          subject to tax on the income of the entity, or otherwise.

12          (b) Treat the partner's interests in the partnership in a manner different from  
13          the interests of the same class held by any other partner.

14          **(2)** Subsection (1) shall not apply with respect to a partner if any of the  
15          following is applicable:

16          (a) The partner consents to the merger, interest exchange, conversion, or  
17          domestication.

18          (b) The partnership offers to have the partner's interest in the partnership  
19          purchased, prior to the merger, interest exchange, conversion, or domestication, in  
20          the manner provided in s. 178.0701 for a partner who has not wrongfully dissociated,  
21          without taking into account any modification of this provision under the partnership  
22          agreement.

## SUBCHAPTER XII

## MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS

**ASSEMBLY BILL 837****SECTION 18**

1           **178.1201 Uniformity of application and construction.** In applying and  
2           construing this chapter, consideration must be given to the need to promote  
3           uniformity of the law with respect to its subject matter among states that enact the  
4           uniform law.

5           **178.1202 Relation to electronic signatures in global and national**  
6           **commerce act.** This chapter modifies, limits, and supersedes the Electronic  
7           Signatures in Global and National Commerce Act, 15 USC 7001 to 7031, but does not  
8           modify, limit, or supersede section 101 (c) of that act, 15 USC 7001 (c), or authorize  
9           electronic delivery of any of the notices described in section 103 (b) of that act, 15 USC  
10          7003 (b).

11          **SECTION 19.** 179.04 (1) (b) of the statutes is renumbered 179.04 (1) (b) (intro.)  
12          and amended to read:

13                179.04 (1) (b) (intro.) An agent for service of process on the limited partnership,  
14                which agent must be ~~an~~ any of the following:

15                    1. An individual resident of this state, ~~a~~.

16                    2. A domestic corporation, nonstock corporation, limited partnership,  
17                    registered limited liability partnership that has in effect a statement of qualification  
18                    under s. 178.0901, or limited liability company, or a foreign corporation, nonstock  
19                    corporation, limited partnership, registered limited liability partnership, or limited  
20                    liability company authorized to do business in this state, whose business office is  
21                    identical with the registered office.

22          **SECTION 20.** 179.065 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:

23                179.065 (2) Section ~~178.07 (2) to (5)~~ 178.0302 (1) (b) and (c) governs the  
24                authority of a general partner to transfer real property if the property is not in the

**ASSEMBLY BILL 837**

1 name of the limited partnership or if the conveyance is not executed in the name of  
2 the limited partnership.

3 **SECTION 21.** 179.10 of the statutes is renumbered 179.10 (1).

4 **SECTION 22.** 179.10 (2) of the statutes is created to read:

5 179.10 (2) Except when inconsistent with the provisions of this chapter, the  
6 provisions of ch. 178 also apply to a limited partnership.

7 **SECTION 23.** 179.70 (2) and (3) of the statutes are amended to read:

8 179.70 (2) "Domestic business entity" means a corporation, as defined in s.  
9 180.0103 (5), a limited liability company, as defined in s. 183.0102 (10), a  
10 partnership, as defined in s. 178.0102 (11), a limited partnership, or a corporation,  
11 as defined in s. 181.0103 (5).

12 (3) "Foreign business entity" means a foreign limited liability company, as  
13 defined in s. 183.0102 (8), a foreign partnership, as defined in s. 178.0102 (6), a  
14 foreign limited partnership, a foreign corporation, as defined in s. 180.0103 (9), or a  
15 foreign corporation, as defined in s. 181.0103 (13).

16 **SECTION 24.** 179.76 (5) (bm) of the statutes is repealed.

17 **SECTION 25.** 179.76 (5m) of the statutes is repealed.

18 **SECTION 26.** 179.77 (5) (bm) of the statutes is repealed.

19 **SECTION 27.** 179.77 (5r) of the statutes is repealed.

