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LRB-4637/1 SWB:emw

2017 ASSEMBLY BILL 655

November 14, 2017 - Introduced by Representatives Bernier, Novak, Meyers, Kolste, Petryk, Edming, Doyle, Berceau, Steffen, Fields, Anderson, Mursau, Horlacher, Summerfield, Thiesfeldt, Krug, E. Brooks, Considine, Subeck, Tittl, Loudenbeck, Sargent, Macco, Felzkowski, Spiros, Ripp, Crowley, Sinicki, Brostoff, Kulp, Goyke, Kooyenga, Bowen and Spreitzer, cosponsored by Senators Harsdorf, Olsen, Johnson, Marklein, Miller, Ringhand, Bewley and Hansen. Referred to Committee on Family Law.

- $rac{1}{2}$ AN ACT to amend 54.10 (3) (a) 4. and 54.10 (3) (b); and to create chapter 53, 54.10
 - (2) (b) 9m. and 115.807 (4) of the statutes; **relating to:** supported decision-making agreements.

Analysis by the Legislative Reference Bureau

This bill allows an adult with a functional impairment to create a supported decision-making agreement to allow another person, referred to as a "supporter," to assist the adult with certain decision-making by providing assistance with one or more of the following: 1) understanding the options, responsibilities, and consequences of the adult's life decisions, without making the decision for the adult; 2) accessing, collecting, and obtaining information that is relevant to a given life decision, including medical, psychological, financial, educational, or treatment records; 3) understanding that information once it is obtained; or 4) communicating the adult's life decisions to the appropriate people. Under the bill, a designated supporter is not a surrogate decision maker for the adult and is not authorized to sign legal documents for the adult or bind the adult to a legal agreement. The supporter has only the authority granted by the adult under the terms of the supported decision-making agreement. Execution of a supported decision-making agreement does not preclude an adult with a functional impairment from acting independently of the agreement, nor may the agreement be used as evidence of incapacity or incompetency.

The bill requires the Department of Health Services to prepare and provide access to a supported decision-making form and information regarding supported

decision-making. Under the bill, a supported decision-making agreement must be in writing, in substantially the form provided under the bill, entered into voluntarily, and signed and dated either before at least two adult witnesses or a notary public in order to be valid.

The bill provides immunity for persons under certain circumstances, including a person whose act or failure to act is done in good faith and in reliance on a supported decision-making agreement. The bill provides, however, that there is no immunity from actions alleging that a health care provider caused personal injury as a result of a negligent, reckless, or intentional act, acted inconsistently with the expressed wishes of an adult with a functional impairment, failed to provide information to either an adult with a functional impairment or his or her supporter that would be necessary for informed consent, or otherwise acted inconsistently with applicable law. In addition, under the bill, the existence or availability of a supported decision-making agreement does not relieve a health care provider of any legal obligation to provide services to individuals with disabilities.

Finally, under the bill, if a person who receives a copy of a supported decision-making agreement or who is aware of the existence of a supported decision-making agreement has reason to believe that the adult with a functional impairment is being abused, neglected, or exploited by the supporter, that person may report the issue to an appropriate elder-at-risk agency, adult-at-risk agency, state or local law enforcement, or DHS. This bill does not eliminate or limit a person's existing obligation to report such circumstances under any other statute or regulation.

For further information see the *state and local* fiscal estimate, which will be printed as an appendix to this bill.

The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

1	Section 1. Chapter 53 of the statutes is created to read:
2	CHAPTER 53
3	SUPPORTED DECISION-MAKING
4	AGREEMENTS
5	SUBCHAPTER I
6	DEFINITIONS AND
7	GENERAL PROVISIONS
8	53.01 Definitions. In this chapter:

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1	(1) "Abuse" has the meaning given in s. 46.90 (1) (a).
2	(2) "Functional impairment" means any of the following:
3	(a) A physical, developmental, or mental condition that substantially limits one
4	or more of an individual's major life activities, including any of the following:
5	1. Capacity for independent living.
6	2. Self direction.
7	3. Self care.
8	4. Mobility.
9	5. Communication.
10	6. Learning.
11	(b) Impairment as defined under s. 54.01 (14).
12	(c) Other like incapacities as defined under s. 54.01 (22).
13	(3) "Financial exploitation" has the meaning given in s. $46.90 (1) (ed)$.
14	(4) "Health care provider" has the meaning given in s. 155.01 (7).
15	(5) "Neglect" has the meaning given in s. 46.90 (1) (f).
16	(6) "Supported decision-making" means a process of supporting and
17	accommodating an adult with a functional impairment to enable the adult to make
18	life decisions, including decisions related to where the adult wants to live, the
19	services, supports, and medical care the adult wants to receive, whom the adult
20	wants to live with, and where the adult wants to work, without impeding the
21	self-determination of the adult.
22	(7) "Supported decision-making agreement" is an agreement between an adult
23	with a functional impairment and a supporter entered into under this chapter.
24	(8) "Supporter" means an adult who is willing to enter into an agreement with

an adult with a functional impairment to provide supported decision-making.

53.03 Agreement not evidence of incapacity or incompetency.
Execution of a supported decision–making agreement may not be used as evidence
of incapacity or incompetency and does not preclude an adult with a functional
impairment who has entered into such an agreement from acting independently of
the agreement.
SUBCHAPTER II
SCOPE OF AGREEMENT

AND AGREEMENT REQUIREMENTS

- **53.10 Scope.** (1) If an adult with a functional impairment decides voluntarily, without coercion, to enter into a supported decision-making agreement with a supporter, that adult may, in the agreement, authorize the supporter to do any of the following:
- (a) Provide supported decision-making to the adult with a functional impairment, including assistance in understanding the options, responsibilities, and consequences of that person's life decisions, without making those decisions on behalf of that person.
- (b) Assist the adult with a functional impairment in accessing, collecting, and obtaining information that is relevant to a given life decision, including medical, psychological, financial, educational, or treatment records, from any person.
- (c) Assist the adult with a functional impairment in understanding the information described in par. (b).
- (d) Assist the adult with a functional impairment in communicating the adult's decisions to appropriate persons.
- (2) A supporter is not a surrogate decision maker for the adult with a functional impairment and does not have the authority to sign legal documents on behalf of the

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agreement.

decision-making agreement.

1 adult with a functional impairment or bind the adult with a functional impairment to a legal agreement. 2 3 **53.12** Authority of supporter. A supporter may exercise the authority granted to the supporter in the supported decision-making agreement. 4 5 **53.14 Term of agreement; revocation.** (1) Except as otherwise provided 6 in this section, a supported decision-making agreement extends until terminated by 7 either party or by the terms of the agreement. 8 (2) A supported decision-making agreement is terminated if any of the following are true: 9 10 (a) County adult protective services substantiated an allegation of neglect or 11 abuse by the supporter. (b) The supporter is found criminally liable for conduct described under par. (a). 12 (c) There is a restraining order against the supporter as described under s. 13 14 813.123. 15 (3) An adult with a functional impairment may revoke his or her supported

decision-making agreement and invalidate the supported decision-making

the supported decision-making agreement or directing another in the presence of

the adult with a functional impairment to so destroy the supported decision-making

a functional impairment, expressing his or her intent to revoke the supported

(a) Canceling, defacing, obliterating, burning, tearing, or otherwise destroying

(b) Executing a statement, in writing, that is signed and dated by the adult with

agreement at any time by doing any of the following:

- (c) Verbally expressing the intent of the adult with a functional impairment to revoke the supported decision–making agreement, in the presence of 2 witnesses.
- (4) Unless the supported decision-making agreement provides a different method for the supporter's resignation, a supporter may resign by giving notice to the adult with a functional impairment.
- **53.16** Access to personal information. (1) A supporter is only authorized to assist the adult with a functional impairment in accessing, collecting, or obtaining information that is relevant to a decision authorized under the supported decision–making agreement.
- (2) A supporter may assist with accessing or obtaining any information that will help the adult with a functional impairment make health care decisions, including medical, psychological, financial, education, or treatment records or research under ss. 51.30 and 146.83 and the federal Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996, 45 CFR 164.502. A supporter may only access or obtain patient health care records, as defined under s. 146.81 (4), if the adult with a functional impairment has signed a release allowing the supporter to see protected health information, as defined under s. 146.816 (1) (f).
- (3) A supporter may assist with accessing or obtaining any information on education records under the federal Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act of 1974, 20 USC 1232g, if the adult with a functional impairment has signed a release allowing the supporter to access information under this subsection.
- (4) The supporter shall ensure the information under this section is kept privileged and confidential, as applicable, and is not subject to unauthorized access, use, or disclosure.