20 **SECTION 28.** 179.82 (4) of the statutes is renumbered 179.82 (4) (intro.) and  
21 amended to read:

22 179.82 (4) (intro.) The name and address of an agent for service of process on  
23 the foreign limited partnership, who must be ~~an~~ any of the following:

24 (a) An individual resident of this state,~~a~~.

**ASSEMBLY BILL 837****SECTION 28**

1           **(b)** A domestic corporation, nonstock corporation, limited partnership,  
2 registered limited liability partnership ~~that has in effect a statement of qualification~~  
3 under s. 178.0901, or limited liability company, or a foreign corporation, nonstock  
4 corporation, limited partnership, registered limited liability partnership, or limited  
5 liability company authorized to do business in this state, whose business office is  
6 identical with the registered office.

7           **SECTION 29.** 180.0121 (1) (a) 4. of the statutes is amended to read:

8           180.0121 (1) (a) 4. An application for a certificate of conversion under s.  
9 180.1161 (5). ~~The form prescribed under this subdivision shall indicate that if the~~  
10 ~~business entity that is to be converted has a fee simple ownership interest in~~  
11 ~~Wisconsin real estate, the entity is required to file a report with the department of~~  
12 ~~revenue under s. 73.14.~~

13           **SECTION 30.** 180.0121 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:

14           180.0121 (2) The department may prescribe and furnish on request forms for  
15 other documents required or permitted to be filed by this chapter, but use of these  
16 forms is not mandatory. ~~If the department prescribes a form for articles of merger~~  
17 ~~under s. 180.1105, the form shall indicate that if a business entity that is acquired~~  
18 ~~in the merger has a fee simple ownership interest in Wisconsin real estate, the~~  
19 ~~business entity that survives the merger is required to file a report with the~~  
20 ~~department of revenue under s. 73.14.~~

21           **SECTION 31.** 180.0501 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:

22           180.0501 (2) A domestic corporation, a nonstock corporation, a limited  
23 partnership, a registered limited liability partnership, or a limited liability company,  
24 incorporated, ~~registered,~~ or organized in this state or that has in effect a statement



**ASSEMBLY BILL 837**

1 of qualification under s. 178.0901, whose business office is identical with the  
2 registered office.

3 **SECTION 32.** 180.1100 (2) and (3) of the statutes are amended to read:

4 180.1100 (2) “Domestic business entity” means a corporation, a limited liability  
5 company, as defined in s. 183.0102 (10), a partnership, as defined in s. 178.0102 (11),  
6 a limited partnership, as defined in s. 179.01 (7), or a corporation, as defined in s.  
7 181.0103 (5).

8 (3) “Foreign business entity” means a foreign limited liability company, as  
9 defined in s. 183.0102 (8), a foreign partnership, as defined in s. 178.0102 (6), a  
10 foreign limited partnership, as defined in s. 179.01 (4), a foreign corporation, as  
11 defined in s. 180.0103 (9), or a foreign corporation, as defined in s. 181.0103 (13).

12 **SECTION 33.** 180.1161 (5) (bm) of the statutes is repealed.

13 **SECTION 34.** 180.1507 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:

14 180.1507 (2) A domestic corporation, a nonstock corporation, a limited  
15 partnership, a registered limited liability partnership, or a limited liability company,  
16 incorporated, ~~registered~~, or organized in this state or that has in effect a statement  
17 of qualification under s. 178.0901, whose business office is identical with the  
18 registered office.

19 **SECTION 35.** 181.0121 (1) (a) 4. of the statutes is amended to read:

20 181.0121 (1) (a) 4. An application for a certificate of conversion under s.  
21 181.1161 (5). ~~The form prescribed under this subdivision shall indicate that if the~~  
22 ~~business entity that is to be converted has a fee simple ownership interest in~~  
23 ~~Wisconsin real estate, the entity is required to file a report with the department of~~  
24 ~~revenue under s. 73.14.~~

25 **SECTION 36.** 181.0121 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:

**ASSEMBLY BILL 837****SECTION 36**

1           181.0121 (2) PERMISSIVE FORMS. The department may prescribe and furnish on  
2 request forms for other documents required or permitted to be filed by this chapter,  
3 but use of these forms is not mandatory. ~~If the department prescribes a form for~~  
4 ~~articles of merger under s. 181.1105, the form shall indicate that if a business entity~~  
5 ~~that is acquired in the merger has a fee simple ownership interest in Wisconsin real~~  
6 ~~estate, the business entity that survives the merger is required to file a report with~~  
7 ~~the department of revenue under s. 73.14.~~

8           **SECTION 37.** 181.0501 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:

9           181.0501 (2) DOMESTIC ENTITIES. A domestic corporation, stock corporation,  
10 limited partnership, ~~registered~~ limited liability partnership, or limited liability  
11 company, incorporated, ~~registered~~, or organized in this state or that has in effect a  
12 statement of qualification under s. 178.0901, whose business office is identical with  
13 the registered office.

14           **SECTION 38.** 181.1100 (2) and (3) of the statutes are amended to read:

15           181.1100 (2) “Domestic business entity” means a corporation, as defined in s.  
16 180.0103 (5), a limited liability company, as defined in s. 183.0102 (10), a  
17 partnership, as defined in s. 178.0102 (11), a limited partnership, as defined in s.  
18 179.01 (7), or a corporation, as defined in s. 181.0103 (5).

19           (3) “Foreign business entity” means a foreign limited liability company, as  
20 defined in s. 183.0102 (8), a foreign partnership, as defined in s. 178.0102 (6), a  
21 foreign limited partnership, as defined in s. 179.01 (4), a foreign corporation, as  
22 defined in s. 180.0103 (9), or a foreign corporation, as defined in s. 181.0103 (13).

23           **SECTION 39.** 181.1105 (1m) of the statutes is repealed.

24           **SECTION 40.** 181.1161 (5) (bm) of the statutes is repealed.

25           **SECTION 41.** 181.1507 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:

**ASSEMBLY BILL 837**

1           181.1507 (2) DOMESTIC ENTITIES. A domestic corporation, stock corporation,  
2           limited partnership, registered limited liability partnership, or limited liability  
3           company, incorporated, ~~registered,~~ or organized in this state or that has in effect a  
4           statement of qualification under s. 178.0901, whose business office is identical with  
5           the registered office.

6           **SECTION 42.** 182.01 (3) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:

7           182.01 (3) (intro.) NAME OF DRAFTER ON DOCUMENTS. No articles of incorporation,  
8           articles of organization, articles of amendment, articles of merger, consolidation or  
9           share exchange, articles of dissolution, restated articles of incorporation, certificate  
10          of abandonment, or statement or articles of revocation of voluntary dissolution,  
11          provided for pursuant to ch. 180, 181, 183, 185, 187, or 193; no ~~registration~~  
12          ~~statement, amendment of a registration statement, or written notice of withdrawal~~  
13          statement of qualification or amendment or cancellation of a statement of  
14          qualification under s. ~~178.40~~ 178.0901 or articles of merger, interest exchange,  
15          conversion, or domestication under ch. 178; and no certificate of limited partnership,  
16          certificate of amendment, restated certificate of limited partnership or certificate of  
17          cancellation, provided for pursuant to ch. 179, shall be filed by the department unless  
18          the name of the individual who, or the governmental agency which, drafted such  
19          document is printed, typewritten, stamped or written thereon in a legible manner.  
20          A document complies with this subsection if it contains a statement in the following  
21          form: "This document was drafted by.... (Name)". This subsection shall not apply to  
22          a document executed prior to December 1, 1967, or to:

23          **SECTION 43.** 182.01 (7) of the statutes is repealed.

24          **SECTION 44.** 183.0105 (1) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

**ASSEMBLY BILL 837****SECTION 44**

1           183.0105 (1) (b) A domestic corporation, limited liability company, limited  
2 partnership, ~~registered limited liability partnership, or corporation organized or~~  
3 ~~registered in this state~~ or that has in effect a statement of qualification under s.  
4 178.0901, whose business office is identical with the registered office.