(5) Notwithstanding the existence of a supported decision-making agreement
an adult with a functional impairment continues to have unrestricted access to
personal information without the assistance of a supporter.
(6) Notwithstanding the existence of a supported decision-making agreement,
an adult with a functional impairment is able to request and receive assistance on
any decision that is not covered under the supported decision-making agreement at
any time.
53.18 Authorization and witnesses. (1) An adult with a functional
impairment and his or her supporter entering into a supported decision-making
agreement must sign and date the agreement in the presence of 2 or more subscribing
witnesses or a notary public.
(2) If the adult with a functional impairment and his or her supporter choose
to sign and date the supported decision-making agreement before witnesses, the
attesting witnesses must be at least 18 years of age.
53.20 Supported decision-making agreement instrument; form. (1) A
supported decision-making agreement is valid if it is in writing, entered into
voluntarily as described under s. 53.10, signed and dated as described under s. 53.18
and in substantially the following form:
SUPPORTED
DECISION-MAKING AGREEMENT
APPOINTMENT OF SUPPORTER
I, (insert name), make this agreement voluntarily and of my own free will.
I agree and designate that
Name of supporter
Address of supporter

1	E-mail address of supporter
2	Phone number(s) of supporter
3	is my supporter. For the following everyday life decisions, if I have checked
4	"Yes," my supporter may help me with that type of decision, but if I have checked
5	"No," my supporter may not help me with that type of decision:
6	Obtaining food, clothing, and shelter — Yes No
7	Taking care of my physical health — Yes No
8	Managing my financial affairs — Yes No
9	Taking care of my mental health — Yes No
10	Applying for public benefits — Yes No
11	Assistance with seeking vocational rehabilitation services and other vocational
12	supports — Yes No
13	The following are other decisions I have specifically identified that I would like
14	assistance with
15	If I have not checked either "Yes" or "No" or specifically identified and listed a
16	decision immediately above, my supporter may not help me with that type of
17	decision.
18	My supporter is not allowed to make decisions for me. To help me with my
19	decisions, my supporter may do any of the following, if I have checked "Yes":
20	1. Help me access, collect, or obtain information, including records, relevant to
21	a decision. If I have checked "Yes," my supporter may help me access, collect, or
22	obtain the type of information specified, including relevant records, but if I have
23	checked "No," or I have not checked either "Yes" or "No," my supporter may not help
24	me access, collect, or obtain that type of information:
25	Medical — Yes No

1	Psychological — Yes No
2	Financial — Yes No
3	Education — Yes No
4	Treatment — Yes No
5	Other — Yes No (If "Yes," specify the other type(s) of information with
6	which the supporter may assist)
7	2. Help me understand my options so I can make an informed decision.
8	Yes No
9	3. Help me communicate my decision to appropriate persons.
10	Yes No
11	4. Help me access appropriate personal records, including protected health
12	information under the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act, the
13	Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act, and other records that may or may not
14	require a release for specific decisions I want to make.
15	Yes No
16	EFFECTIVE DATE OF SUPPORTED
17	DECISION-MAKING AGREEMENT
18	This supported decision-making agreement is effective immediately and will
19	continue until (insert date), or until the agreement is terminated by my supporter
20	or me or by operation of law.
21	(print) Name of person designating a supporter
22	Signature
23	Date
24	CONSENT OF SUPPORTER

1	I know (name of person) personally or I have received proof of his or her
2	identity and I believe him or her to be at least 18 years of age and entering this
3	agreement knowingly and voluntarily. I am at least 18 years of age.
4	I, (name of supporter), consent to act as a supporter under this agreement.
5	Supporter:
6	(print) Name
7	Address
8	E-mail address
9	Phone number(s)
10	Signature
11	Date
12	STATEMENT AND SIGNATURE
13	OF WITNESSES OR
14	SIGNATURE OF NOTARY
15	(This agreement must be signed either by 2 witnesses who are at least 18 years
16	of age or by a notary public.)
17	OPTION I: WITNESSES
18	I know (name of person) personally or I have received proof of his or her
19	identity and I believe him or her to be at least 18 years of age and entering this
20	agreement knowingly and voluntarily. I am at least 18 years of age.
21	Witness No. 1:
22	(print) Name
23	Address
24	Phone number(s)
25	Signature

1	Date
2	Witness No. 2:
3	(print) Name
4	Address
5	Phone number(s)
6	Signature
7	Date
8	OPTION II: NOTARY PUBLIC
9	State of
10	County of
11	This document was acknowledged before me on (date), by (name of adul-
12	with a functional impairment) and (name of supporter).
13	Signature of notary
14	(Seal, if any, of notary)
15	Printed name
16	My commission expires:
17	(2) The department of health services shall prepare and provide access to a
18	supported decision-making agreement instrument and accompanying information
19	for adults with functional impairments, family members of adults with functiona
20	impairments, education professionals and school districts, health care and socia
21	service professionals, county clerks, and local bar associations. The department may
22	charge a reasonable fee for the cost of preparation and distribution.
23	SUBCHAPTER III
24	DUTY OF CERTAIN PERSONS
25	WITH RESPECT TO AGREEMENT