5           **SECTION 45.** 183.0109 (1) (a) 5. of the statutes is amended to read:

6           183.0109 (1) (a) 5. An application for a certificate of conversion under s.  
7 183.1207 (5). ~~The form prescribed under this subdivision shall indicate that if the~~  
8 ~~business entity that is to be converted has a fee simple ownership interest in~~  
9 ~~Wisconsin real estate, the entity is required to file a report with the department of~~  
10 ~~revenue under s. 73.14.~~

11           **SECTION 46.** 183.0109 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:

12           183.0109 (2) The department may prescribe, and furnish on request, forms for  
13 other documents required or permitted to be filed by this chapter, but use of these  
14 forms is not mandatory. ~~If the department prescribes a form for articles of merger~~  
15 ~~under s. 183.1204, the form shall indicate that if a business entity that is acquired~~  
16 ~~in the merger has a fee simple ownership interest in Wisconsin real estate, the~~  
17 ~~business entity that survives the merger is required to file a report with the~~  
18 ~~department of revenue under s. 73.14.~~

19           **SECTION 47.** 183.1200 (2) and (3) of the statutes are amended to read:

20           183.1200 (2) “Domestic business entity” means a corporation, as defined in s.  
21 180.0103 (5), a domestic limited liability company, a partnership, as defined in s.  
22 178.0102 (11), a limited partnership, as defined in s. 179.01 (7), or a corporation, as  
23 defined in s. 181.0103 (5).

24           (3) “Foreign business entity” means a foreign limited liability company, a  
25 foreign partnership, as defined in s. 178.0102 (6), a foreign limited partnership, as

**ASSEMBLY BILL 837**

1 defined in s. 179.01 (4), a foreign corporation, as defined in s. 180.0103 (9), or a  
2 foreign corporation, as defined in s. 181.0103 (13).

3 **SECTION 48.** 183.1204 (1) (cm) of the statutes is repealed.

4 **SECTION 49.** 183.1207 (5) (bm) of the statutes is repealed.

5 **SECTION 50.** 244.49 (9) of the statutes is amended to read:

6 244.49 (9) Join in a plan of reorganization, consolidation, conversion, interest  
7 exchange, domestication, or merger of the entity or business.

8 **SECTION 51.** 766.01 (9) (d) of the statutes is amended to read:

9 766.01 (9) (d) The property rights, as specified and described in ss. ~~178.21 and~~  
10 ~~178.22~~ 178.0401 (1), 178.0501, and 178.0502, of a partner in a general partnership  
11 are “held” by the partner.

12 **SECTION 52.** 815.18 (13) (e) of the statutes is amended to read:

13 815.18 (13) (e) Partnership property ~~exempt under s. 178.21 (3) (e), as~~  
14 described in ss. 178.0203 and 178.0204.

15 **SECTION 53. Nonstatutory provisions.**

16 (1) Using the procedure under section 227.24 of the statutes, the department  
17 of financial institutions may promulgate rules authorized under section 178.0120 (2)  
18 of the statutes, as created by this act, for the period before the effective date of a  
19 permanent rule promulgated under section 178.0120 (2) of the statutes, as created  
20 by this act, but not to exceed the period authorized under section 227.24 (1) (c) of the  
21 statutes, subject to extension under section 227.24 (2) of the statutes.  
22 Notwithstanding section 227.24 (1) (a), (2) (b), and (3) of the statutes, the department  
23 is not required to provide evidence that promulgating a rule under this subsection  
24 as an emergency rule is necessary for the preservation of the public peace, health,

**ASSEMBLY BILL 837**

**SECTION 53**

1 safety, or welfare and is not required to provide a finding of emergency for a rule  
2 promulgated under this subsection.

3 **SECTION 54. Effective dates.** This act takes effect on the first day of the 4th  
4 month beginning after publication, except as follows:

5 (1) SECTION 53 (1) of this act takes effect on the day after publication.

6 (END)