- **53.30** Reliance on agreement; limitation of liability. (1) A person who receives the original or a copy of a supported decision-making agreement shall rely on the agreement, except if the person has cause to believe that the adult with a functional impairment is being abused, neglected, unduly influenced, or financially exploited by the supporter as described under s. 53.32.
- (2) A person is not subject to criminal or civil liability and has not engaged in professional misconduct for an act or omission if the act or omission is done in good faith and in reliance on a supported decision-making agreement.
- (3) Any health care provider that respects and acts consistently with the authority given to a supporter by a duly executed supported decision-making agreement shall be immune from any action alleging that the agreement was invalid unless the entity, custodian, or organization had actual knowledge or notice that the adult with a functional impairment had revoked such authorization, that the agreement was invalid, or that the supporter had committed abuse, neglect, or financial exploitation as described in s. 53.14 (2) (a).
- (4) Any health care provider that provides health care based on the consent of an adult with a functional impairment, made with supports and services provided through a duly executed supported decision-making agreement, shall be immune from any action alleging that the adult with a functional impairment lacked capacity to provide informed consent unless the entity, custodian, or organization had actual knowledge or notice that the adult with a functional impairment had revoked such authorization, that the agreement was invalid, or that the supporter had committed abuse, neglect, or financial exploitation as described in s. 53.14 (2) (a).
- (5) Any public or private entity, custodian, or organization that discloses personal information about an adult with a functional impairment to a supporter

- who is authorized to access, collect, or obtain or assist the adult with a functional impairment in accessing, collecting, or obtaining that information shall be immune from any action alleging that it improperly or unlawfully disclosed such information to the supporter unless the entity, custodian, or organization had actual knowledge that the adult with a functional impairment had revoked such authorization.
- **(6)** This section may not be construed to provide immunity from actions alleging that a health care provider has done any of the following:
- (a) Caused personal injury as a result of a negligent, reckless, or intentional act.
- (b) Acted inconsistently with the expressed wishes of an adult with a functional impairment.
- (c) Failed to provide information to either an adult with a functional impairment or his or her supporter that would be necessary for informed consent.
 - (d) Otherwise acted inconsistently with applicable law.
- (7) The existence or availability of a supported decision-making agreement does not relieve a health care provider of any legal obligation to provide services to individuals with disabilities, including the obligation to provide reasonable accommodations or auxiliary aids and services, including interpretation services and communication supports to individuals with disabilities under the federal Americans with Disabilities Act.
- (8) A supporter acting in the context of a valid supported decision-making agreement is immune from civil liability for his or her acts or omissions in performing duties as the supporter if he or she performs the duties in good faith, in conformance with the supported decision-making agreement or document of the adult with a

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functional impairment, and with the degree and prudence that an ordinarily pruder
person exercises in his or her own affairs.

53.32 Reporting of suspected abuse, neglect, or financial exploitation.

- (1) If a person who receives a copy of a supported decision-making agreement or is aware of the existence of a supported decision-making agreement has cause to believe that the adult with a functional impairment is being abused, neglected, or financially exploited by the supporter, the person may report under s. 46.90 or 55.043 the alleged abuse, neglect, or financial exploitation.
- (2) Nothing in this section may be construed as eliminating or limiting a person's requirement to report under any other statute or regulation.

Section 2. 54.10 (2) (b) 9m. of the statutes is created to read:

54.10 (2) (b) 9m. Whether any alternatives to guardianship, including supported decision-making under ch. 53, have been attempted, and, if applicable, the degree to which they have been attempted, the length of time they have been attempted, and whether they have been attempted in a manner sufficient to demonstrate that alternatives to guardianship are insufficient to enable the individual to adequately exercise the right or rights in question.

Section 3. 54.10 (3) (a) 4. of the statutes is amended to read:

54.10 (3) (a) 4. The individual's need for assistance in decision making or communication is unable to be met effectively and less restrictively through appropriate and reasonably available training, education, support services, health care, assistive devices, a supported decision-making agreement under ch. 53, or other means that the individual will accept.

SECTION 4. 54.10 (3) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

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54.10 (3) (b) Unless the proposed ward is unable to communicate decisions
effectively in any way, the determination under par. (a) may not be based on mere old
age, eccentricity, poor judgment, or physical disability, or the existence of a supported
decision-making agreement.
Section 5. 115.807 (4) of the statutes is created to read:
115.807 (4) The local educational agency shall provide the individual and the
individual's parents with information on supported decision-making under ch. 53,
other alternatives to guardianship, and strategies to remain engaged in the
individual's secondary education.

10 (END)